2022

Annual Report

Clear Creek / Standley Lake Watershed Agreement

July 28, 2023

2022 Clear Creek Watershed Annual Report

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Submitted to the Water Quality Control Commission by:

Black Hawk/Central City Sanitation District
Central Clear Creek Sanitation District
Church Ditch Water Authority
City of Arvada
City of Black Hawk
City of Golden
City of Idaho Springs
City of Northglenn
City of Thornton
City of Westminster
Clear Creek County
Clear Creek Skiing Corporation
Climax Molybdenum Company/Henderson Operations
Colorado Department of Transportation
Farmers' High Line Canal and Reservoir Company
Farmers' Reservoir and Irrigation Company
Molson Coors Brewing Company
Gilpin County
Jefferson County
St. Mary's Glacier Water and Sanitation District
Town of Empire
Town of Georgetown
Town of Silver Plume
Upper Clear Creek Watershed Association

Report photographs contributed by the Cities of Westminster, Thornton, and Northglenn; and the Upper Clear Creek Watershed Association.

Cover photo by: Bob Krugmire

Prepared by:
Trea Nance, City of Westminster

2022

Highlights

- ***Stakeholders continued to focus resources on protecting and enhancing water quality in the Clear Creek watershed and Standley Lake.***
- ***The chlorophyll** a **standard was once again met in 2022.***
- ***Hypoxia in the hypolimnion was longer than average and resulted in the highest reported total phosphorus value at the bottom of Standley Lake during the 2005 to 2022 period of record.***
- ***Chlorophyll** a **observations were below average, and average Secchi measurements were above average.***

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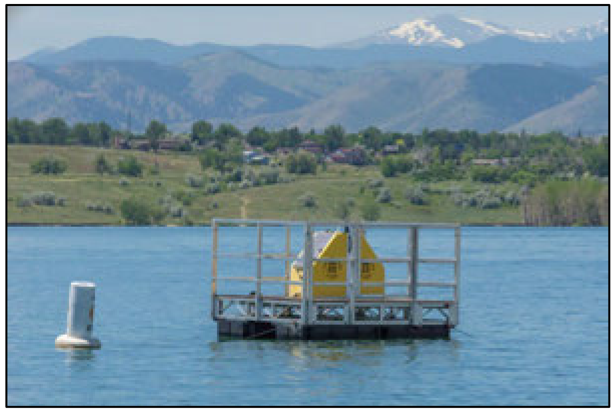


Standley Lake profiler

PURPOSE OF REPORT

This report provides a summary of the accomplishments and collaborative efforts to enhance and protect water quality in the Clear Creek Watershed and Standley Lake in 2022. This document fulfills the reporting requirements set forth in the Clear Creek Standley Lake Watershed Agreement, providing results of the effectiveness of best management practices (BMPs) and control efforts, as well as results from the monitoring program in 2022. Additional information pertaining to the agreement, monitoring plan, and in-depth water-quality analyses, are included in the <u>Supplemental Information sections.</u>

Snowy Egret at Standley Lake

1. THE 1993 AGREEMENT

In 1993, the Clear Creek/Standley Lake Watershed Agreement (1993 Agreement) was signed by a contingent of governmental and private entities to address water-quality issues and concerns within the Clear Creek watershed, specifically as they affect the water quality in Standley Lake. The 1993 Agreement shaped the Watershed Monitoring Program and has resulted in a long-term, robust data set that is used to assess compliance with water-quality standards, monitor the success of water-quality actions, and inform future projects. To further efforts to protect Standley Lake water quality, a numeric chlorophyll *a* standard was implemented in 2009.

Chlorophyll a Standard

In 2009, the Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) adopted a numeric chlorophyll a *standard for Standley Lake. A 4.0 µg/L chlorophyll* a *standard was established as a protective measure for this drinking water supply reservoir. The standard is evaluated on an annual basis using the average of the nine monthly averages of observed data for the period from March through November.*

Narrative Standard

In 1994, the WQCC adopted a proposal for a narrative standard. The narrative standard was slightly modified in 2009, and states that "the trophic status of Standley Lake be maintained as mesotrophic" (WQCC, 2009).

Standley Lake looking west

2. THE SETTING

CLEAR CREEK WATERSHED AND THE UPPER BASIN

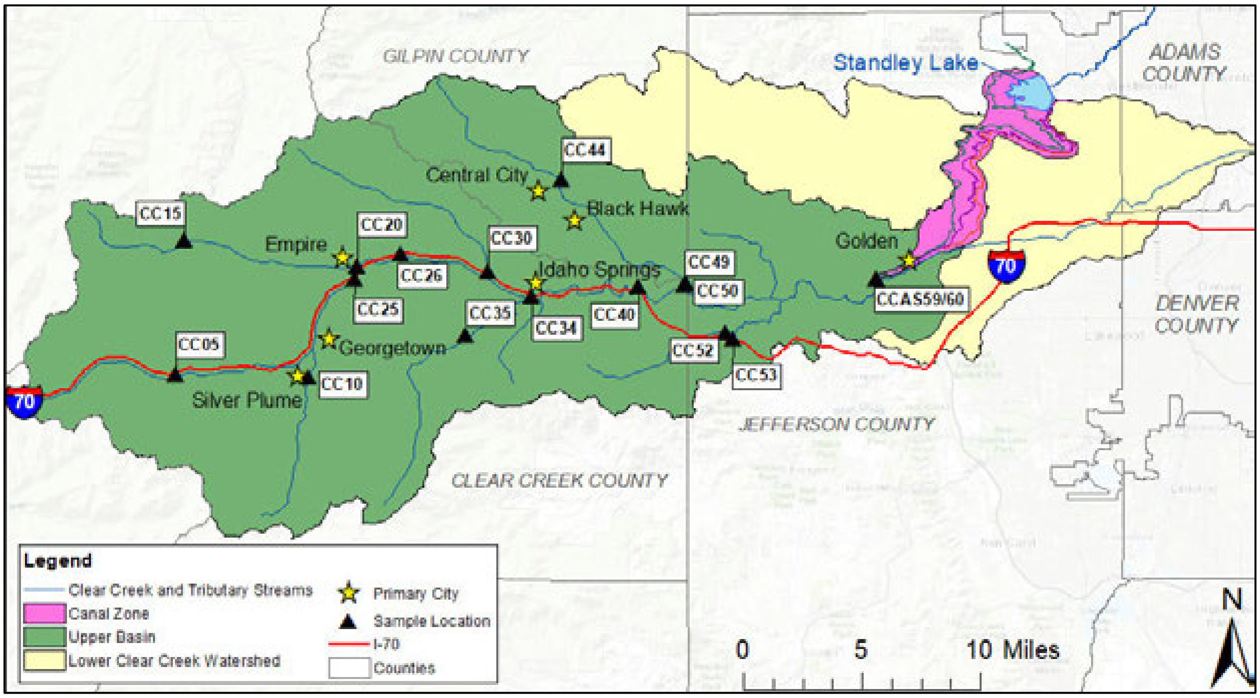


Figure 1. The Standley Lake Watershed: Upper Basin and Canal Zone

Clear Creek in Golden

The Upper Clear Creek Watershed covers 450 square miles and is located west of Denver, Colorado, with headwaters at the Continental Divide (Figure 1). The Upper Basin of the watershed is the portion above the headgates for three of the canals supplying Standley Lake. It extends from the headwaters downstream to the City of Golden. In addition to supplying drinking water for 350,000 residents in the watershed (including the Cities of Golden, Northglenn, Thornton and Westminster), Clear Creek provides water for recreational, agricultural, and industrial purposes.

CANAL ZONE

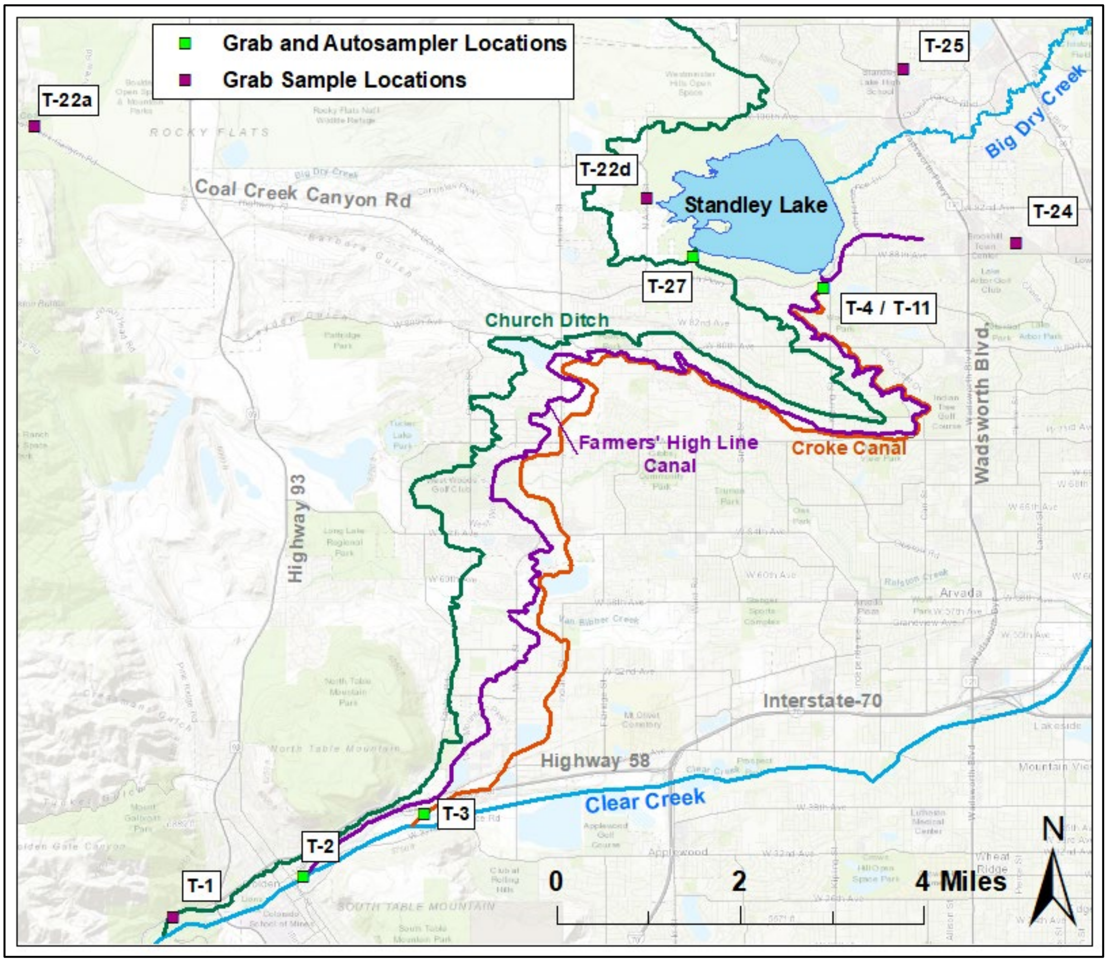


Figure 2. The Canal Zone Showing the Three Canals that Divert Water from Clear Creek to Standley Lake

The Canal Zone is the drainage area that includes three canals that divert water from Clear Creek into Standley Lake: Church Ditch (Church), Farmers' High Line Canal (FHL), and the Croke Canal (Croke) (Figure 2). The three canals are low-gradient, earthen, open, and unlined. They are subject to non-point source loading from adjacent horse and cattle operations, other agricultural activities, and residential properties (some with on-site wastewater treatment systems, OWTS [septic tanks]). To protect Standley Lake's water quality, efforts have been made since the 1990s to reduce the majority of stormwater inputs and runoff into the delivery canals. As a result, ~80% of stormwater inputs have been hydrologically disconnected from the canals. The Kinnear Ditch Pipeline (KDPL), which provides flow from the Fraser River, South Boulder Creek, and Coal Creek, also contributes water to Standley Lake (< 6% annually on average). The four inflows and their associated typical diversion seasons are provided in Table 1.

Table 1. Inflow Sources and Diversion Seasons

Inflow	Diversion Season
FHL	April 14 – October 31
Croke	October 31 – April 14
Church	April 14 – October 31
KDPL	Year Round

2. THE SETTING

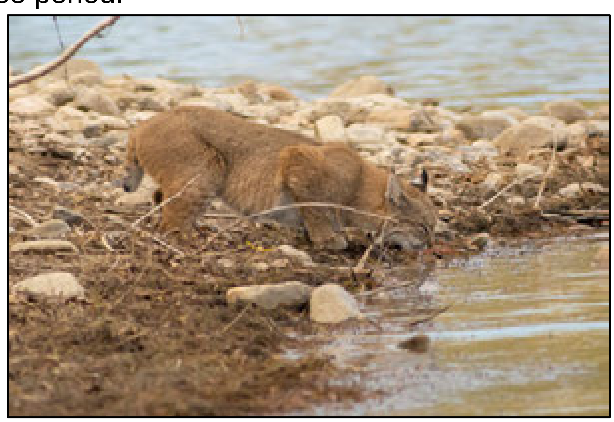
Standley Lake

STANDLEY LAKE

Aerial image of Standley Lake

Standley Lake is a municipal and agricultural reservoir located in Jefferson County, Colorado. Construction of the dam was completed in 1912. In 1963, the City of Westminster expanded the reservoir to its current storage capacity of nearly 43,000 acre-feet. The reservoir is a direct-use drinking water supply for over 300,000 consumers in Northglenn, Thornton, and Westminster. The reservoir also provides various recreational opportunities and irrigation water to farms located in Adams and Weld counties. Standley Lake is owned and operated by the Farmers' Reservoir and Irrigation Company (FRICO) and is the third largest reservoir in the Denver metropolitan area, covering approximately 1,200 acres. Standley Lake receives the majority of its inflows from the Clear Creek Watershed via three canals. Through the Watershed Monitoring Program, the reservoir is monitored regularly during the ice-free period.

American Avocets on Standley Lake



Bobcat drinking from Standley Lake

MONITORING IN THE UPPER BASIN

Flow measurements are collected at four locations and water-quality samples are collected at 15 stations throughout the watershed to monitor the concentrations of nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus), select metals, and other key constituents. Upper Basin monitoring activities have been designed to evaluate the relative contributions of various nutrient sources, the effectiveness of BMPs, wastewater treatment facility (WWTF) operational changes, and nutrient reductions from WWTF upgrades.

The Watershed Monitoring Program uses a combination of ambient grab samples, 24-hour ambient composite samples, and the automated collection of composite event samples to assess water quality. In 2022, a total of 71 samples were collected in the Upper Basin of the watershed (Table 2).

Table 2. Samples Collected in the Upper Basin, 2022

Type of Sample	Total Number of Samples Collected
Grab samples	43
Ambient composites	27
Storm-triggered composites	1

Sample Types for the Upper Basin

Grab samples *provide a water-quality snapshot in time.*

Composite samples *provide a more complete picture of water-quality fluctuations over the course of the 24-hour sampling period. Two types of composite samples are collected:*

- ***Ambient samples*** *are collected on a periodic basis over a 24-hour period during base flow.*
- ***Event samples*** *are collected during storms when elevated turbidity/conductivity triggers the autosamplers.*

Clear Creek at CC26 (Lawson), looking west

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES AND REGULATION 85

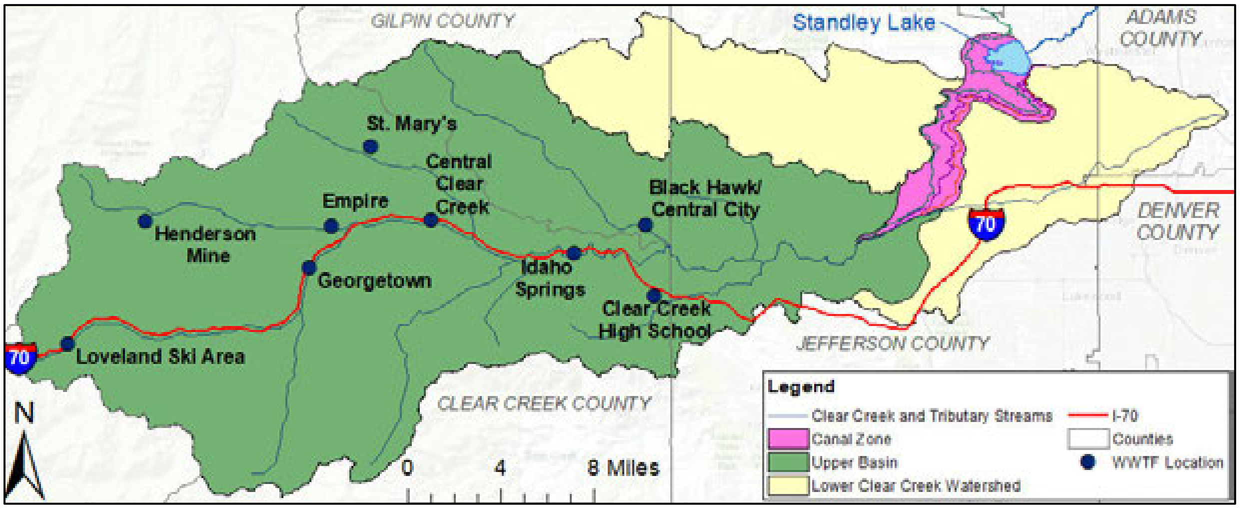


Figure 3. WWTF Locations in the Upper Basin

> **Regulation 85**
>
> *In 2012, the Water Quality Control Commission (WQCC) adopted Regulation 85 (CDPHE, 2012), the Nutrients Management Control Regulation, which establishes numeric limits for nutrient concentrations in WWTF effluent.*

Of the nine WWTFs in the Upper Basin (Figure 3), only the Black Hawk / Central City Sanitation District facility (design capacity of 2.0 MGD) is subject to Regulation 85 effluent limits and monthly monitoring requirements. Minor dischargers (less than 1 MGD design capacity) are required to sample once every two months at a minimum. This applies to the seven domestic WWTFs in the watershed: Loveland Ski Area, Georgetown, Empire, Central Clear Creek, Idaho Springs, St. Mary's, and Clear Creek High School. Effluent nutrient concentrations for these WWTFs and Henderson Mine (an industrial discharger located above the town of Empire) are summarized in Table 3. WWTFs are required to monitor total inorganic nitrogen and total phosphorus, per Regulation 85. Since this report focuses on total nitrogen (TN) and total phosphorus (TP), TN and TP are reported here.

Table 3. Effluent Nutrient Concentrations and Flows from WWTFs in the Clear Creek Watershed for 2022

Location	WWTF	Average Flow (MGD)	Sample Count	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)			Total Nitrogen (mg/L)		
				Min	Max	Median	Min	Max	Median
Upstream	Loveland Ski Area	0.006	12	0.39	7.37	2.41	3.25	62.69	17.03
↓	Henderson Mine	1.329	12	0.005	0.014	0.005	1.15	2.76	1.72
	Georgetown	0.256	6	0.05	0.24	0.05	1.90	4.30	2.50
	Empire	0.027	6	0.05	1.06	0.20	8.39	29.33	15.85
	St. Mary's	0.131	12	0.20	2.76	0.94	4.66	20.91	14.00
	Idaho Springs	0.215	6	0.27	7.21	1.61	1.26	6.37	4.89
	Black Hawk/Central City	0.307	12	0.04	0.12	0.06	4.65	10.60	8.26
Downstream	Clear Creek High School	0.001	11	9.16	12.69	10.58	2.99	85.98	58.09

TROUT UNLIMITED (TU) ABANDONED MINE RESTORATION

Headwaters Clear Creek – Grizzly Gulch: TU partnered with the US Forest Service (USFS) to secure bipartisan infrastructure law (BIL) funding for future reclamation at the Grizzly Mine near Bakerville, CO and contracted an Engineering Evaluation and Cost Analysis (EE/CA) to help drive the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) removal actions on-site.

Grizzly Mine: Mine wastes eroding into Grizzly Gulch

South Clear Creek – Leavenworth Creek: In partnership with USFS, to ensure the success and sustainability of previous reclamation work, TU conducted oversight of contractor operations and maintenance (O&M) work at the Waldorf Mine and Santiago Mine near Georgetown, CO, which included the construction of additional drainage channels to divert surface water away from mine wastes, revegetating areas of disturbance, and regrading, amending, and revegetating slopes.

West Clear Creek – Lion Creek: TU secured a grant through the Colorado Watershed Assembly's (CWA) Colorado Healthy Rivers Fund (CHRF) to develop an engineering design, in collaboration with USFS, to restore an ~700-foot segment of Lion Creek within a heavily mine-impacted stretch of floodplain adjacent to the Minnesota Mine near Empire, CO. The stream restoration would realign the existing channel away from acidic seeps, and constructed wetlands would limit metals loading to receiving waters and act as a buffer zone with respect to the accessible floodplain.

Waldorf Mine: newly constructed containment channel

Snowden Mine: Contractors laying erosion control matting across reseeded slopes.

North Clear Creek – Silver Creek: In partnership with USFS, to ensure the success and sustainability of previous reclamation work, TU oversaw contractor O&M work at the Snowden Mine near Central City, CO, which included reseeding and erosion control measures to promote vegetation on site.

North Clear Creek – Russell Gulch: TU contracted an assessment to calibrate erosion rates predicted by the soil loss equation developed for the site in a 2021 sediment study using newly available Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) data. The 2022 calibrated sediment study results showed differences in elevations between 2013 and 2020 raster data. These results were used to verify 2021 study predictions and ranking of suspected sources in the watershed (Figure 4). Subsequently, TU obtained a grant through the Upper Clear Creek Watershed Association (UCCWA) to conduct water quality and soil sampling to evaluate the priority hillslope sites for future reclamation.

Figure 4. ***Russell Gulch: 2022 calibrated sediment study results***

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT& PUBLIC OUTREACH

The City of Golden (Golden) and Jefferson County operate under Municipal Separate Stormwater System (MS4) Permits and meet the permit requirements through public outreach and education, monitoring for illicit discharges, sediment controls at constructions sites, post construction inspections, and pollution prevention. More details about the City of Golden's and Jefferson County's MS4 permits and stormwater management can be found on their respective websites (Golden, Jefferson County).

Jefferson County hosted a public cleanup of the Clear Creek corridor on National Public Lands Day in 2022. There were 690 volunteers that removed 26,250 pounds of trash/debris along 22 miles of the corridor.

National Public Lands Day thank you flyer

Clear Creek in Golden

EMERGENCY RESPONSE

Clear Creek County Office of Emergency Management uses the Code Red Emergency Call-Down System. This system is used to notifies Clear Creek water users of any potential contamination from an upstream source. The system is initiated when incidents or spills occur in Clear Creek or its tributaries. In 2022, the call-down system was activated one time due to a vehicle accident at mile marker 237.5 on I-70. The accident occurred on December 9th, 2022 and had little to no impact on Clear Creek water quality.

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (CDOT)

County Road 314 construction was completed with approximately 2,700 feet of County Road (CR) 314 paved and a 4,000-foot section widened to two 11-foot travel lanes with shoulders. The project also constructed a separated shared-use path as part of the Clear Creek Greenway, installed a new 150-foot pedestrian bridge across Clear Creek from CR 314 to the Scott Lancaster Memorial Trail, and relocated the Scott Lancaster Bridge to the west on the trail as a memorial. To improve water quality and stormwater runoff, the project improved drainage along CR 314 for both inlets and outlets. The drainage improvements are intended to correct erosive areas to the creek and improve traffic safety.

Clear Creek Greenway Phase 1 construction was completed for improvements at the Dumont Trailhead and east Idaho Springs. The project constructed a 12-foot-wide turnaround area on the south side of West Dumont Road, a dedicated area for rafter shuttle loading and unloading, and a loop walking trail with three picnic sites. To improve water quality and stormwater runoff, the project installed drainage improvements at Stanley Road and Dumont Trailhead. It also formalized parking and recreational activities which will reduce erosion.

Peak Period Shoulder Lane infrastructure construction along I-70 has been completed. The water quality structures were inspected, and accepted as complete. Any required corrections were completed per design. These are in the process of being input to CDOT asset inventory for continued maintenance.

Floyd Hill Early Action project construction was started, including roundabouts at CR 65 / I-70 and Homestead / I-70. Both of these projects are installing curb and gutter and a formal stormwater drainage system. These projects will minimize erosion and deter informal parking which results in soil compaction and pollution generation from parked vehicles.

UPPER BASIN FLOWS

Snowpack in 2022 (NRCS, 2023) peaked in early May, a little earlier than recent years. The snowpack began to melt quickly due to warm temperatures in May. On May 21st, temperatures decreased and a large snowstorm added 14 inches of accumulation in some areas of the watershed (NOAA, 2023). This equated to 2 more inches of snow water equivalent (SWE) in the snowpack. After temperatures increased again, the remaining snowpack melted by early-mid June (Figure 5). Hydrographs from Upper Basin locations CC26 (Clear Creek at Lawson Gage) and CC60 (Clear Creek upstream of the Church headgate, Golden, CO) are shown in Figure 6. The snowmelt-dominated pattern is consistent with previous years with a decrease observed in May corresponding to the low temperatures and increase in snowpack. The annual flows at the upper station were 19% lower than the average of the previous five years. The flows at the lower station were 17% below the 2017-2021 average.

2022 Snowpack

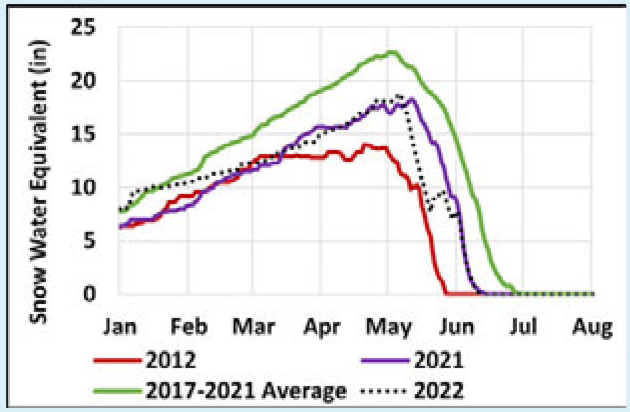


Figure 6. Snow Water Equivalent (in) for Loveland Basin, 2012, 2021, 2022, and 2017-2021 Average

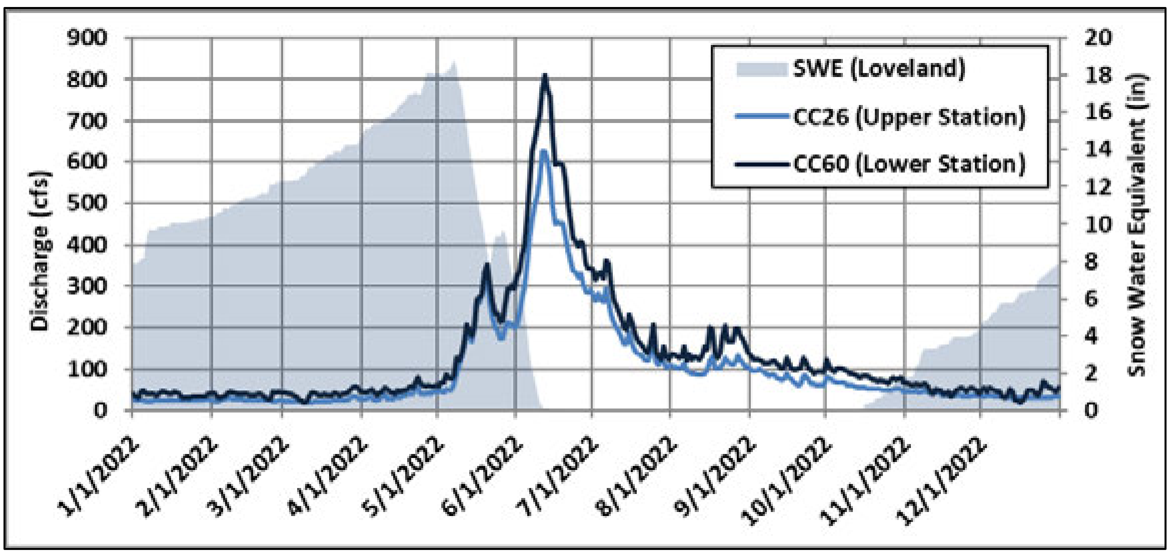


Figure 5. 2022 Clear Creek Hydrographs for the Upper Station (CC26) and the Lower Station (CC60)

TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS, PHOSPHORUS, AND NITROGEN LOADS IN THE UPPER BASIN

Loads of total suspended solids (TSS), TP, and TN in the Upper Basin were quantified for 2022 and compared to the average of the previous five years. Two sampling locations were included in this analysis (Figure 1): the upper station (CC26) and the lower station (CCAS59/60). Additional details about these sampling locations are provided in the Watershed Monitoring Program. Ambient grab and autosampler data from the two stations were used to quantify nutrient loads from upstream to downstream and provide an assessment of water quality in the upper watershed. The results are presented in Figures 7-9. Loads at the upper station were average for TN, 18% above average for TP, and 33% below average for TSS. Loads at the lower station were 2 - 43% below average for all constituents measured.

A storm event that occurred on August 15th during routine sampling (24 hour composite) resulted in high TP and TSS values (102 ug/L, and 171 mg/L, respectively). The storm event was captured by the lower station, but not the upper station. This sample was removed from the loading calculations because it was not representative of ambient conditions. Storm event loading calculations and discussion are provided in the Data Analysis and Interpretation Supplement.

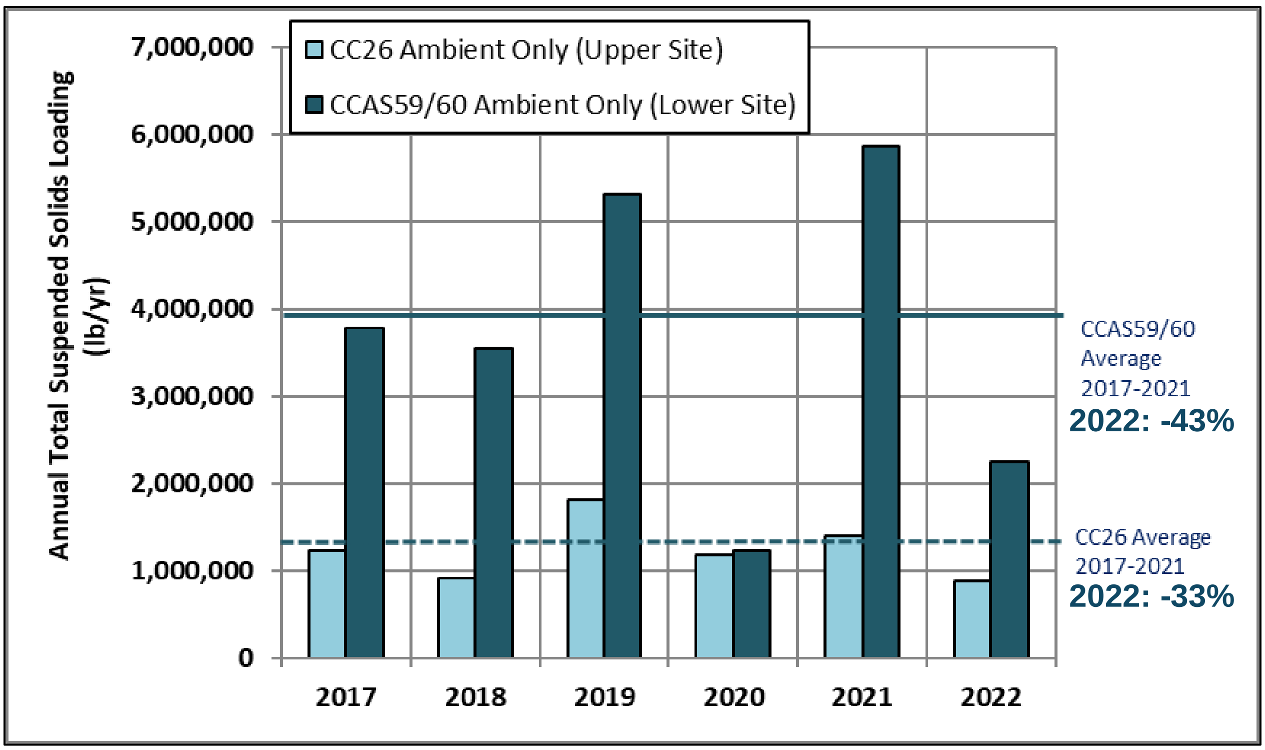


Figure 7. TSS Loads with Percent Change in 2022 for the Upper Station (CC26) and Lower Station (CCAS59/60)

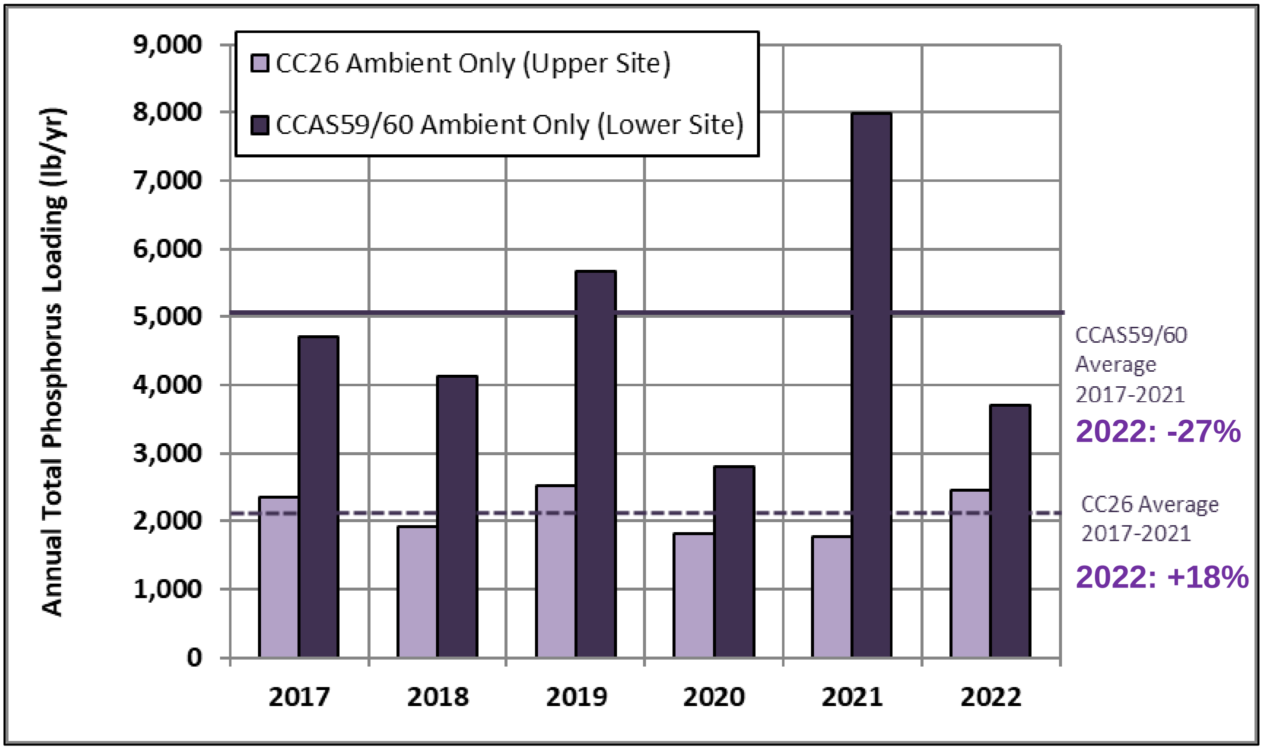


Figure 8. TP Loads with Percent Change in 2022 for the Upper Station (CC26) and Lower Station (CCAS59/60)

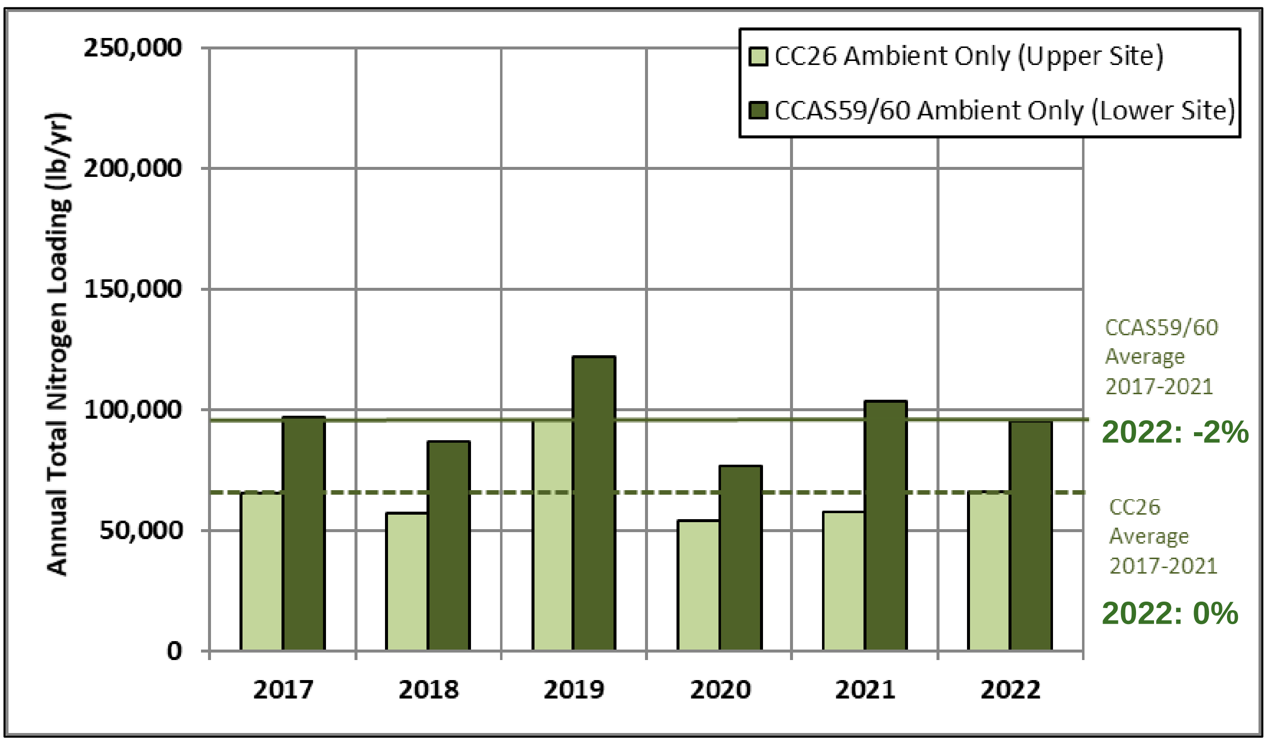


Figure 9. TN Loads with Percent Change in 2022 for the Upper Station (CC26) and Lower Station (CCAS59/60)

MONITORING IN THE CANAL ZONE

To provide information for evaluation of the nutrient loads from nonpoint sources in the Canal Zone, the Church, Croke, and FHL canals are sampled at the headgates where water is diverted from Clear Creek and again at the inlets to Standley Lake. The KDPL is sampled near the inlet into Standley Lake. Figure 2 shows the headgate and inlet monitoring locations for each canal. Routine monitoring for the Canal Zone is described in detail in the Watershed Monitoring Program. A total of 95 samples were collected in the Canal Zone in 2022. Sample types included: grab samples, ambient composites, storm triggered composites (event), and first flush composites (Table 4). These samples are important for assessing how water quality changes along each canal as well as for quantifying loads into the reservoir.

Table 4. Samples Taken in the Canal Zone, 2022

Type of Sample	Number of Samples Collected
Grab samples	67
Ambient composites	14
Storm-triggered composites	6
First flush composites	8

FHL/Croke Canal inlet to Standley Lake

First Flush Samples

***First flush samples** are collected during the initiation of water deliveries to Standley Lake and provide data on the quality of the water entering the reservoir during the seasonal start-up of the canals.*

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

The City of Arvada operates under a MS4 permit and meets the permit requirements through public outreach and education, monitoring for illicit discharges, sediment controls at construction sites, post-construction inspections, and pollution prevention for municipal operations. More information on stormwater management and the MS4 program can be found on the City of Arvada's website.

CANAL MANAGEMENT

The Church Ditch Water Authority (CDWA) completed the replacement and extension of a culvert under Arapahoe Street in Golden prior to the 2022 irrigation season. This project created several improvements in a small area of the ditch. While improving maintenance and operation procedures, it also decreased the erosion in the area by replacing a double culvert with a single box culvert eliminating a "divider" that frequently caught debris and caused erosion. Additionally, the Authority worked with the City of Golden to divert highway storm runoff from entering the ditch from Arapahoe Street.

Left: Arapahoe culvert replacement and extension, middle: Arapahoe culvert inlet, right: Highway 52 exit ramp storm water diversion channel

To maintain access, CDWA removes vegetation that has encroached on easements. Vegetation removal and bank rehabilitation reduces the risk of blockages, increases ditch capacity, and decreases sedimentation from erosion ultimately improving water quality and delivery.

Left: Vegetation removal, ditch shaping, and rip rap placement to reduce erosion near W. 75th Way, right: Vegetation removal Basecamp in Golden

Church Ditch actively oversees any projects within the ditch easement or channel to ensure proper care is taken to minimize/eliminate erosion and potential contaminants from entering the ditch and affecting water quality. Those projects include one driveway crossing and multiple utility bores.

Private driveway crossing with riprap

CANAL ZONE FLOWS

Flows for the four conveyances to Standley Lake showed a typical pattern (Figure 10). The FHL was the dominant source of inflow during the irrigation season (April – October) and provided 56% of the total inflow in 2022. The Croke was the primary source of inflow during the non-irrigation season (November – March), providing 29% of the annual inflow. Flow in the Croke began again in early June during the free-river[1] period to aid in filling the reservoir. Church ditch provided a smaller percentage of inflow (11%) from mid-May to the beginning of September. The KDPL supplied a smaller percentage (4%) for seven days in early July and then from the beginning of November until the beginning of December.

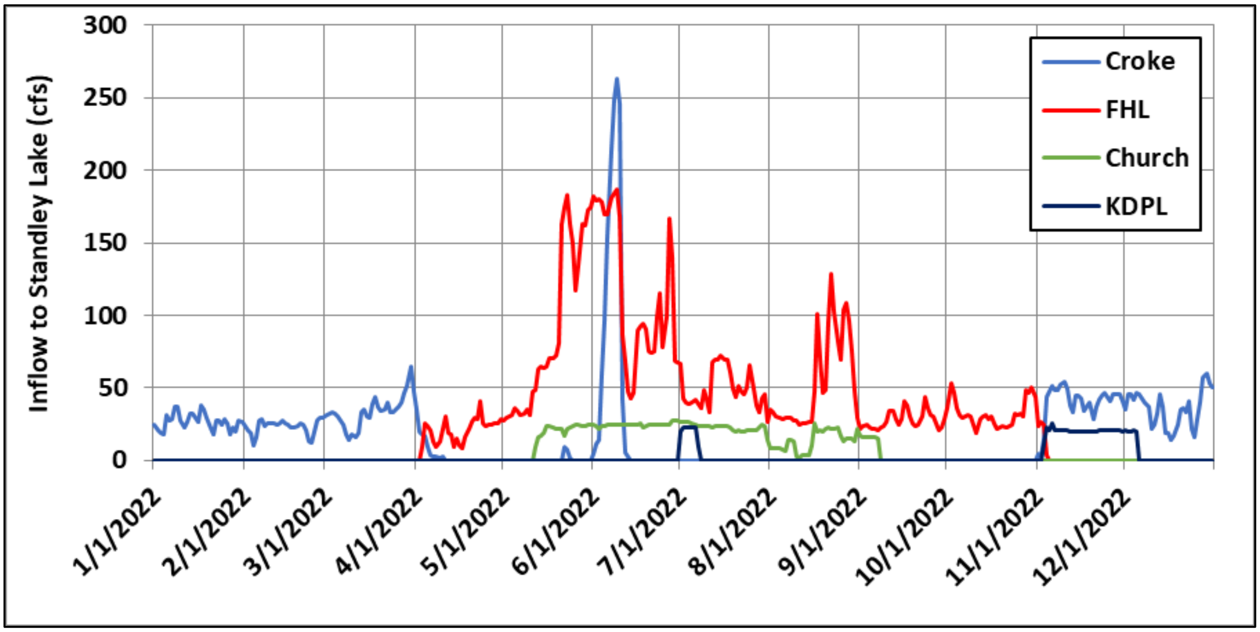


Figure 10. Hydrographs for the four conveyances to Standley Lake, 2022

CANAL ZONE TSS, TP, AND TN CONCENTRATIONS

Results of water-quality analyses for the Canal Zone are highlighted in this section. Constituents for the Farmers' High Line and Croke Canals are the focus because they are the largest contributors of flow to Standley Lake (62% and 28% on average, respectively). Results for samples taken in the Canal Zone in 2022 were consistent with previous years. In recent years the difference in concentrations in the Croke between the headgate and the entry point to the reservoir has been decreasing. During the previous two years (2021 and 2022) the Croke had concentrations of TSS and TP more comparable to the FHL canal. TSS and TP in the FHL showed a smaller difference between the two sampling locations, but higher concentrations at the headgate than observed in the Croke (Figures 11 and 12). TN for both canals showed less difference between the headgate and entry point to the reservoir (Figure 13) but remained much higher in the Croke canal due to concentration of nitrogen sources in winter during lower flows.

[1] Free-river is defined as a period of time where there is more water than all water rights on a river (Colorado River District, 2023).

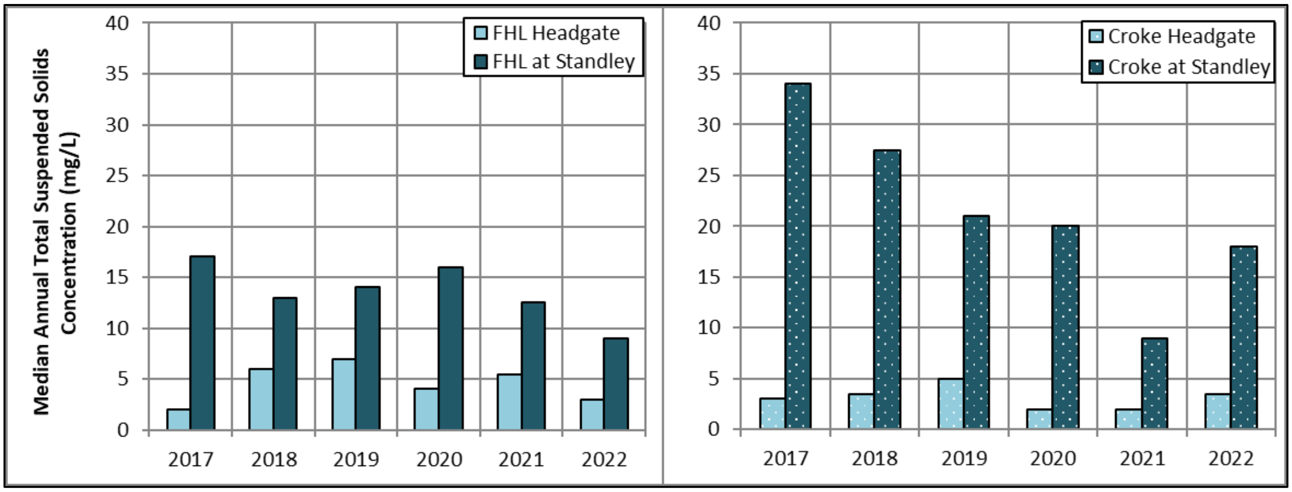


Figure 11. Median Total Suspended Solids in FHL (left) and Croke (right) Canals

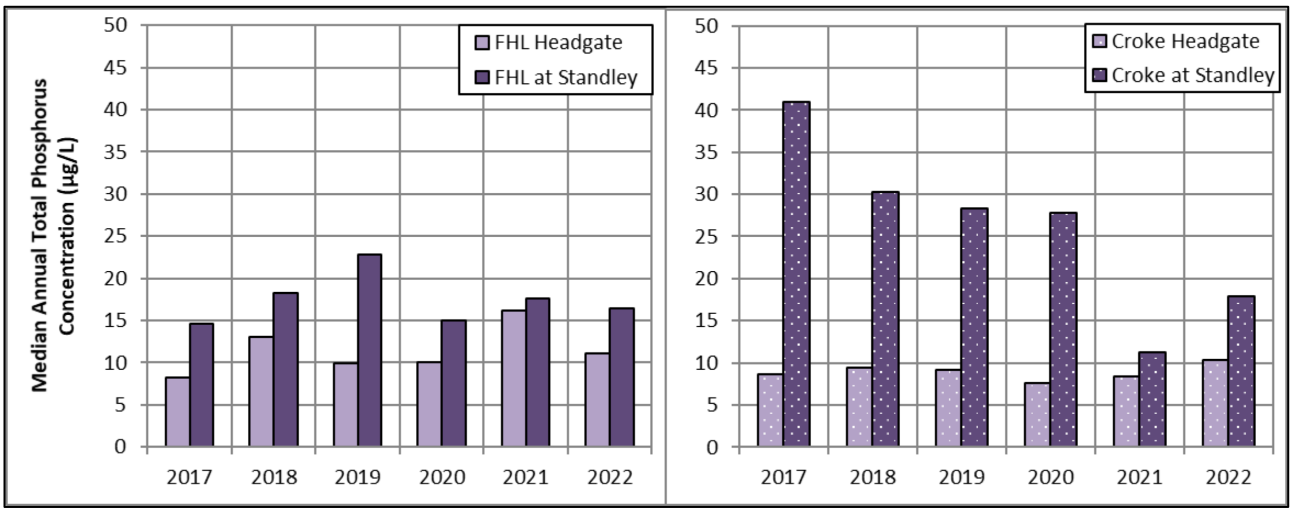


Figure 12. Median Total Phosphorus Concentrations in FHL (left) and Croke (right) Canals

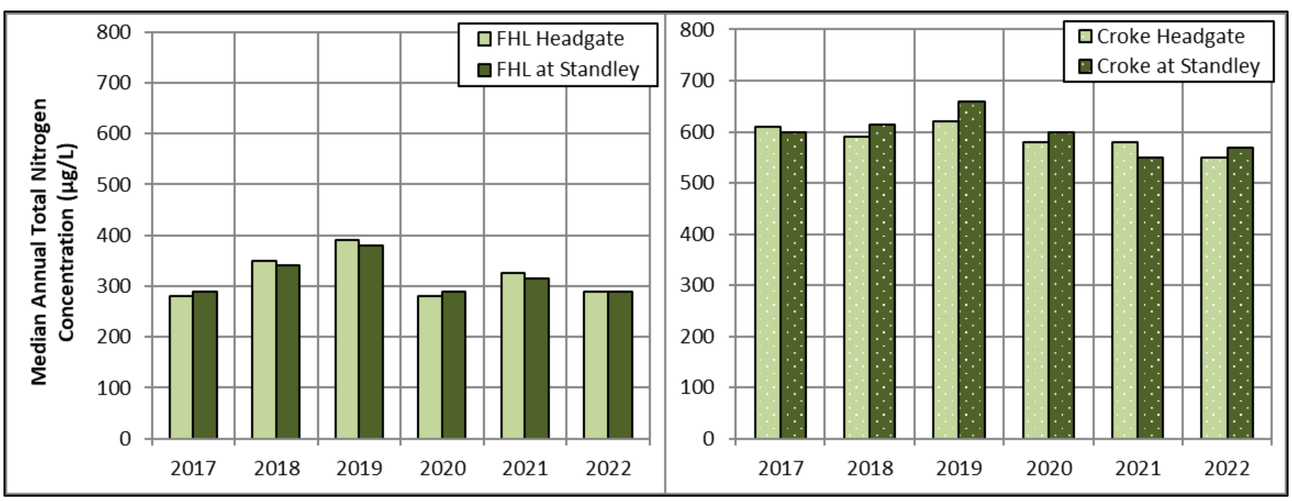


Figure 13. Median Total Nitrogen Concentrations in FHL (left) and Croke (right) Canals

TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS, PHOSHORUS, AND NITROGEN LOADS IN THE CANAL ZONE

Loads for TSS, TP, and TN from the four conveyances entering Standley Lake are presented in Figures 14-16. Percentages of TP and TN load contributions by source are provided as an example to compare percentages of loads to flow. The FHL continues to contribute the largest fraction of the total annual loads to the reservoir for TSS, TP, and TN (77%, 62%, and 53%, respectively). This contribution is expected as it is the primary canal used during runoff in spring and provided the greatest proportion of the annual flow to the reservoir. The Croke Canal is the second largest contributor of flow and total annual loads into the reservoir, contributing 19%, 26%, and 35% of the TSS, TP, and TN loads, respectively. During the free-river period, flows in the Croke and FHL are increased to quickly fill the reservoir when water is available. The higher flow rates allow more sediment and sediment-bound phosphorus to move into the reservoir. The load contribution from free-river was estimated and is highlighted in the figures below for 2022. The free-river period in 2022 is estimated to have contributed 33%, 24%, and 19% of the total TSS, TP, and TN loads to the reservoir, respectively.

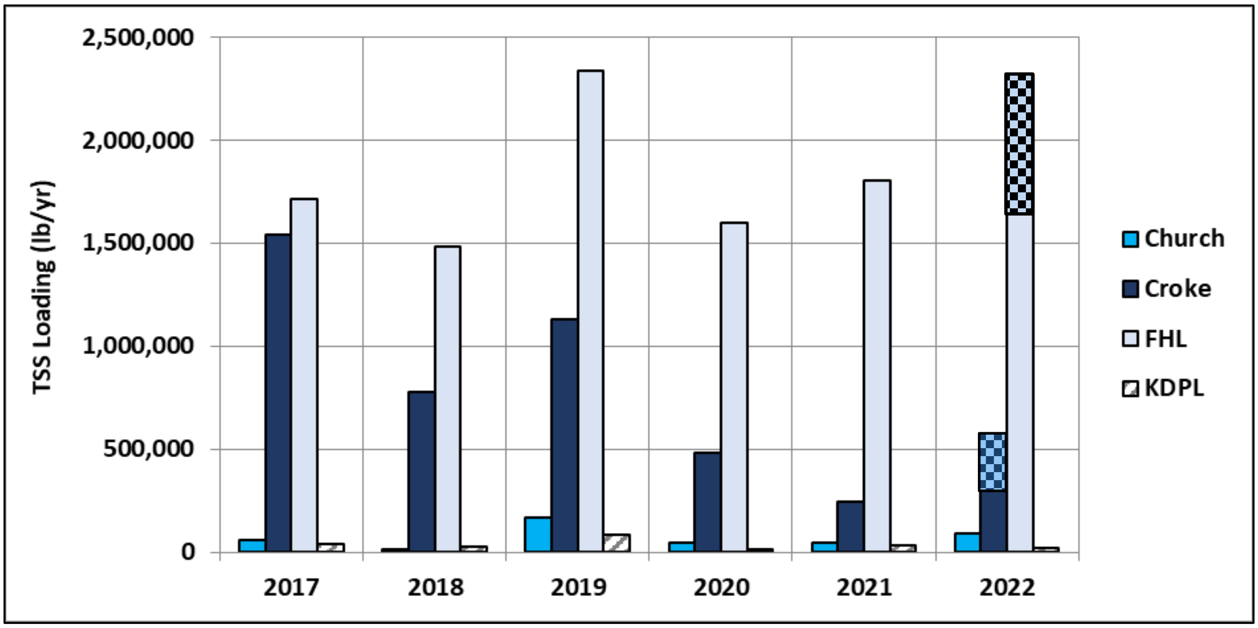


Figure 14. Total Suspended Solids Loading Into Standley Lake by Source, 2017-2022, Load Contributions from Free-River are Shown with the Checkered Pattern

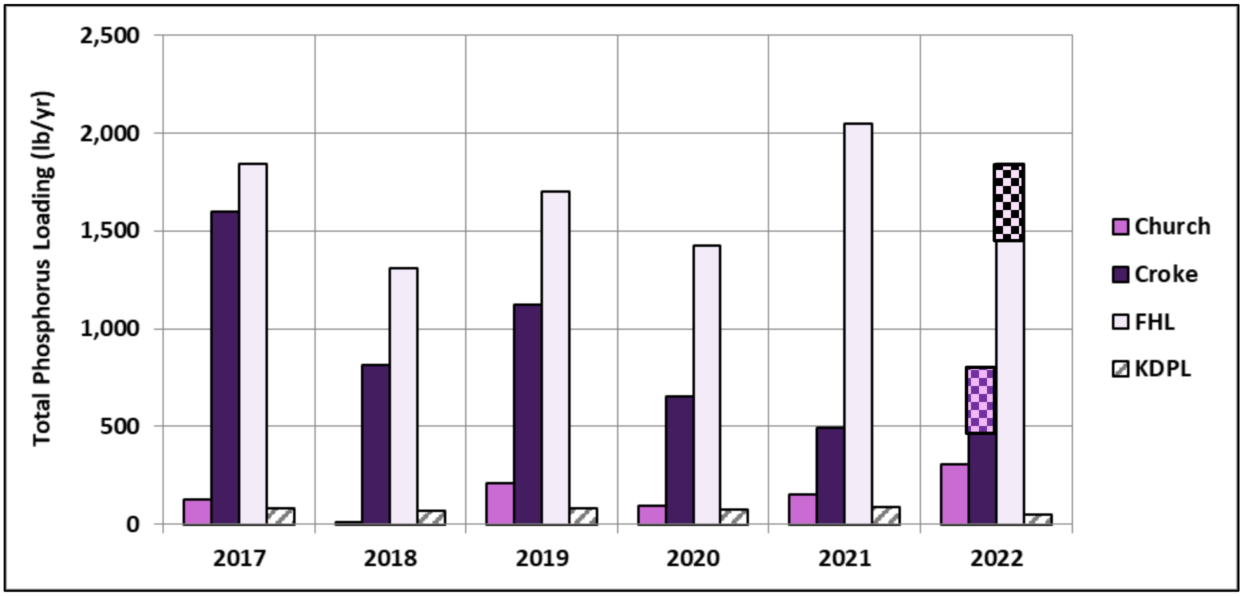


Figure 15. Total Phosphorus Loading Into Standley Lake by Source, 2017-2022, Load Contributions from Free-River are Shown with the Checkered Patten

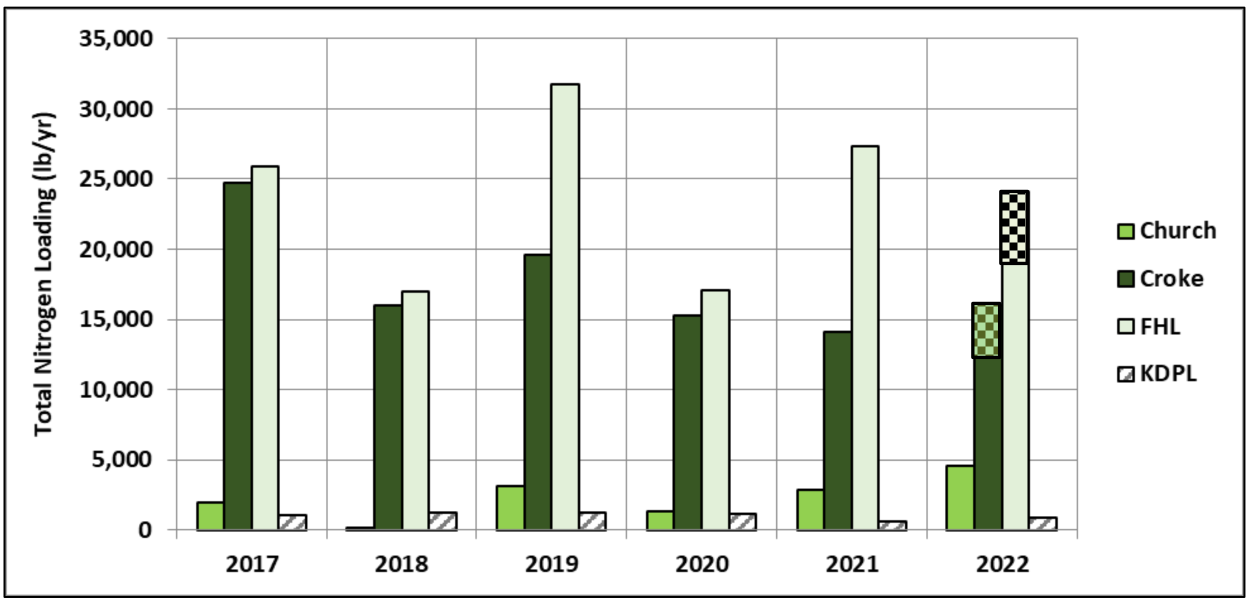


Figure 16. Total Nitrogen Loading Into Standley Lake by Source, 2017-2022, Load Contributions from Free-River are Shown with the Checkered Pattern

While flow contribution percentages are relatively similar between years for the Croke Canal, the load percentages tend to be more variable for TP and TSS. Historically, the Croke contributed almost half of TP and TSS loads in one-third of the total annual flow to the reservoir (on average). Median concentrations in the Croke have been decreasing in recent years and have been similar to FHL concentrations. Contribution percentages in 2022 and the previous five years show that the Croke has been contributing less TSS and TP per unit of flow than previous years. Interestingly, TN has remained relatively consistent (Figure 17).

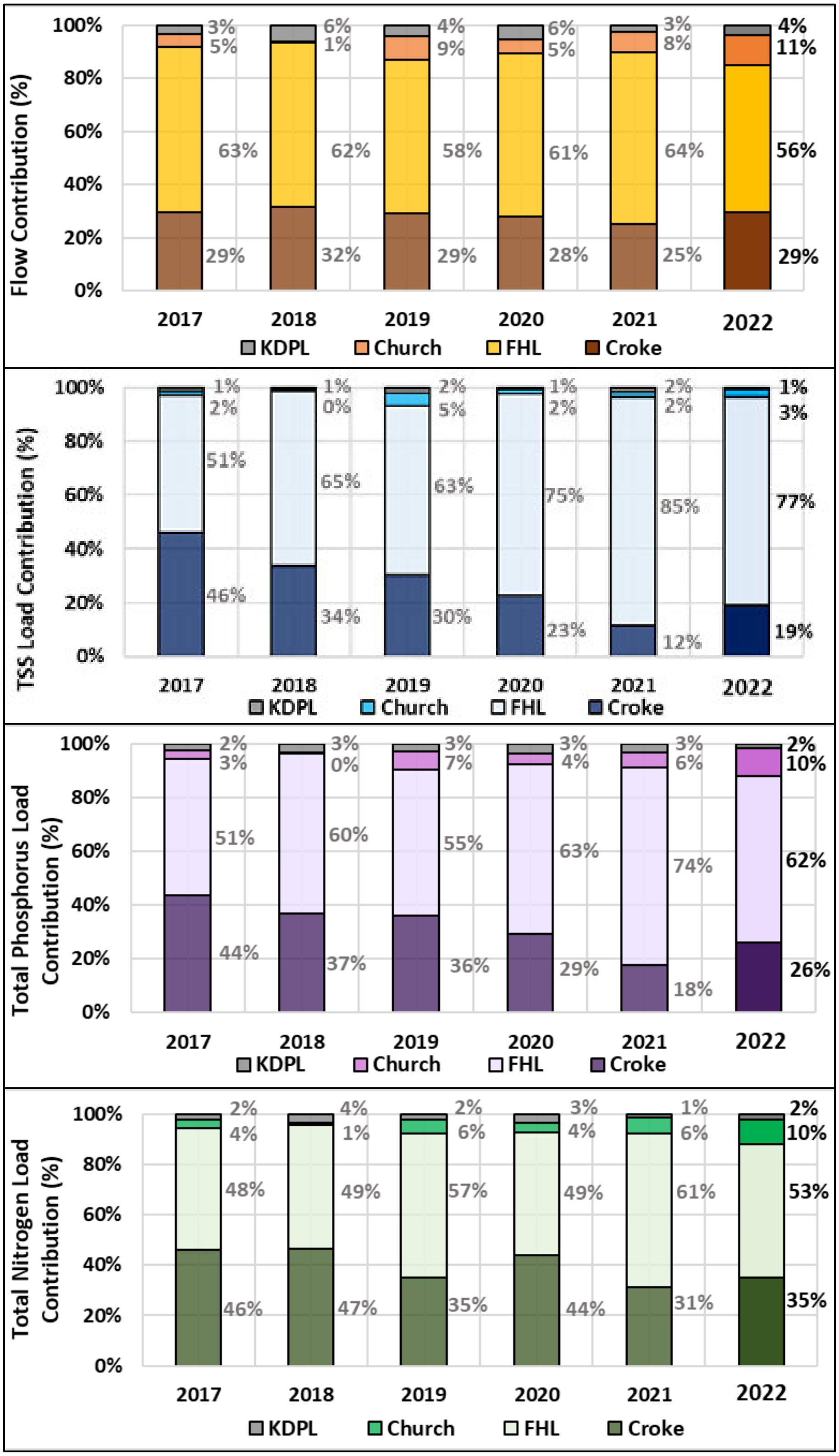


Figure 17. Annual Contributions of Flow, TSS, TP, and TN by Each of the Four Sources Entering Standley Lake, 2017-2022

MONITORING AT STANDLEY LAKE

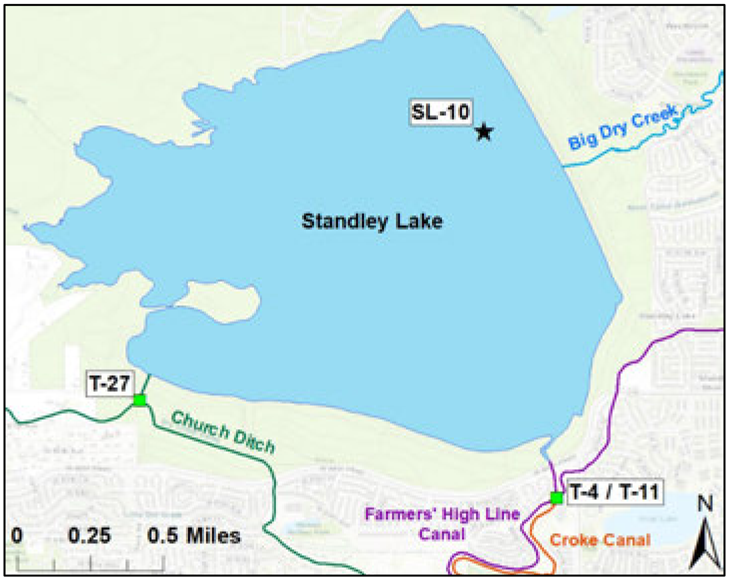


Figure 18. Standley Lake Sampling Location and Locations of Canal Inflows

Standley Lake is monitored throughout the year when ice is not present. The reservoir is sampled in multiple locations, however, SL10 (Figure 18) is the most pertinent to this report because it is located near the municipal supply intakes and is the location of the automated profiler. Daily reservoir profiles are taken and biweekly samples are also collected at the surface, through the photic zone, and one-meter off the bottom.

The Standley Lake profiler

The Standley Lake Profiler *is equipped with a multi-probe sonde which provides measurements of water temperature, dissolved oxygen, pH, conductivity, turbidity, oxidation/reduction potential (ORP), fluorescent dissolved organic matter (fDOM), and chlorophyll* a *concentrations.*

Standley Lake Monitoring 2022

Daily Profiles: *Standley Lake water quality is measured four times per day for approximately 10 months per year using an automated profiler. Measurements are taken at one-meter intervals, from the surface to within 2 meters of the bottom.*

Sampling Standley Lake

Water-Quality Sampling: *Samples are collected in the reservoir at three depths. Grab samples are taken at the surface and one meter from the bottom. A composite sample is taken over the extent of the photic zone (two times the measured Secchi depth). In 2022, 89 water-quality samples were collected on the reservoir.*

Zooplankton Samples: *Zooplankton tows are taken once every two weeks.*

AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES MANAGEMENT AND PREVENTION

Collecting EWM in August 2022

Weevil enclosures

Eurasian Water Milfoil (EWM) is an aquatic invasive species that established in Standley Lake in 1998 and has been managed with the addition of EWM weevils, an herbivorous insect with a preference for EWM. Weevils have been stocked in Standley Lake on five separate occasions from 2002-2011, leading to observed declines in EWM densities. EWM surveys are conducted yearly to assess EWM densities and presence of EWM weevils (assessed as damage to stems). The weevil survey performed in 2022 showed EWM densities are consistent with observations from the previous 10 years. Weevil damage observations were higher than the previous five years. Efforts to increase the weevil population began in 2021 with the Weevil Rearing Program. In 2022, two enclosures were once again placed along the southwest shoreline to protect weevils from predatory pressure. While observations of eggs, larvae, and adults were limited in the enclosures, evidence of weevil damage was present. The program will continue to grow as more information is learned.

Quagga and Zebra Mussels (QZM) are non-native aquatic invasive species that can be introduced to new water bodies by the unintentional transfer of organisms from an infested water body, often via boats or fishing bait. No live aquatic baits are allowed in the reservoir and motorized trailered boats are not permitted on Standley Lake. Standley Lake is monitored for mussels via three methods: zooplankton tows, substrate samplers, and shoreline surveys. Zooplankton tows are performed every two weeks at the reservoir inlets and the boat ramp/outlet area. Substrate samples are monitored by Colorado Parks and Wildlife (CPW) and are placed at several locations in the reservoir. A shoreline survey is performed when water levels are at their lowest. All sampling efforts in 2022 showed that the reservoir continues to remain free of zebra and quagga mussels.

Zebra mussel, photo: Colorado Parks and Wildlife

How do we sample for mussels?

Zooplankton tows *target the microscopic larval mussel stage and is an early detection method.*

Substrate samples *help detect juvenile mussels that have started the attachment phase of the life cycle.*

Shoreline surveys *are performed when water levels are low and target adult mussels.that may be attached to hard surfaces.*

TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS, PHOSPHORUS, AND NITROGEN LOADING INTO AND OUT OF STANDLEY LAKE

Estimated annual TSS, TP, and TN loads into Standley Lake are presented in Figures 19-21. TSS, TP, and TN loads into the reservoir in 2022 were 10%, 7%, and 2% higher than the 2017-2021 average, respectively. TSS and TN loads leaving the reservoir were 62% and 9% below average, respectively. TP loads leaving the reservoir were 5% above average. As with previous years, loads of TSS, TP, and TN into the reservoir were greater than outflow, indicating some level of nutrient and sediment retention.

Nutrient Retention in Reservoirs

Phosphorus *tends to be closely associated with* ***total suspended solids*** *through particle-associated transport and tends to be retained with sediment.*

Nitrogen *can be retained through biological uptake and deposition of particulate organic carbon to the bottom sediment.*

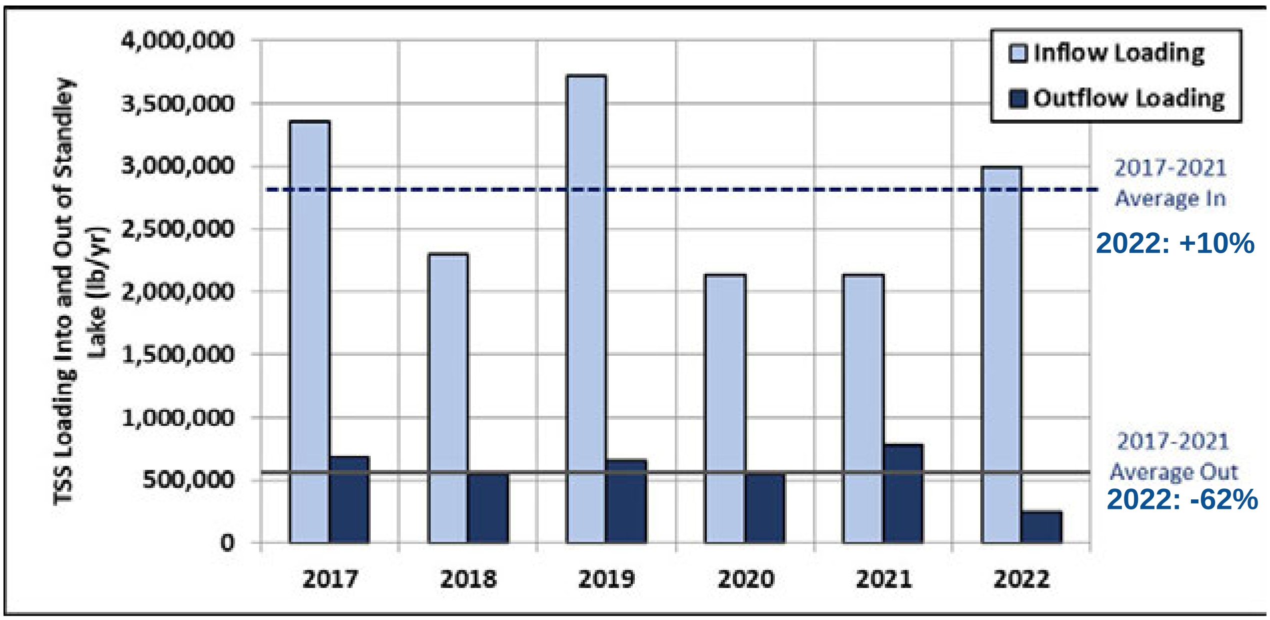


Figure 19. Total Suspended Solids Loading Into and Out of Standley Lake, 2017-2022

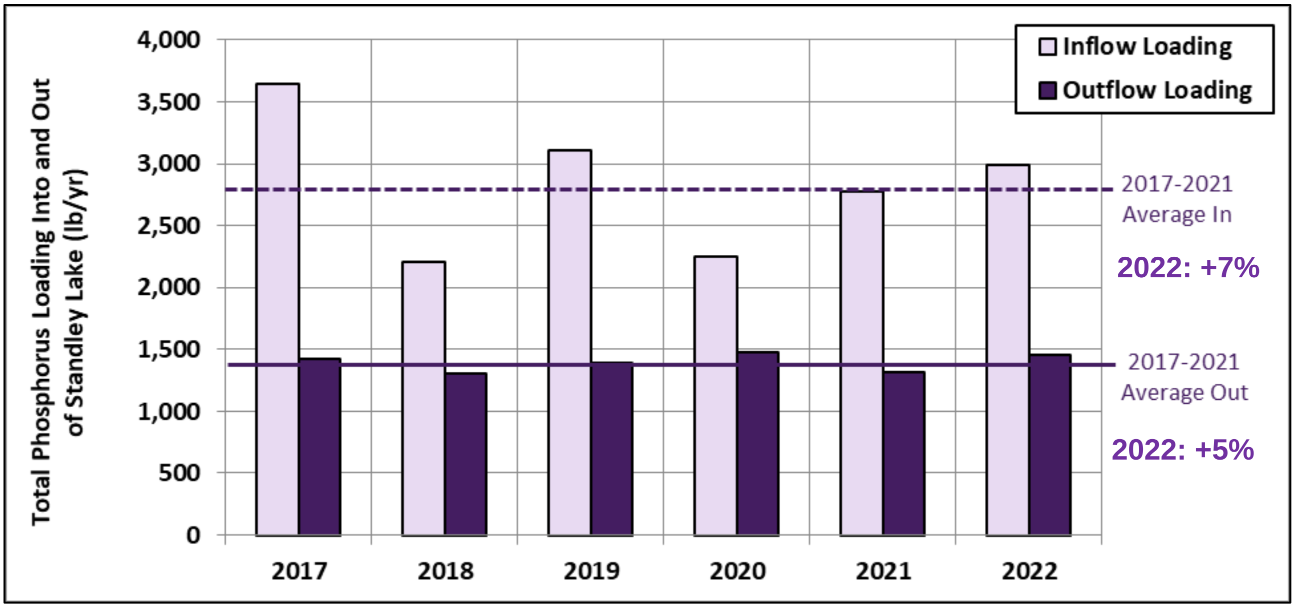


Figure 20. Total Phosphorus Loading Into and Out of Standley Lake, 2017-2022

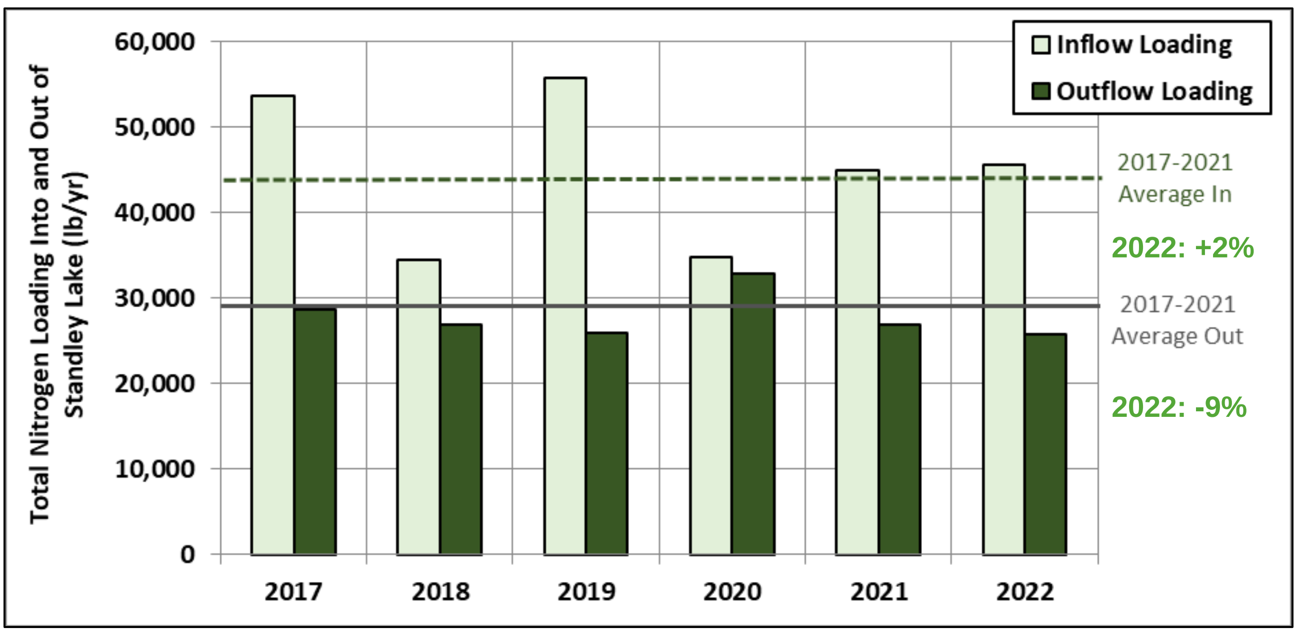


Figure 21. Total Nitrogen Loading Into and Out of Standley Lake, 2017-2022

LAKE CONTENTS

Standley Lake began 2022 8,000 AF below full capacity. Once spring runoff occurred, the reservoir was filled to capacity quickly at the end of May into early June (Figure 22). After a dry summer and higher demands, the reservoir began to decrease again until water became available from the KDPL in the beginning of November. Standley Lake ended the year 4,000 AF below full capacity.

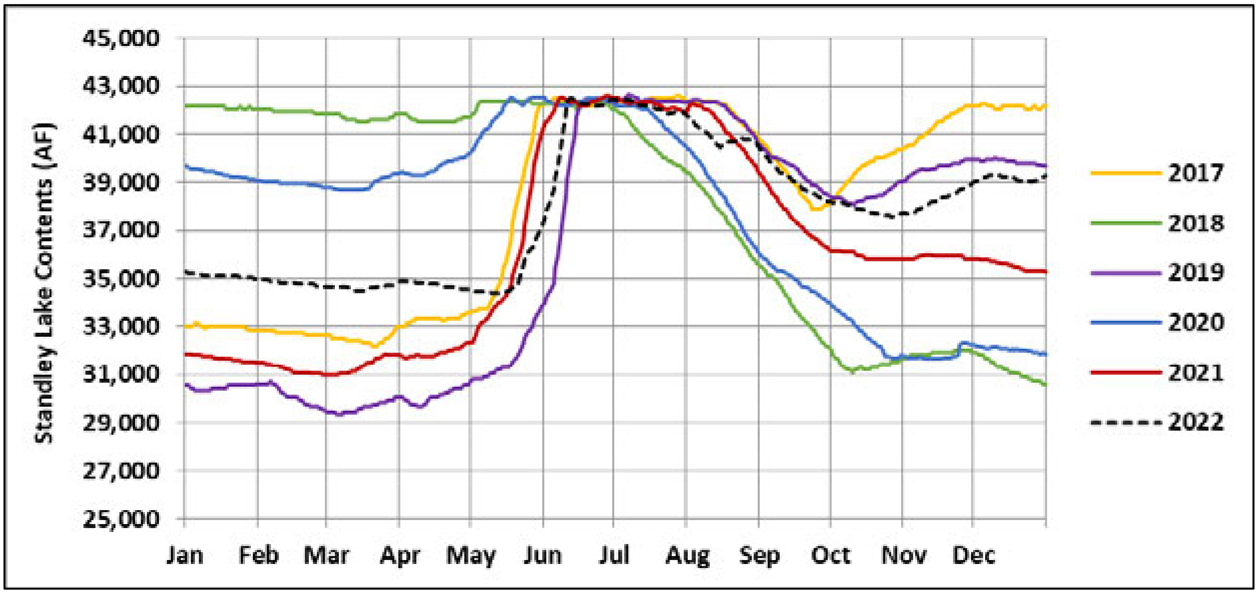


Figure 22. Standley Lake Contents, 2017-2022

Standley Lake Shoreline

TEMPERATURE

Temperature is important as it drives stratification patterns, oxidation-reduction potential, and has biological implications for fish and other aquatic species. It is typical for deep reservoirs to experience stratification during the summer and this stratification can lead to lowered dissolved oxygen levels in the hypolimnion. Standley Lake has two outlet gates and until 2017, the lower outlet was used exclusively. In 2022, the upper outlet and lower outlet were both used simultaneously starting July 18th when the top outlet was opened 10%. On August 4th both outlets were open 100%. On September 5th, the lower outlet was closed to 50% due to treatment issues with manganese. The reservoir turned over completely on October 22. The upper outlet was closed completely and the bottom outlet was opened 100% on October 25, 2022. Because of the continuous use of the lower outlet in 2022, the maximum thermocline depth fell in-between the two outlets (Figure 23).

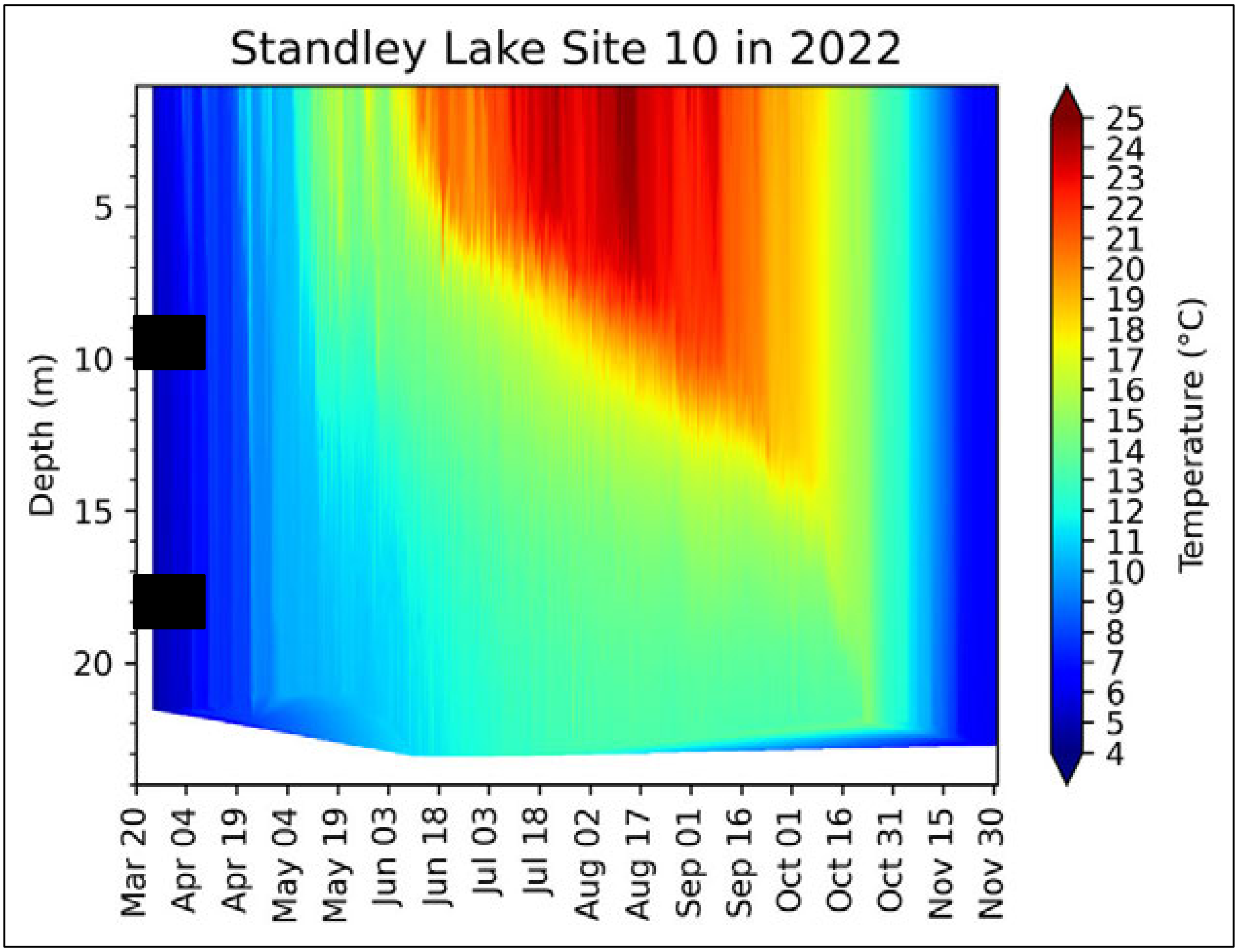


Figure 23. Temperature Contour Plot of Standley Lake, April-December 2022, the Black Bars Indicate the Range of the Approximate Outlet Depths Based on Water Surface Elevation

DISSOLVED OXYGEN

DO affects aquatic life and drinking water treatment. Dissolved oxygen at the sediment-water interface (i.e. the bottom of the reservoir) is of particular relevance. Low DO results in the release of nutrients and certain metals from the sediment to the water column. These releases can lead to increases in water treatment costs and the potential for taste and odor issues in drinking water. Each year, Standley Lake experiences hypoxia (DO concentrations ≤ 2.0 mg/L) at the bottom. Data from 2022 show a typical pattern of decreased oxygen concentrations in the hypolimnion with the onset of stratification in mid-June (Figure 24). Hypoxic conditions began on July 1, 2022. Turnover occurred on October 22, 2022. The number of days of hypoxia in 2022 (114) were comparable to the previous 5 years (Figure 25). Longer periods of hypoxia provide the potential for higher anaerobic release of nutrients.

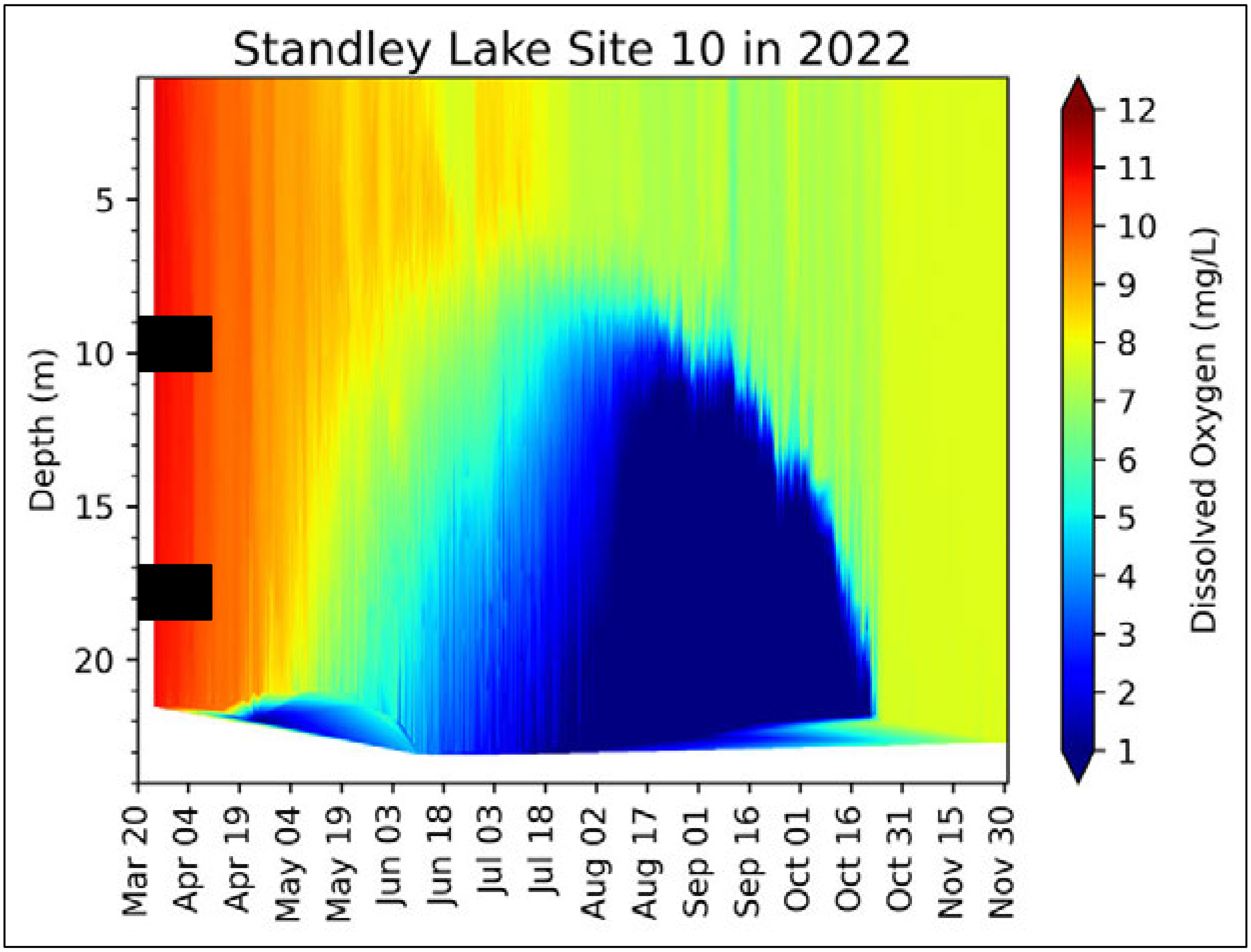


Figure 24. Contour Plot of Dissolved Oxygen in Standley Lake, April-December 2022, the Black Bars Indicate the Range of the Approximate Outlet Depths Based on Water Surface Elevation

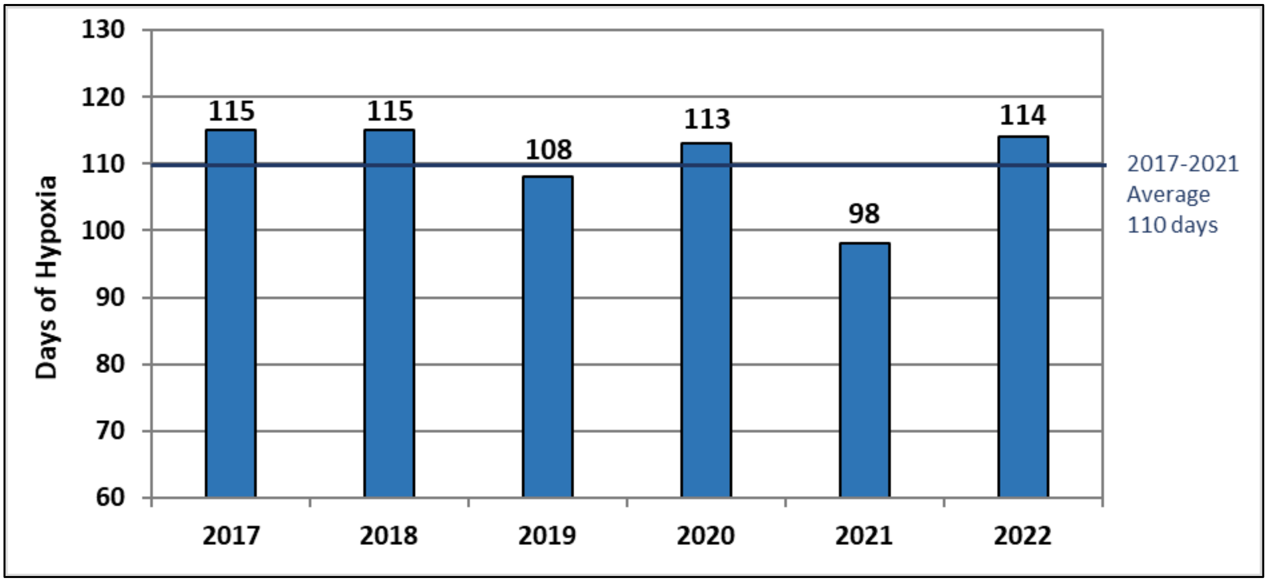


Figure 25. Days of Hypoxia (DO< 2.0 mg/L), 2017-2022

NUTRIENTS

Total Phosphorus

Phosphorus measurements are made in the photic zone and at the bottom of Standley Lake (Figure 26). In 2022 samples were also collected one meter below the surface of the reservoir to help inform water quality modeling efforts. Phosphorus concentrations in the photic zone and one-meter deep were low and displayed little variation throughout the year. The highest TP observation at the bottom of the reservoir in 2022 was 262 µg/L on October 18. This is the highest TP concentration observed in the historic record (2005-2022). An increase in TP concentrations in the fall is typical and indicative of sediment release of nutrients as a result of hypoxia in the hypolimnion. The long-term record of phosphorus observations at the reservoir bottom is shown in Figure 27 and provides perspective on this year's observations. The higher concentrations observed in 2022 are likely due to the longer period of hypoxia. 2017 and 2018 had a similar time periods of hypoxia, but the hypolimnion was much colder in 2018 and 2017 had only one sample taken during the peak release period. This is explored further in the Data Analysis and Interpretation Supplement.

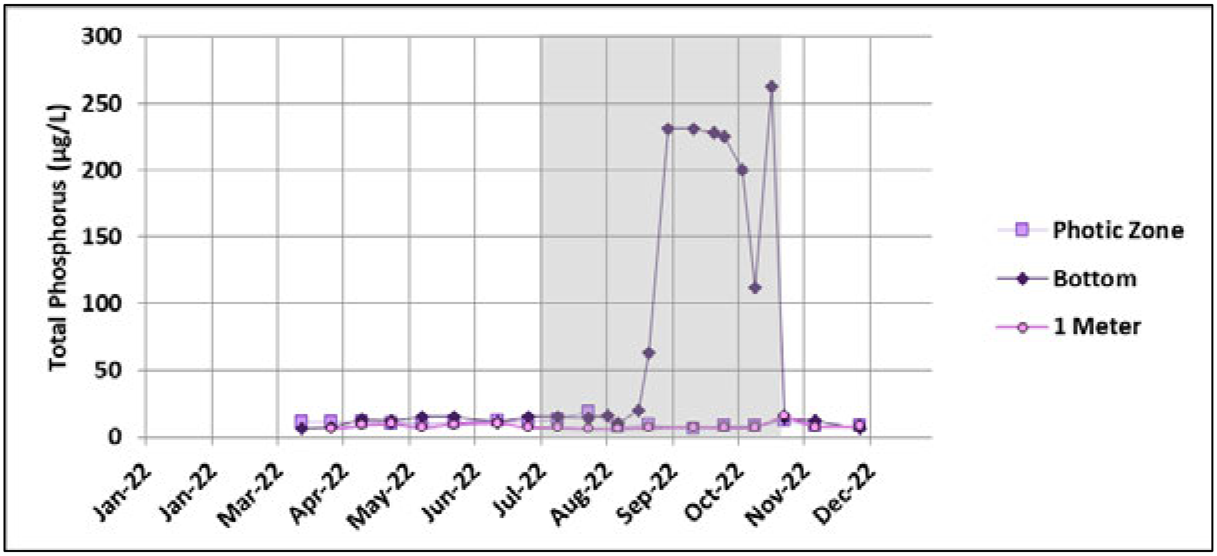


Figure 26. Total Phosphorus Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2022

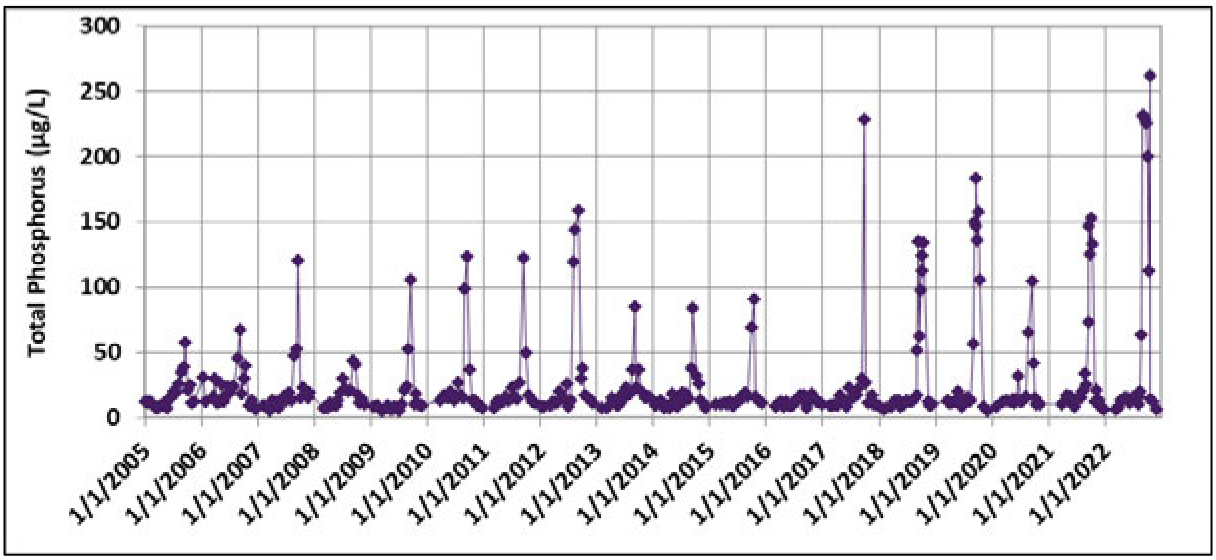


Figure 27. Total Phosphorus Concentrations at the Bottom of Standley Lake, 2005-2022

Total Nitrogen

TN concentrations in Standley Lake are displayed in Figure 28. TN concentrations at the bottom of the reservoir exhibited a peak concentration of 820 µg/L on October 18. The photic zone showed smaller amounts of variability, but surpassed the highest bottom concentration on October 24th (910 µg/L), two days after the reservoir turned over. Turnover allowed more nutrients to be available throughout the water column. Concentrations one-meter deep were similar to the photic zone, but the TN concentration on October 24th was a little over half of the photic zone concentration (480 µg/L). Evidence of nitrogen release from the sediment is demonstrated in the fall with elevated concentrations near the bottom corresponding with the TP increases.

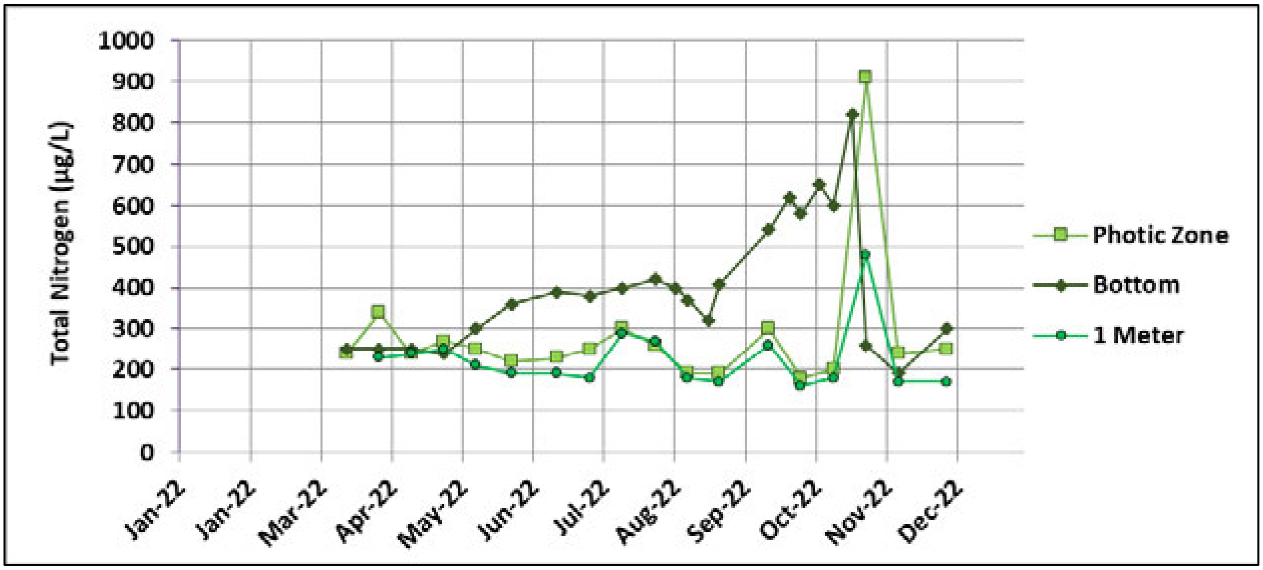


Figure 28. Total Nitrogen Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2022

NARRATIVE STANDARD

There are several classification schemes for assessing lake and reservoir trophic status. The Carlson Trophic State Index (TSI; Figure 29) uses chlorophyll *a* values, Secchi depth, or total phosphorus to estimate algal biomass. In Carlson's method, algal biomass estimates are used as the basis for trophic state classification, and chlorophyll *a* is the best predictor for algae biomass (NALMS, 2021, Carlson, 1977). The Carlson TSI was calculated for each day chlorophyll *a* was measured to assess seasonal variability. These results can be used to assess the narrative standard implemented by the WQCC in 1994.

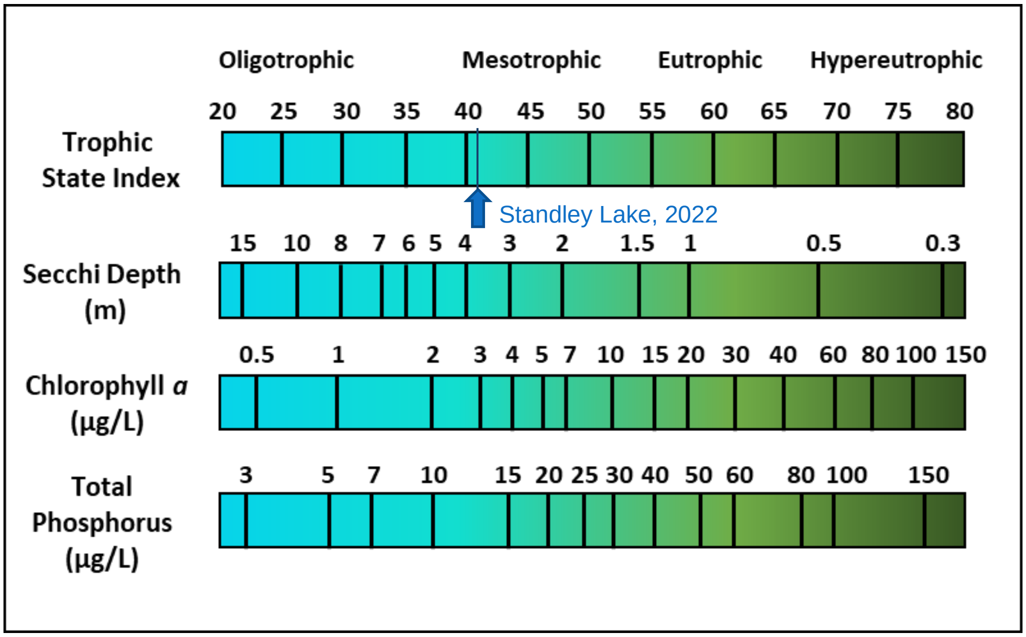


Figure 29. Carlson's Trophic State Index and Corresponding Values for Secchi Depth, Chlorophyll *a*, and Total Phosphorus

Standley Lake had an average Carlson TSI of 41 for 2022. This was below the 2017- 2021 average of 42, but is still well within the mesotrophic range. Chlorophyll *a* values were lower in 2022, resulting in the lower TSI. The TSI in 2022 indicates Standley Lake is currently being maintained as mesotrophic and meeting the narrative standard. The TSI values have shown some seasonal variability during the previous six years, but stay within the mesotrophic range (Figure 30).

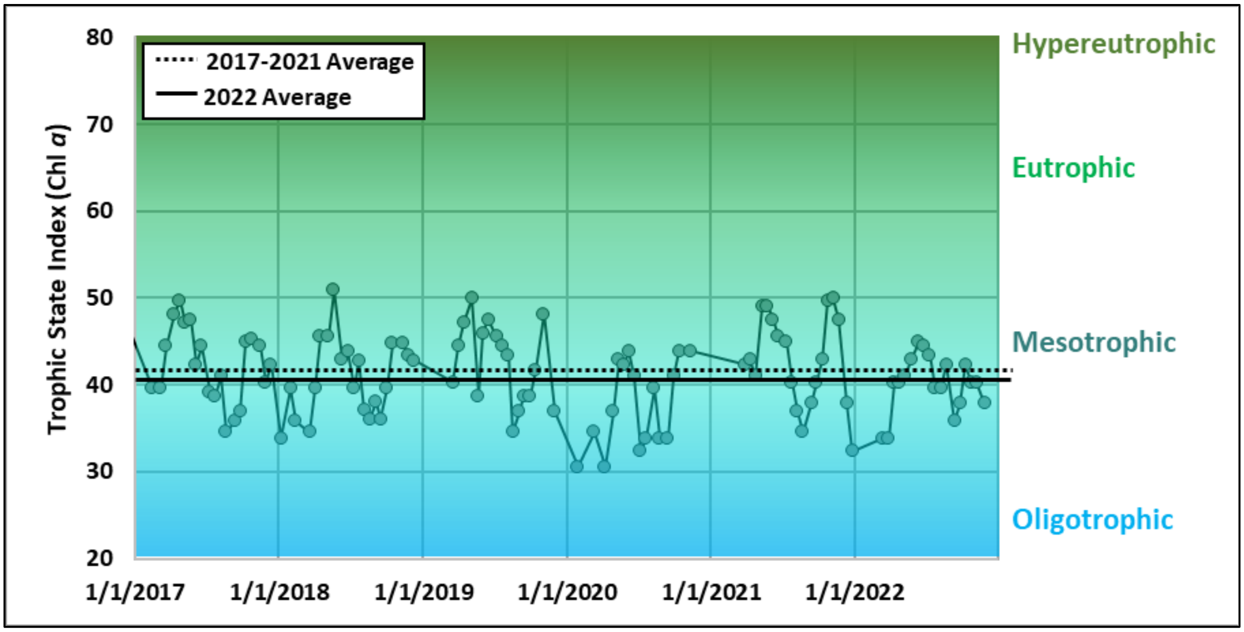


Figure 30. Standley Lake Calculated Carlson TSI Based on Chlorophyll *a* Values, 2017-2022

CHLOROPHYLL *a*

Chlorophyll *a* concentrations measured in the photic zone are shown in Figure 31. March through November is the relevant period for standard assessment and is indicated with the grey box. The maximum concentration measured in 2022 was 4.3 µg/L on June 13, and the largest biovolume percentages on this day consisted of *Asterionella* and *Stephanodiscus*.

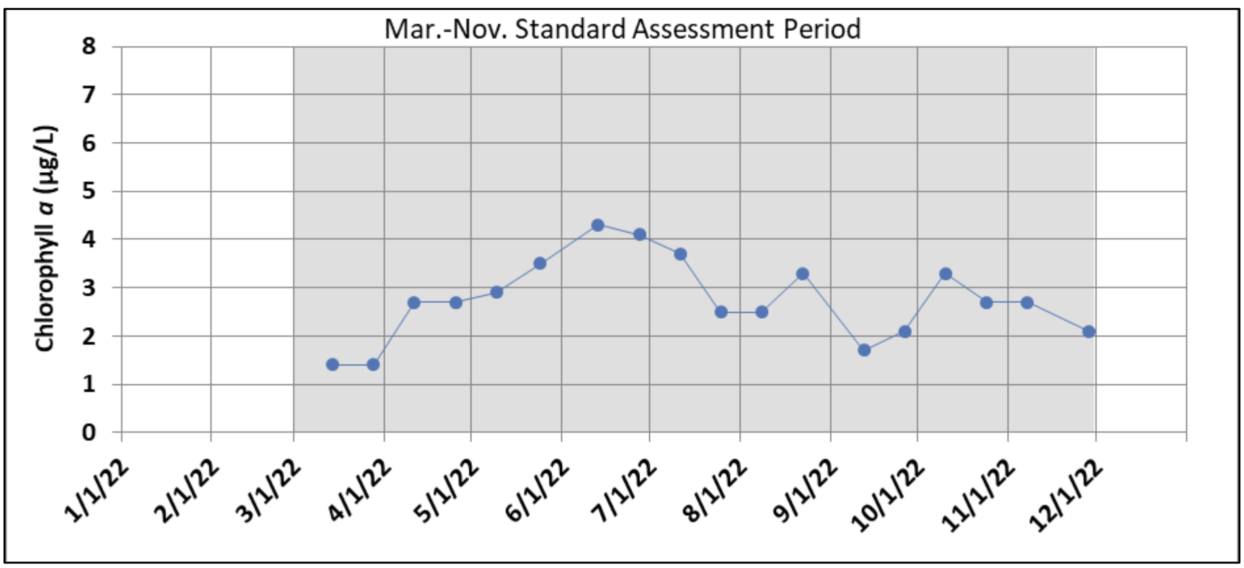


Figure 31. Chlorophyll *a* Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2022 (March-November Assessment Period Grey)

5D. 2022 STANDARD ASSESSMENT – STANDLEY LAKE

A chlorophyll *a* standard of 4.0 µg/L was established in 2009 for Standley Lake. This standard is evaluated on an annual basis using the average of the nine monthly averages of observed data for the period from March through November. To account for the natural variability in chlorophyll *a* concentrations, the standard is assessed using a concentration of 4.4 µg/L with a one in five year allowable exceedance frequency. For 2022, the value of the assessment metric was 2.76 µg/L (Figure 32).

Did we meet the chlorophyll a standard?

Yes, *the standard for chlorophyll* a *in Standley Lake was met in 2022. The 2022 average is compliant with 4.4 µg/L assessment threshold. The standard is met when four out of the five most recent years have a March-though-November average concentration below 4.4 µg/L. The assessment metric of 2.76 µg/L was below the assessment threshold of 4.4 µg/L; therefore, the standard was met.*

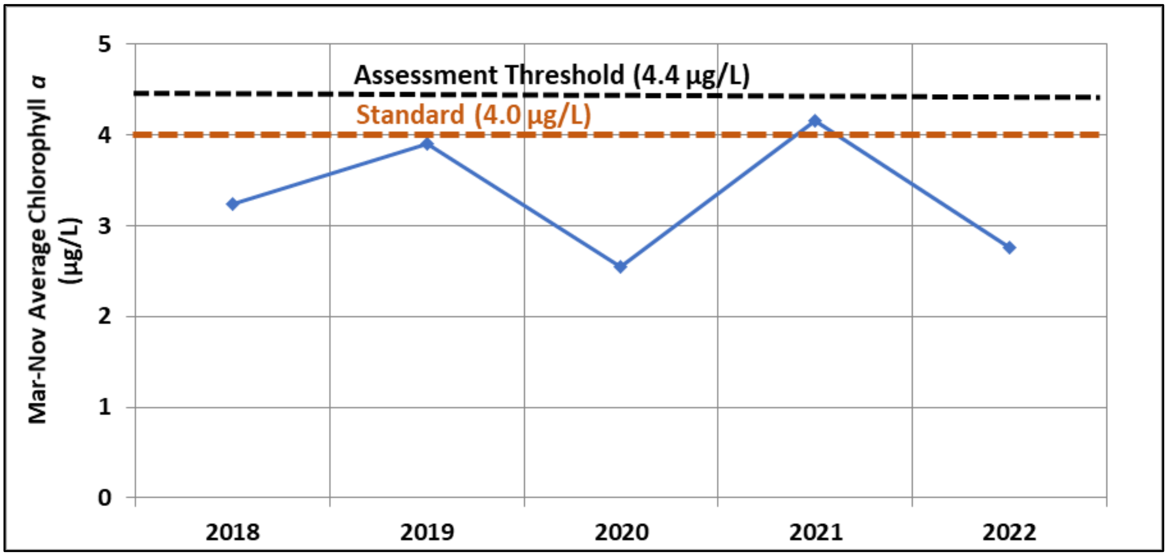


Figure 32. March-November Average Chlorophyll *a* Concentrations, 2018-2022

6. SUMMARY

Collaborative efforts made by UCCWA members, the Standley Lake Cities, and other parties to the 1993 Agreement continue to be successful in enhancing, protecting, and improving water quality in Standley Lake and Clear Creek. This success is evident based on consistent reservoir and watershed monitoring. Wastewater treatment plant upgrades, canal improvements, illicit discharge responses, public outreach events, and a wide host of other BMPs are all ways that the parties to The Agreement continue to contribute to water-quality protection and enhancement.

The Clear Creek Watershed had acceptable water quality in 2022 and showed no signs of degradation relative to the previous five years for the constituents evaluated. Flow rates and TSS loads at the upper station (CC26) were below average, TP loads were above average, and TN loads were average. At the lower stations (CCAS59/60) flows, TP, and TSS loads were below average and TN concentrations were slightly (2%) below average. Dry conditions and low flows in the previous five years have resulted in a tighter five-year average and these differences are due to small amounts of interannual variability.

Water-quality measurements in the Canal Zone indicate that non-point sources provide additional TSS and nutrients to the canals before flowing into Standley Lake. While the FHL and the Croke Canal run parallel to each other, the Croke Canal contributes higher concentrations even during times of steady flow rates. Interestingly, this year the Croke contributed a smaller portion of the flow and nutrient/TSS loads than typical years and it seems the Croke is trending towards lower concentrations overall. The data again indicate that significant amounts of TSS and phosphorus are added to the canal as water flows from Clear Creek to the reservoir.

In general, Standley Lake water quality in 2022 was similar to that of the previous five years. Standley Lake began the year below full capacity, but quickly filled when water became available. As usual, Standley Lake exhibited a period of stratification and hypoxia in the hypolimnion. The reservoir utilized both outlets starting in July until late October. The thermocline depth decreased over time until it reached a depth between the two outlets. Due to the increased period of hypoxic conditions and warm hypolimnetic temperatures, the nutrient concentrations in the hypolimnion were the highest observed during the 2005 to 2022 period of record.

Standley Lake had a similar year to 2020 for chlorophyll *a* concentrations. Chlorophyll *a* concentrations were low this year with a March – November average of 2.76 µg/L. Using the Carlson TSI, Standley Lake continues to be well within the mesotrophic range. As such, Standley Lake met both the chlorophyll *a* and narrative standards in 2022. These data demonstrate the effectiveness of the efforts to manage, enhance, and protect water quality made by collaborating entities. Further explanations and analyses of 2022 water-quality monitoring results are detailed in the Data Analysis and Interpretation Supplement.

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North American Lake Management Society (NALMS). 2021. Trophic State Equations. April 26, 2021. https://www.nalms.org/secchidipin/monitoring-methods/trophic-state-equations/

Web URLs Linked in Document:

City of Arvada Stormwater Program:
https://www.arvadaco.gov/444/Stormwater

City of Golden Stormwater Program:
https://www.cityofgolden.net/government/departments-divisions/public-works/stormwater/

Jefferson County Stormwater Program:
https://www.jeffco.us/2719/Stormwater-Management

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Supplemental Information 1 - Clear Creek/Standley Lake Watershed Agreement

Supplemental Information 2 - Upper Clear Creek/Standley Lake Watershed Water Quality Monitoring Plan

Supplemental Information 3 - Clear Creek / Standley Lake Data Analysis and Interpretation - 2022

Supplemental Information 4 - Clear Creek, Canal, and Standley Lake Water Quality Monitoring Data – 2022

ACRONYMS

AF - Acre Feet

BIL - Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

BMP - Best Management Practice

CC26 - Clear Creek Sampling Station: Clear Creek at Lawson Gage

CCAS26 - Clear Creek Autosampler Station: Clear Creek at Lawson Gage

CC59 - Clear Creek Autosampler Station: Clear Creek 2 Miles West of Highway 58/US6 in Golden. Storm Location Operated by City of Golden

CCAS59 - Clear Creek Autosampler Station: Clear Creek 2 Miles West of Highway 58/US6 in Golden

CC60 - Clear Creek Sampling Station: Clear Creek upstream of the Church Ditch Headgate

CDOT - Colorado Department of Transportation

CDPHE - Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment

CDWA - Church Ditch Water Authority

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

CHRF - Colorado Healthy Rivers Fund

Church - Church Ditch

CPW - Colorado Parks and Wildlife

CR - County Road

Croke - Croke Canal

CWA - Colorado Watershed Assembly

EE/CA - Engineering Evaluation and Cost Analysis

EWM - Eurasian Water Milfoil

FHL - Farmers' High Line Canal

FRICO - Farmers' Reservoir and Irrigation Company

KDPL - Kinnear Ditch Pipeline

LiDAR - Light Detection and Ranging

MGD - Millions of Gallons per Day

MS4 - Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

NRCS - Natural Resources Conservation Service

O&M - Operations and Maintenance

ORP - Oxidation-Reduction Potential

OWTS - On-site Wastewater Treatment System

QZM - Quagga and Zebra Mussels

SWE - Snow Water Equivalent

TN - Total Nitrogen

TP - Total Phosphorus

TSI - Trophic State Index

TSS - Total Suspended Solids

TU - Trout Unlimited

UCCWA - Upper Clear Creek Watershed Association

WQCC - Water Quality Control Commission

WWTF - Wastewater Treatment Facility

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION 1

CLEAR CREEK/STANDLEY LAKE WATERSHED AGREEMENT

Clear Creek / Standley Lake Watershed Agreement

AGREEMENT

The undersigned parties hereto agree as follows:

I. Preamble.

This Agreement seeks to address certain water quality issues and concerns within the Clear Creek Basin of Colorado, and specifically, such issues as they affect the water quality of Standley Reservoir, an agricultural and municipal water supply reservoir located in Jefferson County Colorado, which is supplied with water primarily from Clear Creek. For purposes of this Agreement, the Clear Creek Basin is divided into three (3) areas of segments: the Upper Clear Creek Basin ("Upper Basin"), consisting of Clear Creek and its tributaries from its source to and including the headgate of the Croke Canal in Golden, Colorado; the Standley Lake Tributary Basin ("Tributary Basin"), consisting of the lands directly tributary to Standley Lake, the Church Ditch, the Farmers High Line Canal, the Croke Canal, and lands directly tributary to these Canals; and Standley Lake ("Standley Lake"), consisting of the Lake itself.

The parties to this Agreement are governmental agencies and private corporations having land use, water supply, and/or wastewater treatment responsibilities within the Clear Creek Basin. The parties are: (1) UCCBA; (2) City of Golden; (3) City of Arvada; (4) Jefferson County; (5) Jefferson Center Metropolitan District; (6) City of Westminster; (7) City of Northglenn; (8) City of Thornton; (9) City of Idaho Springs; (10) Clear Creek County; (11) Gilpin County; (12) Black Hawk/Central City Sanitation District; (13) Town of Empire; (14) City of Black Hawk; (15) City of Central; (16) Town of Georgetown; (17) Town of Silverplume; (18) Central Clear Creek Sanitation District; (19) Alice/St. Mary's Metropolitan District; (20) Clear Creek Skiing Corporation; (21) Henderson Mine; (22) Coors Brewing Company; (23) Church Ditch Company; (24) Farmers High Line Canal and Reservoir Company; and (25) Farmers Reservoir and Irrigation Company. For purposes of this Agreement, the parties can be divided into four (4) functional groups, as follows: The Upper Basin Entities ("Upper Basin Users" or "UCCBA"), consisting of the members of the Upper Clear Creek Basin Association (generally representing entities with jurisdiction over land use and wastewater treatment activities in the Upper Basin that can affect water quality in the Upper Basin); the Tributary Basin Entities ("Tributary Basin Entities"), consisting of the Cities of Golden, Arvada, and Westminster, and the County of Jefferson and the Jefferson Center Metropolitan District (generally representing entities with jurisdiction over land use activities that can affect water quality in the Tributary Basin); the Standley Lake Cities ("Standley Lake Cities"), consisting of the Cities of Westminster, Northglenn, and Thornton, (representing the municipal water users from Standley Lake); and the three canal companies (the "Canal Companies"), consisting of the Church Ditch Company, the Farmers High Line Canal and Reservoir Company, and the Farmers Reservoir and Irrigation Company (representing the entities that own and operate canals through which water is conveyed to Standley Lake for municipal and agricultural use).

In accordance with the geographical and functional divisions, this Agreement generally sets out rights and obligations with respect to certain water quality matters within the Clear Creek Basin (as above defined) by area or segment and by functional group.

II. Agreement.

1. The parties will submit a joint alternative proposal to the Water Quality Control Commission ("WQCC") in the matter captioned "For Consideration of Revisions to the Water Quality Classifications and Standards, Including Adoption of a Narrative Standard, for Segment 2, Standley Lake, of Big Dry Creek, in the South Platte Basin, and Adoption of a Standley Lake Control Regulation" on or before December 23, 1993. Said alternative proposal shall contain the following points:

    a. Request the WQCC to adopt a narrative standard only for Standley Lake at this time, with further consideration of any control regulation or numeric criteria for implementation of the standard at or after the triennial review of the South Platte River to be held in 1997. The narrative standard shall require maintenance of Standley Lake in a mesotrophic state, as measured by a combination of relevant indicators, as recommended by the parties' consultants prior to December 23, 1993.

    b. Request language in the Rule and in the Statement of Basis and Purpose for the regulation explaining that during the next triennium ending in 1997 ("triennium") the parties hereto will be conducting additional testing and monitoring, as well as implementing certain best management practices and controls on a voluntary basis, the results of which will be reported to the WQCC on an annual basis, and that point-source discharge permits written during the triennium shall not include any new or more stringent nutrient effluent limitations or wasteload allocations to meet the narrative standard. The proposed language will also refer to the intention of the parties and the Commission that should the narrative standard not be met at the end of the triennium, and substantial progress has not been made in reducing the nutrient loads to Standley Lake, additional measures may be required, including numeric standards or effluent limitations for phosphorous and/or nitrogen in the Upper Basin, and for additional best management controls in Standley Lake to be considered.

2. Should the WQCC fail to approve and adopt the substance of the proposed alternative described in paragraphs 1.a. and 1.b. above, this agreement shall automatically terminate and the parties shall be released from all other obligations and rights hereunder.

3. At or after the triennial review in 1997, the UCCBA and Standley Lake Cities agree that if substantial progress has not been made by the UCCBA in reducing its portion of nutrient loading and in developing controls to maintain appropriate reductions in nutrient loads to Standley Lake sufficient to maintain the narrative standard, they

will jointly petition the Commission to adopt a control regulation for Standley Lake containing the following points:

a. Total Phosphorous effluent limitation of 1.0 mg/l as P as a thirty (30) day average at the Upper Clear Creek Wastewater Treatment Plants, or such other numeric standard(s) or effluent limitations (s) for phosphorous or nitrogen, or in combination, with opportunity for point to point source and nonpoint source to point source trading among the entities that operate the UCCBA treatment plants, as has been determined will be effective in achieving and maintaining the narrative standard for Standley lake. Such numeric standard(s) or effluent limitation(s) shall be implemented over a three year period to allow time for the affected entities to fund, design and construct improvements necessary to meet the standards.

b. In-lake treatment to reduce internal phosphorous loading by 50% from the 1989-90 measured loadings in the 1993 USGS report by Mueller and Ruddy, or such other standards for reduction of internal phosphorous and nitrogen loading as has been determined will be effective in achieving and maintaining the narrative standard for Standley Lake, within three (3) years.

4. The UCCBA, in consultation with the Standley Lake Cities and Tributary Basin Entities will prepare a Best Management Practices Manual by December 31, 1994 for nonpoint sources that will cover disturbed areas of 1 acre or more and use its best efforts to have it approved and adopted for implementation by all jurisdictions within the Upper Basin by July 1, 1995. This Manual will be prepared to deal with the geologic, topographic and weather conditions existing within the Upper Basin to facilitate the reduction of nutrient loading from the various activities of the Upper Basin. This Manual will be coordinated with the Standley Lake Cities and Tributary Basin entities. The plan will include a program for monitoring representative results, to be included in the overall basin monitoring plan. For purposes of development of BMPs, Jeffco will not be considered to be part of the UCCBA.

5. The UCCBA, in consultation with the Standley Lake Cities and the Tributary Basin Entities, will examine the costs and effects of nutrient removal at UCCBA wastewater treatment plants, including operational controls or modifications which would decrease nutrient loads. Recommendations of such review shall be furnished to all the parties hereto by June 30, 1994. The UCCBA will use its best efforts to have its members implement operational modifications which can be implemented without significant capital improvements as quickly as reasonably practical.

6. The Standley Lake Cities, in consultation with the other parties, will develop a Standley Lake Management Plan by December 31, 1994 which will address in-lake nutrient loading and potential nutrient loading from lake activities, water supply operations, recreational activities, and activities in the watershed. The Standley Lake Cities will use their best efforts to implement the Lake Management Plan by

June, 1995. It is understood that the water rights implications of the plan must be considered.

7. The parties will jointly design, implement, and fund in such allocations as they shall agree a monitoring program to evaluate (1) nutrient loadings from point sources; (2) nutrient loadings from non-point sources in the Upper Basin; (3) nutrient loadings from non-point sources in the Tributary Basin; (4) internal Lake loading; and (5) the effect of nutrient reduction measures implemented by the various parties on the trophic status of Standley Lake. The results of the monitoring program will be provided to the Water Quality Control Commission for informational purposes annually. A description of the monitoring program will be included with the Annual Reports.

8. The Tributary Basin Entities and the Standley Lake Cities, in consultation with the other parties, will develop Best Management Practices (BMPs) for each of their jurisdictions by December 31, 1994, and shall use their best efforts to have them adopted as regulations by July, 1995. The BMPs will be designed to remove pollutants to the maximum extent practical considering the costs and benefits of possible measures; provided, however that no retro-fitting of existing construction or development will be required.

9. The Tributary Basin Entities, the Standley Lake Cities and the Canal Companies will develop a Management Plan for the Tributary Basin, addressing stormwater quality and quantity, hazardous substance spills, canal flushing, crossing permits, the Canal Companies' stormwater concerns, and the water rights implications of the above by December, 1994, and use their best efforts to achieve adoption of the portions of the Plan under the control of each entity by July, 1995. If not all affected parties adopt the agreed measures, then the parties that have adopted such measures will determine whether or not to implement the Plan despite such non-adoption by one or more parties.

10. Each functional group (The UCCBA, The Tributary Entities, The Standley Lake Cities, and the Canal Companies) shall provide each other group with semi-annual reports detailing the progress made on the implementation of its responsibilities herein, including development of any BMPs, nutrient reduction programs or controls, or other items required by this agreement, beginning in June, 1994. The parties shall also meet periodically after each report is completed to discuss progress by the parties. It is anticipated that the various functional groups may assign or appoint task groups or committees to address specific tasks or areas of concern (e.g. BMPs; ISDS; Wastewater Plant operational changes; monitoring, etc). If so, then the task groups shall provide the appropriate reports and participate in follow-up meetings.

11. This agreement may be enforced as a contract according to the laws of the State of Colorado; however, this agreement shall not create any right to claim or recover monetary damages for a breach thereof.

12. It is anticipated that other regional agencies with land use and/or water quality responsibilities or impacts within the Clear Creek Basin (as above defined) may join in the parties' monitoring and other efforts pursuant to this Agreement.

13. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - 2

UPPER CLEAR CREEK / STANDLEY LAKE WATERSHED WATER QUALITY MONITORING PLAN

Upper Clear Creek/Standley Lake Watershed

Water Quality Monitoring Plan

Standley Lake, photo courtesy of Eric Scott

May 2021

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APPENDICES

Abbreviations and Acronyms

BH/CC	Blackhawk/Central City
°C	Degrees Centigrade
CC	Clear Creek
cfs	cubic feet per second
COC	chain of custody
CWQCC	Colorado Water Quality Control Commission
DI	Deionized Water
DO	Dissolved Oxygen
DRP	Dissolved Reactive Phosphorus (ortho-Phosphate-P)
EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
FHL	Farmers Highline Canal
FRICO	Farmers Reservoir and Irrigation Company
HCl	Hydrochloric acid
KDPL	Kinnear Ditch Pipe Line
LDMS	Laboratory Data Management System
µg/L	micrograms per liter
µS/cm	microsiemens per centimeter
m	meter
mgd	million gallons per day
mg/L	milligrams per liter
MSCC	Mainstem Clear Creek
mv	millivolt
N	Nitrogen
NFCC	North Fork Clear Creek
NG	City of Northglenn
NPS	Nonpoint Source
NTU	Nephelometric Turbidity Units
fDOM	Fluorescent Dissolved Organic Matter
ORP	Oxidation Reduction Potential
OWTS	Onsite Wastewater Treatment System
pCi/L	picocuries per liter
P	Phosphorus
QC	Quality Control
SDWA	Safe Drinking Water Act
SFCC	South Fork Clear Creek
SLC	Standley Lake Cities
SLWQIGA	Standley Lake Water Quality Intergovernmental Agreement
SM	Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater
TH	City of Thornton
TOC	Total Organic Carbon
TSS	Total Suspended Solids
TVSS	Total Volatile Suspended Solids
UCC	Upper Clear Creek
USGS	United States Geological Survey
Westy	City of Westminster
WFCC	West Fork Clear Creek
WMA	Upper Clear Creek Watershed Management Agreement
WQIGA	Water Quality Intergovernmental Agreement (Standley Lake)
WQS	Colorado Water Quality Standards (Regs #31 and #38)
WTP	Water Treatment Plant
WWTP	Wastewater Treatment Plant

Staff from Golden, Northglenn, Thornton, and Westminster at the 2017 Standley Lake Analyst Appreciation Picnic

MONITORING PROGRAMS OVERVIEW

Introduction

The quality of the water in Standley Lake has been monitored for more than two decades. Efforts to protect Standley Lake through State water quality regulations culminated in adoption of the numeric chlorophyll *a* standard for the lake in 2009. The Colorado Water Quality Control Commission ("CWQCC") established the chlorophyll *a* standard at 4.0 µg/L with a statistically derived assessment threshold of 4.4 µg/L. The standard is based on the arithmetic average of the individual monthly average chlorophyll *a* data for samples collected during March through November in each year. Exceedance of the standard would occur if the yearly 9-month average of the monthly chlorophyll *a* average results is greater than 4.4 µg/L more frequently than once in five years. In addition, a version of the narrative standard adopted in 1993 was also retained stating that the trophic status of Standley Lake shall be maintained as mesotrophic as measured by a combination of common indicator parameters such as total phosphorus, chlorophyll *a*, secchi depth and dissolved oxygen. The voluntary implementation of best management practices clause included in the 1993 version of the standard was eliminated from the 2009 narrative standard.

The Standley Lake Cities ("SLC") of Northglenn, Thornton and Westminster remain committed to effective and efficient water quality monitoring in the watershed as originally agreed to in the 1993 Watershed Management Agreement. The Standley Lake Water Quality Intergovernmental Agreement ("SLWQIGA" or "WQIGA"), entered into between the SLC, details the provisions for costs sharing related to cooperative efforts regarding water quality issues in the Clear Creek Basin and Standley Lake. The WQIGA monitoring program is subdivided into three inter-related programs for which the SLC provide field sampling, laboratory analyses and data management support: the Upper Clear Creek Monitoring Program, the Tributary Basin Monitoring Program and the Standley Lake Monitoring Program.

The Monitoring Committee was formed to periodically evaluate the monitoring programs and propose appropriate modifications as necessary. The proposals are evaluated by the SLWQIGA committee prior to implementation. Representatives from the SLC, Upper Clear Creek Basin and the Tributary Basin are actively involved in committee activities as appropriate. This document details the specific requirements and responsibilities of the SLC and outlines the commitments of additional entities involved in the Standley Lake watershed monitoring programs.

Standley Lake serves as the sole drinking water source for the cities of Northglenn and Westminster and is one of several drinking water sources for the city of Thornton. The monitoring program is designed to collect samples from a variety of locations in the watershed with varying anthropogenic and natural sources of pollutants. The data is used for trend analysis, modeling and for numerous other applications. Interpretation of the results allows the upstream and downstream communities to work cooperatively to minimize impacts to water quality.

Safety Considerations

The personal safety of the sampling team members is paramount in the decision making process for collection of water quality samples. At no time should personal safety be jeopardized in order to collect a sample. Environmental conditions may change suddenly and are variable throughout the watershed.

The following safety measures should be observed during all sampling activities:

- Sample collection should be performed by a two person team whenever possible.
- Weather conditions at the sampling sites should be evaluated prior to leaving the laboratory.
- Personal flotation devices should be worn if the creek water level is greater than twelve inches deep. Hydrostatically triggered, self-inflating personal flotation devices are recommended for non-lake sampling, as the device will automatically inflate if the sensor is submerged below six inches of water.
- Personal flotation devices are mandatory on Standley Lake. Lake sampling team members should be experienced swimmers.
- Wear waterproof gloves and sock liners, as appropriate.
- Exercise caution on slippery rocks, river banks and boat docks.
- Cell phones must be available during sampling, but be aware that cell phone signals are not reliable in all areas of Clear Creek Canyon.
- First aid kits must be available in all sampling vehicles, including boats. It is recommended that sampling team members be trained in basic first aid techniques.
- Supervisors are notified of the sampling team's itinerary and the expected return time to the lab. Sampling teams will notify supervisors of any delay in the expected return time.

UPPER CLEAR CREEK MONITORING PROGRAM

The Upper Clear Creek ("UCC") Monitoring Program is designed to provide water quality information in order to evaluate nutrient loadings from both point sources (discrete) and non-point sources (dispersed) within the Upper Clear Creek Basin.

The UCC Monitoring Program includes three distinct sub-programs, each designed to obtain water quality data during specified conditions:

- ambient grab samples;
- continuous stream monitoring and the automated collection of 24-hour ambient samples, and
- the automated collection of event samples.

Sampling at CC15 during a Long Schedule

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Program Coordination and Sampling Team: Thornton

Grab samples are single, point-in-time samples collected in-stream throughout the Upper Clear Creek Basin. Grab sample locations were selected to correspond with established USGS gage stations and additional sites have been included over the years as the monitoring program has evolved. Refer to the table below for sample site locations. The rationale for selection of the specific sampling sites is included in Appendix A. A map of the watershed is included in Appendix B.

Grab samples are collected five times during the year to correspond with seasonally varying flow conditions in Clear Creek. The *Short Schedule* is collected three times per year (February, April and December) and includes four stream locations. The *Long Schedule* is collected twice per year (June and October) and includes 15 stream locations. Laboratory analytical protocols and Thornton's internal sampling programs limit sample collection to only Wednesdays. Sampling is performed each year on approximately the same schedule. The specific sampling dates for the year are predetermined at the beginning of the year.

Since 2013, Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP) effluent samples collected by treatment plant staff are analyzed for nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus) by commercial laboratories in accordance with Colorado Regulation 85. Sampling and analysis plans were developed by each WWTP outlining the monitoring locations, frequency and analytical parameters for testing. The analytical data reported by the WWTPs to the Colorado Water Quality Control Division will be included in the watershed annual reports.

WWTP Effluent Sample ID	Sample Location
CC1A	Loveland WWTP
CC3A	Georgetown WWTP
CC5A	Empire WWTP
CC7A	Central Clear Creek WWTP
CC8A	St Mary's WWTP
CC12A	Idaho Springs WWTP
CC13B	Black Hawk/Central City WWTP
CC14A	Henderson Mine WWTP
CC15A	Eisenhower Tunnel WWTP

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Locations and Sample Schedule

Clear Creek Sample ID	Flow Gage	Sample Location *	Feb	Apr	Jun	Oct	Dec
CC05	Staff gage	MSCC at Bakerville			X	X	
CC10	Recording gage	SFCC upstream of Georgetown Reservoir			X	X	
CC15	Staff gage	WFCC below Berthoud			X	X	
CC20	Recording gage	WFCC below Empire			X	X	
CC25	Recording gage	MSCC above WFCC			X	X	
CC26	Recording gage	MSCC at Lawson Gage	X	X	X	X	X
CC30	Staff gage	Fall River above MSCC			X	X	
CC34	----	MSCC above Chicago Creek			X	X	
CC35	Recording gage	Chicago Creek above Idaho Springs WTP			X	X	
CC40	Recording gage	MSCC below Idaho Springs WWTP (US 6 and I-70)	X	X	X	X	X
CC44	Staff gage	NFCC above BH/CC WTP intake			X	X	
CC50	Recording gage	NFCC at the mouth	X	X	X	X	X
CC52	----	Beaver Brook at the mouth			X	X	
CC53	----	Soda Creek at the mouth			X	X	
CC60	----	MSCC at Church Ditch Headgate	X	X	X	X	X

* MSCC = Mainstem Clear Creek WFCC = West Fork Clear Creek WTP = Water Treatment Plant
SFCC = South Fork Clear Creek NFCC = North Fork Clear Creek WWTP = Wastewater Treatment Plan

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Analytical Parameters for Creek samples – includes parameters for both Short and Long Schedules

Analyte	Analytical Method Reference	Reporting Limit Goal	Responsible Laboratory
Total Nitrogen	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.02 mg/L	Westminster
Nitrate/Nitrite as N	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Ammonia as N	SM 4500-NH3 H	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Total Phosphorus	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Ortho-phosphate as P (dissolved) or DRP	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	SM 5310 B	0.5 mg/L	Thornton
Total Suspended Solids	SM 2540 D	1 mg/L	Thornton
Temperature (field)	SM 2550 B	1.0 °C	Thornton
pH (field)	SM 4500-H+ B-2000	1.0 Std Units	Thornton
Conductivity (field)	SM 2510 B-1997	10 µS/cm	Thornton
Turbidity (field)	ASTM D7315	1.0 NTU	Thornton
Dissolved Oxygen (field)	ASTM D888-09 (C)	1.0 mg/L	Thornton
Stream Depth	Staff gage reading	0.1 ft	Thornton

Table Notes:
1) SM refers to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.
2) Reporting limit goals are matrix dependent and may be increased for complex matrices and may be lower depending on laboratory capability.
3) TOC is analyzed on samples from sites CC05, CC20, CC26, CC35, CC40, CC50, CC52, CC53, and CC60 during the Long Schedule events. TOC is analyzed on all four creek grab samples during the Short Schedule events.
4) YSI/Xylem ProDSS or 6-series sondes are used for field measurements.

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Flow Monitoring

Various mechanisms are employed throughout the watershed for monitoring the hydrologic conditions at strategic locations. USGS real-time recording gages are installed at CC10, CC20, CC25, CC26, CC35, CC50 and CC61 (Clear Creek at Golden). USGS staff gages are in place at CC05, CC15, CC30 and CC44. The staff gage readings are recorded to the nearest 0.1 foot and may be converted to stream flow using the USGS calibration rating curve established for the location.

The recording gage at CC40 (Clear Creek at US 6 and I-70) is operated and maintained by Clear Creek Consultants on behalf of UCCWA. The SLC provide financial support for the USGS gages at CC05 at Bakerville (staff gage), CC15 on the West Fork below Berthoud (staff gage), and CC26 at Lawson (recording gage). The SLC provide financial support for the Department of Natural Resources staff gage at CC30 on Fall River at the mouth. The city of Golden provides financial support for the USGS gage on the West Fork of Clear Creek at Empire.

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Program Coordination and Sampling Team - Short Schedule:Thornton

Two weeks before the scheduled Clear Creek sampling date:

- Contact Westminster and Northglenn to request adequate supply of sample bottles from each lab.
- Prepare four sample kits as directed below. Each sample bottle kit includes the containers for sampling at one location.

Sample Bottle Kit Prep- Short Schedule

Destination	Quantity	Volume	Bottle Type	Parameter	Laboratory	Additional Documentation
Clear Creek Team – Feb, April and Dec **ONLY** (Collect samples at CC26, CC40, CC50 and CC60)	4	500 mL	Rectangular plastic	Phosphorus series	Northglenn	Instructions, COCs and one field data sheet
	4	500 mL	Plastic jug	TSS	Thornton	
	4	125 mL	Rectangular brown plastic	Nitrogen series	Westminster	
	4	40 mL	Glass vial	TOC	Thornton	

Table Notes:
1) Phosphorus series includes total P and dissolved ortho-phosphate-P (also referred to as DRP).
2) Nitrogen series includes total N, ammonia-N and nitrate/nitrite-N.
3) The additional documentation forms are included in Appendix C.

On Clear Creek sampling day (Short Schedule):

- Calibrate field equipment in the lab. Ensure all probes and meters are working properly before leaving the lab. Take aliquots of the standards into the field to check instrument calibration if necessary.

- At each sample location, collect samples and analyze for field parameters (pH, temperature, DO, conductivity, and turbidity). Complete the COC and record all results on the Field Data Sheet (refer to Appendix C).

- The field samples are returned to the Thornton Lab and refrigerated until pickup by Westminster and Northglenn personnel. The samples are relinquished to Westminster (nitrogen) and Northglenn (phosphorus) and the COCs are signed appropriately. The original copies of the COCs are retained by Westminster and Northglenn. Original field data sheets and copies of the COCs are retained by the city of Thornton for permanent archive.

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Sampling Locations Directions and Narrative Descriptions - Short Schedule

Sampling Frequency: Feb, April, Dec

POINT	DIRECTIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF LOCATION
CC26	Travel westbound I-70 to exit at Lawson. Travel frontage road through Lawson. Immediately before the I-70 overpass, on your right, is a parking area. Sample creek at gage and USGS sampling station by bridge. [RECORDING GAGE] (39-45-57N/105-37-32W) **Sample TOC**
CC40	Traveling eastbound on I-70 take US 6 exit. Pull off in parking area just east of the off ramp. (Tributary Restaurant is across the road) Sample approx. 100 yards east of stop sign below recording gage. (39-44-47N/105-26-08W) [RECORDING GAGE] **Sample TOC**
CC50	Travel Hwy 119 eastbound toward US 6. Approximately 2 miles downstream of the Black Hawk/Central City WWTP and ¼ mile upstream from intersection is a pullout area to the right immediately before the junction. Sample at the recording gage. (39-44-56N/105-23-57W) [RECORDING GAGE] **Sample TOC**
CC60	Approximately 1 mile west of the intersection of Hwy 58 and US 6. Park in the pullout on the south side of highway and walk down (or drive) downhill to the Church Ditch diversion structure. Go across the bridge and sample from the main stem of Clear Creek. Do not sample from Church Ditch. (39-45-11N/105-14-40W) **Sample TOC**

Photographs of the sampling locations and GPS coordinates are included in Appendix D.

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Program Coordination and Sampling Teams - Long Schedule: Thornton

Two weeks before the scheduled Clear Creek sampling date:

- Contact Westminster and Northglenn to request adequate supply of sample bottles from each lab.
- Prepare sample kits as directed below. Each sample bottle kit includes the containers for sampling at one location.
- Coordinate with Northglenn to borrow the YSI multiprobe for use on the sampling day.

Prepare sample bottle kits as directed below. Each sample bottle kit contains the prepared sample bottles to collect samples at one location. Prepare 15 bottle kits: 8 kits Creek Team A and 7 kits for Creek Team B.

Sample Bottle Kit Prep- Long Schedule

Destination	Quantity	Volume	Bottle Type	Parameter	Laboratory	Additional Documentation
Clear Creek Team A (Collects samples at CC25, CC05, CC10, CC26, CC34, CC35, CC52 and CC53)	8	500 mL	Rectangular plastic	Phosphorus series	Northglenn	One set of: Instructions, COCs and one field data sheet
	8	16 oz	Plastic	TSS	Thornton	
	8	125 mL	Brown plastic	Nitrogen series	Westminster	
	5	40 mL	Glass vial	TOC	Thornton	
Clear Creek Team B (Collects samples at CC15, CC20, CC30, CC40, CC44, CC50 and CC60)	7	500 mL	Rectangular plastic	Phosphorus series	Northglenn	One set of: Instructions, COCs and one field data sheet
	7	16 oz	Plastic	TSS	Thornton	
	7	125 mL	Brown plastic	Nitrogen series	Westminster	
	4	40 mL	Glass vial	TOC	Thornton	
QC	4	Half gallon	1:1 HCl-rinsed plastic	QC spikes and dups for Golden	Thornton	QC sampling completed by Team A in May and Team B in October.
	1 (blank)	1 L	Rectangular plastic	Phosphorus series	Northglenn	
	1 (blank)	250 mL	Brown plastic	Nitrogen series	Westminster	

Table Notes:
1) Phosphorus series includes total P and dissolved ortho-phosphate-P (also referred to as DRP).
2) Nitrogen series includes total N, ammonia-N and nitrate/nitrite-N.
3) The additional documentation forms are included in Appendix C.

On Clear Creek sampling day (Long Schedule):

- Calibrate field equipment in the lab. Ensure all probes and meters are working properly before leaving the lab. Take aliquots of the standards into the field to check instrument calibration if necessary.

- Prepare coolers with ice and sample bottle kits. The Creek Team chosen for QC sampling must also include in the field sample bottle kit: field blank bottles (nitrogen and phosphorus), and at least 4 half-gallon bottles for QC samples. Thornton prepares both sample kits for Clear Creek Teams A and B and will provide the extra materials needed for the QC sampling in the appropriate sample kit.

- At each sample location, collect samples and analyze for field parameters (pH, temperature, DO, conductivity, and turbidity). Complete the COC and record all results on the Field Data Sheet (refer to Appendix C). Samples will be collected at all creek sites for nitrogen series, phosphorus series and TSS. TOC samples are collected only at designated creek sites: CC05, CC20, CC26, CC35, CC40, CC50, CC52, CC53, and CC60.

- The Clear Creek Team selected for QC sampling will randomly select four creek sites. Collect one sample (half-gallon, HCl-rinsed bottle) at four randomly selected creek sites for preparation of the spike and duplicate nutrient QC samples by Thornton staff.

- Complete the COC for the QC samples.

- Return to the Thornton Lab when sampling is completed. Relinquish the QC samples to the Thornton Lab staff.

- Thornton's Lab staff prepares one duplicate and one spike sample for total nitrogen and total phosphorus from the four QC samples.

- Analyze and complete any missed field parameters as allowable.

- Make one copy of each team's field data sheet for Westminster to use for logging in the samples to the electronic spreadsheet.

- The field samples and prepared QC samples are relinquished to Westminster (nitrogen) and Northglenn (phosphorus) and the COCs are signed appropriately. The original copies of the COCs are retained by Westminster and Northglenn. Original field data sheets and copies of the COCs are retained by the city of Thornton for permanent archive.

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Sampling Locations Directions and Narrative Descriptions - Long Schedule

Clear Creek Team A

Sampling frequency: Jun, Oct

Sample bottles: Creek sites: One 500mL rectangular (phosphorus series), one 500 mL (TSS), one 125 mL (nitrogen series) and one 40 mL amber glass vial (TOC) as required.

POINT	DIRECTIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF LOCATION
CC05	1-70 westbound to Exit 221 (Bakerville); go south back over Interstate (left). Park at call box. Take sample upstream of parking area, read gage located downstream. [STAFF GAGE] (39-41-31N/105-48-15W) **Sample TOC**
CC10	I-70 eastbound to Georgetown. Begin at intersection of 6th and Rose in Georgetown. Go 2.2 miles up Guanella Pass Road (go to the first lake). U-turn by the inlet and park on the right side of road. Sample from stream above lake inlet point. [RECORDING GAGE] (39-41-11N/105-42-00W)
CC25	Return towards but do not enter I-70. Instead take the frontage road (Alvarado Road) back towards Empire. Travel on the road approximately 3.3 miles until you see a large dirt pull off on the left, across the road from the cemetery. You'll need to hop the barb wire fence to access the creek. Sample near the culvert under I-70. (39-45-05N/105-39-45W)
CC26	Continue approximately 2.3 miles down Alvarado Road towards and through Lawson. Immediately before the road curves left under I-70 is a parking area straight ahead through an opening at the end of a guardrail. Sample creek at gage and USGS sampling station by the bridge over the creek. [RECORDING GAGE] (39-45-57N/105-37-32W) **Sample TOC**
CC34	From I-70 (either direction) Exit 240 (Chicago Creek), pull off in the small parking area on the other side of the bridge. Sample the main stem of Clear Creek upstream of Chicago Creek across from the Forest Service Building. (39-44-26N/105-31-17W)
CC35	Continue approx. 3.7 miles on Hwy 103. Pull off on the right shoulder just past the green roofed house that looks like a barn (on the left). Sample where the creek emerges from the culvert underneath the road. Note: a nearby homeowner is suspicious of people along the south side of the road. [RECORDING GAGE] (39-42-58N/105-34-15W) **Sample TOC**
CC52	Exit I-70 eastbound at Beaver Brook/Floyd Hill (Exit #247). Turn Left to the north frontage road (US Hwy 40). Travel east approximately 2.4 miles. Pull off to the side of road and sample Beaver Brook at this point.(39-43-7N/105-22-4W) **Sample TOC**
CC53	Continue travelling east bound 0.3 miles and cross the second white bridge. Exit immediately on the right to Soda Creek Drive. Park on the right. Sample Soda Creek upstream of the bridge. (39-42-50N/105-21-42W) **Sample TOC**

Photographs of the sampling locations and GPS coordinates are included in Appendix D.

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES
Sampling Locations Directions and Narrative Descriptions - Long Schedule

Clear Creek Team B

Sampling frequency: Jun, Oct

Sample bottles: Creek sites: One 500 mL rectangular (phosphorus series), one 500 mL (TSS), one 125 mL (nitrogen series) and one 40 mL amber glass vial (TOC) as required.

POINT	DIRECTIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF LOCATION
CC15	Travel west on US 40 through Empire. Begin at Empire Dairy King and continue 6.0 miles west on US 40. There is a large pullout on the creek side of highway with a large stump in the middle of the pullout located a ¼ mile past mile marker 250. Sample directly below the stump at the creek. Staff gage is along the north bank of stream next to a tree at the stream's edge. (39-46-05N/105-47-36W) [Read the STAFF GAGE and record on the field data sheet]
CC20	Returning back through Empire eastbound, travel along the road\ramp from US 40 to Westbound I-70. Immediately after turning onto road/ramp, there is a large open space on right side of road\ramp. Park in open space and cross road to the Colorado Dept. of Transportation (CDOT) fence enclosing their maintenance yard. Enter fence and sample approximately 100 feet downstream of bridge at recording gage. (39-45-23N/105-39-34W) [RECORDING GAGE] **Sample TOC**
CC30	East on 1-70. Exit 238 (Fall River Road/St. Mary's Glacier). Approximately 100 yards up Fall River Road, there is a small turnout on right by a wooden support wall. Cross road and sample creek at staff gage. (39-45-23N/105-33-20W) [Read the STAFF GAGE and record on the field data sheet]
CC40	Traveling eastbound on I-70 take US 6 exit. Pull off in parking area just east of the off ramp. (Tributary Restaurant is across the road) Sample approximately 100 yards east of stop sign below recording gage. (39-44-47N/105-26-08W) [RECORDING GAGE] **Sample TOC**
CC44	Continue east on US 6 to 119. Drive west on 119 to Black Hawk. From the Black Hawk intersection travel westbound approximately 1 mile on Hwy 119. There is a small wooden building and parking area on the left side of the road. This is the Black Hawk water intake. Walk approximately 100 feet upstream and sample at staff gage. (39-44-56N/105-23-57W) [STAFF GAGE] Record the staff gage and sample near there.
CC50	Continue on Hwy 119 eastbound toward US 6. Approximately 1 mile downstream of the Black Hawk/Central City WWTP and ¼ mile upstream from intersection is a pullout area to the right immediately before the junction. Sample at the recording gage. (39-44-56N/105-23-57W) [RECORDING GAGE] **Sample TOC**

CC60 Site is approximately 1 mile west of intersection of Hwy 58 and US 6. Park in the pullout on the south side of highway and walk down (or drive) downhill to the Church Ditch diversion structure. Go across the bridge and sample from the main stem of Clear Creek. Do not sample from Church Ditch. (39-45-11N/105-14-40W) **Sample TOC**

Photographs of the sampling locations and GPS coordinates are included in Appendix D.

UCC – AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

QA/QC Program - Long Schedule Only

Duplicate and spike quality control samples are prepared from creek samples collected during the Clear Creek Long Schedule sampling events for selected nutrients and are analyzed by Westminster (total nitrogen) and Northglenn (total phosphorus). The QC samples are prepared by the city of Thornton at their laboratory on the day of sampling. Four creek locations are randomly selected for preparation of the QC samples. One duplicate and one spike are submitted to each Westminster and Northglenn.

In 2018, Thornton took over preparation of QC samples from the city of Golden. Only commercially prepared, certified of nitrate-N and phosphate stock standards are used. All calculations below are for phosphate as P. Thornton staff will need to remain vigilant of that as all stock standards are phosphate as PO_4. Multiply all concentrations as PO_4 by 0.326 to convert into concentrations as P.

The analytical procedure for QC preparation is detailed below:

- Prepare 4 sample bottles for spike and duplicate samples. Bottles used for spike and duplicate prep are provided by the city of Thornton and are the plastic HCl-washed, 16-ounce “milk type” bottles.

- The bottles are marked with (##) corresponding to the date of the sampling (for example, “061419” for June 14, 2019). Mark the 4 bottles with the following information:
    - Northglenn - P(##) - Spike for phosphate-P, Date of sampling.
    - Northglenn - D(##) - Duplicate for phosphate-P, Date of sampling.
    - Westminster - N(##) - Spike for nitrate-N, Date of sampling.
    - Westminster - D(##) - Duplicate for nitrate-N, Date of sampling.

- Select ONE of these as the QC sample (**spike and duplicate)** and set aside. Record which site was chosen in the QC log book. This sample will be spiked with both nitrogen and phosphorus at concentrations within the analytical ranges of Northglenn's and Westminster's labs.

- To Prepare Spiked Sample:
    - Rinse out a clean 1-Liter volumetric flask with DI.
    - Then rinse flask with a small portion of the selected QC Creek sample - 2 times.
    - Fill the flask half way with creek sample.
    - Add appropriate amounts of phosphate-P and nitrate-N to the flask:

        - Amounts for phosphate-P are within a total spiked concentration of 0.00875 to 0.015 ppm.
        - Amounts for nitrate-N are within a total spiked concentration of 0.15 to 0.3 ppm.
    - Mix well.
    - Add remaining amount of creek sample to bring the volume up to 1 liter. Use a pipet as pouring accurately from the half-gallon bottle will be difficult.
    - Mix well and pour into 2 bottles labeled for spike samples ("N" and "P").

- <u>To Prepare Duplicate Sample</u>:
    - Thoroughly mix remaining Clear Creek sample.
    - Pour into 2 bottles labeled for duplicates ("D").

- Record the following information:
    - the new (##) number discussed earlier,
    - the Clear Creek sample site number that was selected for preparation of the QC samples, and
    - spike concentrations for phosphorus and nitrogen.

- It is advisable to email QC information (spikes values and identity of QC parent samples) to Westminster and Northglenn at a later date so it is not accidentally lost. Westminster will record QC results and recoveries into the shared database.

- Add the QC samples to the chain of custody forms for the respective labs along with the rest of their creek samples.

Collecting ambient autosampler samples from CC50

UCC AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Program Coordination and Sampling Team: Westminster

Autosampler sites were selected at strategic locations in the watershed in order to assess diurnal variations and sporadic weather events that would normally not be captured by the discreet, grab sampling. The different autosamplers are set to trigger at specific times based on streamflow as to better characterize changes in water quality from one site to another.

The 24-hour ambient composites are collected with programmable automatic sampling devices. Each of the 12 sample bottles represents a two hour time period, resulting from collecting equal volumes of sample in each of two consecutive hours; therefore, 24 hours of samples are collected in 12 bottles. The 12 discrete samples are composited into one 24-hour sample on a time weighted basis (i.e. equal sample volumes are taken from 12 discrete autosampler bottles and combined into a single composite sample). Additional discrete or composite samples may be submitted for analysis based on anomalies noted in field observations for the individual autosampler bottles.

Ambient samples are collected approximately seven times per year on a monthly schedule starting in April and ending in October. The schedule for the ambient sampling is based on clear weather predictions and is staggered at different times during the week, including weekends. To assist with sample pick-up logistics between the cities of Northglenn and Thornton, efforts will be made to set these sampling periods to be collected on Monday or Tuesday of the fourth week of the month. This may not always be possible due to weather forecasts, stream flows, or other uncontrollable factors.

Analytical probes and data logging equipment are active at most of the autosampler sites year-round to continuously monitor in-stream conditions for temperature, conductivity, pH, ORP, turbidity and fDOM. From April through October, or as weather conditions permit, a depth/pressure probe may be installed at some locations. YSI/Xylem multi-probe sondes are deployed at each autosampler location. The sample locations are equipped with data loggers and cellular telephone modems for remote monitoring of water quality conditions in the watershed and to remotely control activation of the autosamplers.

UCC AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES
Sample Locations

CCAS26	Mainstem of CC at USGS Lawson gage
CCAS49	Mainstem of CC above the confluence with the North Fork
CCAS50	North Fork of CC above confluence with Mainstem of CC at USGS gage
CCAS59*	Mainstem of CC above Golden and Church Ditch diversions

*In 2016, Westminster assumed responsibility for sample collection at and maintenance of the new autosampler location at CCAS59 installed approximately 100 feet upstream of the city of Golden's CC59 station.

UCC AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES
Flow Monitoring

USGS gages provide the average daily flow associated with the 24-hour composite samples for the ambient autosamplers. Flow data is obtained directly from the gage stations at CC26 and CC50 to correlate with CCAS26 and CCAS50, respectively. Flow data from the gage at CC40 is used to correlate to CCAS49 because there are rarely significant inflows to or diversions from Clear Creek between CC40 and CCAS49.

The flow data associated with CCAS59 is considered to be an estimated flow. The flows diverted to the city of Golden water treatment plant and the Church Ditch will be added to the gage flows recorded at the USGS gage at CC61 (Clear Creek at Golden) to estimate the flow at CCAS59.

UCC AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES
Analytical Parameters

Analyte	Analytical Method Reference	Reporting Limit Goal	Responsible Laboratory
Total Nitrogen	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.02 mg/L	Westminster
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Ammonia-N	SM 4500-NH3 H	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Total Phosphorus	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Ortho-phosphate-P (dissolved) or DRP	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	SM 2540 D	1 mg/L	Thornton
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	SM 5310 B	0.5 mg/L	Thornton
pH (field)	SM 4500-H+ B-2000	1.0 Std Units	Westminster
Temperature (field)	SM 2550 B	1.0 °C	Westminster
Conductivity (field)	SM 2510 B-1997	10 µS/cm	Westminster
Turbidity (field)	ASTM D7315	1.0 NTU	Westminster
Total and Dissolved Cadmium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Copper	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Iron	EPA 200.7	0.02 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Lead	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Manganese	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Zinc	EPA 200.8	0.02 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory

Table Notes:
1) SM refers to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.
2) Reporting limit goals are matrix dependent and may be increased for complex matrices and may be lower depending on laboratory capability.
3) EPA recommended holding times less than 72 hours may not be met due to the extended sampling routine.
4) Samples collected for nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus) with a turbidity reading of greater than 100 NTU may be analyzed by commercial laboratories that have demonstrated proficiency in analyzing complex matrices for nutrients.
5) Metals will be analyzed in May, July and October on the Creek intended to capture low, medium and high ambient canal flows delivered to Standley Lake.
6) YSI/Xylem 6-series or EXO sondes are used for field measurements.

UCC AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Field Equipment

Equipment Installed At Autosampler Locations

- Permanent and tamper-proof enclosure box with lock
- American Sigma 900, 900 Max or other automated sampler
- Power supply – solar panel, rechargeable battery or direct power
- Sample tubing long enough to reach from the autosampler to the streambed. Probes must be contained in protective piping secured in the creek bed
- Dedicated sonde with field probes for turbidity, temperature, conductivity and pH
- Depth/pressure sensor
- Recording gage at CC26 – Operated and maintained by USGS
- Staff gage and recording gage at CC50 – Operated and maintained by USGS
- Rain gage at CC59 – Operated and maintained by Clear Creek Consultants for the city of Golden
- 24 discrete HCl or Citric Acid washed and rinsed bottles with caps. Bottles must be numbered and inserted in the designated position in autosampler (positions numbered 1 through 24). Though samples will only be collected in bottles 1-12, a full rack of sample bottles is required to secure sample bottles in place.
- Continuous recording datalogger
- Cellular modem and antenna at CC26, CC50 and CCAS59

UCC AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Autosampler Operation

On a monthly basis between April and October, autosamplers are set to collect time-weighted discrete samples for a 24-hour period. The autosamplers are strategically located in order to correlate stream flow with the chemical water quality data collected on the samples. In order to associate the relative impacts of the point and nonpoint pollutant sources located between the sample stations, it is advisable to observe the same “slug” of water at both the upstream and downstream locations. Using the “time of travel” study conducted by USGS in 1999, activation of the downstream autosamplers on Clear Creek are delayed for a predetermined time based on in-stream flow at the Lawson stream gage.

The time of travel estimates tables are included in Appendix E.

Autosampler Setup:

Equipment required:

- 24 discrete HCl or Citric Acid washed and rinsed autosampler bottles with caps
- Keys and/or tools to access autosampler enclosure
- Field data collection/station audit sheets

Setup Procedure:

1. Unlock sample enclosure and remove sampler head. Set aside without disturbing or bumping the distributor arm.
2. Ensure a full set of clean bottles are deployed or load uncapped bottles in the correct positions in the bottom of the sampler.
3. Secure bottles in place with the retaining ring. Store caps in a ziplock bag inside the autosampler box until sample collection.
4. Program the sampler according to manufacturer's instructions to collect two 450 mL storm samples per bottle, one sample per pulse.
5. After starting the autosampler, ensure that the distributer arm is positioned above bottle #1.
6. Replace sampler head and lock in place.
7. Record station/equipment information on field sheet.
8. Make sure the autosampler program is ***RUNNING*** before locking the enclosure.
9. The autosampler may be set up ahead of a scheduled start time.

Sample Collection

Additional equipment required:

- Keys and/or tools to access autosampler enclosures
- Large cooler with ice to collect sample bottles
- 12 pre-cleaned, HCl or Citric Acid washed and rinsed, discrete sample replacement bottles
- Field data sheets/station audit sheets
- Chain of custody forms
- Laptop with Loggernet software and data cable (9 pin serial cable with SC32B adapter) if retrieving data directly from datalogger
- One 3-liter or larger Nalgene bottles (clean and rinsed with 1:1 hydrochloric acid) for compositing samples
- 250 mL graduated cylinder (clean and rinsed with 1:1 hydrochloric acid) for compositing samples
- Prepared sample bottles provided by participating Cities for nutrients, solids and metals analyses
    - 500mL square plastic – phosphorus series (Northglenn)

- 125 mL brown plastic – nitrogen series (Westminster)
- 500 mL plastic bottle – TSS (Thornton)
- 40 mL amber glass vial with septa cap – TOC (Thornton)
- 500 mL round plastic – total metals (Westminster)
- 500 mL round plastic – dissolved metals (Westminster)

- Chain of Custody forms – Refer to Appendix C
- Field Sampling form - Refer to Appendix C

Sample Collection Procedure:

1. Unlock enclosure and remove sampler head.
2. Retrieve date/time information from autosampler if required. To collect sample history on American Sigma samplers, press <Change/ Halt> button, press <time/read> button for 5 seconds. The sample collection time for the first sample will appear. Record data on the field sheet. Press <yes> for next sample time to appear. Continue until all data is recorded.
3. Date and time information for samples is also automatically stored in a data file by the dataloggers at all sites.
4. Record station/equipment information on field sheet.
5. Make note of any samples with high turbidity determined by visual observance or data obtained from the datalogger.
6. Compositing of samples in the field is performed by pouring off equal volumes into a 3-liter (or larger) pre-cleaned bottle. Refer to the Sample Compositing Procedure Step 1 below. Aliquot the composited sample into the individual sample bottles that correspond to the analytes to be tested. Save the remaining volume of any individual high turbidity samples to take back to the lab for possible further testing. Discard remaining sample in the remaining autosampler bottles. Return used autosampler bottles to the lab for cleaning.
7. Clean out autosampler base and reload with a new set of pre-cleaned bottles.
8. Reset the autosampler by pressing the START button (Sigma 900 autosampler). Ensure that the distributor arm is parked over bottle #1 and the display reads "Program Running" before closing the autosampler and placing it back in the enclosure. .
9. Take all samples to the Westminster Semper Water Quality Laboratory for splitting and distribution.

UCC AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Sample Compositing

1. Composite samples in the laboratory if compositing was not performed in field. Shake sample bottles and pour equal volumes of sample from the 12 bottles into a composite bottle.
2. Perform turbidity, temperature, pH and conductivity measurements on composited samples. Enter data on the Sampling Form.
3. Use the well mixed composited sample to fill the appropriate sample bottles.
4. If any discrete bottle(s) appears to have an unusually high turbidity and enough sample is available, analyze for turbidity and conductivity. Record on Sampling Form. If there is enough sample, pour the high turbidity discreet samples into separate nutrient and solids bottles for individual analysis.

5. Complete the COCs.
6. Relinquish to each city their respective samples (Westminster-nitrogen series, Thornton-TSS and TOC, Northglenn-phosphorus series) and sign COCs as appropriate.
7. Original field data sheets and COCs are retained by the city of Westminster for permanent archive.
8. Samples are created in the web-accessible Excel spreadsheet by Westminster for data entry and results archive.

High turbidity at CC26 from a storm event

UCC AUTOSAMPLERS – EVENT SAMPLES
Sample Locations

CCAS49 Event	Mainstem of CC above the confluence with the North Fork
CCAS50 Event	North Fork of CC above confluence with Mainstem of CC at USGS gage
CCAS59 Event	Mainstem of CC above Golden and Church Ditch diversions

UCC AUTOSAMPLERS – EVENT SAMPLES
Flow Monitoring

Westminster will obtain the 15 minute interval flow data from the USGS gage at CC61 (Clear Creek at Golden) to correlate to CCAS59. The average event flow will be calculated to correspond to the specific time-event composited samples. If the 15 minute interval flow data is not available, the average daily flow will be associated with the event. The average daily flow at UCCWA gage CC40 will be used to correlate with CCAS49. Flow at CC50 is measured by a USGS gage at that site.

UCC AUTOSAMPLERS – EVENT SAMPLES
Analytical Parameters

Storm event samples are analyzed for the same suite of analytical parameters listed in the previous section for the 24-hour ambient samples, plus the additional metals listed in the table below.

Analyte	Analytical Method Reference	Reporting Limit Goal	Responsible Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Arsenic	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Barium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Beryllium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Chromium	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Molybdenum	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Nickel	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Selenium	EPA 200.8	0.005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Silver	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Strontium	EPA 200.7	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Vanadium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab

Westminster will collect storm samples triggered at CCAS49, CCAS50, and CCAS59 and send them out to their contract laboratory for metals analysis. Independently from this Monitoring Plan, the city of Golden will perform metals analyses collected at CC59 event samples using EPA Method 200.8. Some samples may be analyzed outside the EPA recommended holding time for some parameters based on the random nature of the storm event triggering. Golden and the Standley Lake cities have agreed to share their data. The SLC will submit all other autosampler event samples to a commercial lab for metals testing.

UCC AUTOSAMPLERS – EVENT SAMPLES

Program Coordination: Westminster

Field Sampling Teams: Westminster

The event autosampler program was initiated in 2006 to assess the pollutant concentrations mobilized during significant snow melt (runoff) or rain events at the 24-hour ambient locations CCAS49, CCAS50 and CCAS59. Automated sample collection of stormwater is triggered based on changes in ambient turbidity, conductivity, stage height, or rain gage readings, depending on the autosampler location. The autosamplers are currently set to trigger when the 25 minute running average exceeds a predetermined turbidity level (for example, 100 NTU). The autosampler at CCAS50 triggers based on a combination of change in stream depth, precipitation and turbidity in order to eliminate triggering autosampler event sampling that might be associated with localized human disturbances in the creek (e.g. sluice mining). Autosamplers trigger independently depending on the localized conditions in the watershed. The autosampler collects discrete samples every 15 minutes until the parameter that triggered the event returns to the ambient condition or until the maximum number of samples is collected. The discrete samples may be analyzed individually or multiple discrete samples may be composited based on the field observations. As necessary, refer to the previous section for instructions on compositing samples from autosamplers. Event sampling can also be started remotely in the event of a spill or other event that might not cause the triggering parameters to be met. Westminster coordinates sampling at CCAS49, CCAS50 and CCAS59. Golden is in charge of CC59, independently from this Monitoring Plan. Golden and the Standley Lake cities have agreed to share their data.

UCC AUTOSAMPLERS - EVENT SAMPLES

Field Equipment

Storm event sampling utilizes the same equipment listed in the previous section for the 24-hr ambient samples.

Autosampler Operation

Field equipment used for storm event sampling is operated using the same techniques as described in the previous section for 24-hr ambient sampling.

Sample Compositing

Sample compositing is performed similarly to the procedure described in the previous section for 24-hr ambient sampling; however, fewer or more samples may be composited based on the intensity and duration of a storm event.

TRIBUTARY BASIN MONITORING PROGRAM

The Standley Lake Tributary Basin Monitoring Program is designed to provide water quality information for evaluation of the nutrient loadings from non-point sources in the Standley Lake Tributary Basin. The only point source discharge between CC60 on the main stem of Clear Creek and the canal diversions to Standley Lake is the Coors cooling basin return flow.

Three tributaries (the terms trib and canal are interchangeable) divert Clear Creek water to Standley Lake: the Church Ditch, the Farmers Highline ("FHL") Canal and the Croke Canal. The trib monitoring locations were selected to assess the relative loadings to the canals from areas within unincorporated Jefferson County and the city limits of Golden and Arvada. Denver Water supplies Westminster with a small quantity of water via the Kinnear Ditch Pipeline ("KDPL") which enters Standley Lake after passing through a wetlands area located west of 96th Ave and Alkire Street. The upstream and downstream locations near the wetlands are monitored when there is flow through the pipeline. The Denver Water raw water sources include Gross Reservoir and Coal Creek.

The Church Ditch delivery structure at Standley Lake was relocated in 2008 from the west side of the lake to the south side of the lake in order to avoid the potential for significant stormwater impacts to the lake. The former Church Ditch monitoring location at Standley Lake (T-09) was abandoned in 2009 when the new delivery structure (T-27) became operational.

TRIB AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Trib ambient grab samples are collected year-round on the first Wednesday of each month. All tributaries flowing at a rate that allows collection of a representative sample are monitored.

The raw water pipeline at Semper (T-24) is monitored monthly to provide lake outflow data used to determine lake outflow loadings. The raw water pipeline at NWWTP (T-25) is monitored only when the Semper facility is offline.

Locations and Sample Schedule

Sample ID	Sample Location *	Every month of the year when flowing**
T-01	Church Ditch at Headgate on MSCC	X
T-02	FHL at Headgate on MSCC	X
T-03	Croke Canal at Headgate on MSCC	X
T-04	Croke Canal at Standley Lake	X
T-11	FHL at Standley Lake	X
T-22A	Kinnear Ditch Pipeline (KDPL) – at Coal Creek entry point into pipeline	X
T-22D	Kinnear Ditch Pipeline (KDPL) downstream of wetlands	X
T-24	Raw Water Pipeline at Semper	X
T-25	Raw Water Pipeline at NWWTP	X
T-27	Church Ditch delivery structure at SL (est. 2009)	X

*MSCC = Mainstem Clear Creek

** Exceptions noted in paragraph above the table.

TRIB AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Analytical Parameters and Analytical Scheme

Analyte	Analytical Method Reference	Reporting Limit Goal	Responsible Laboratory	Monitoring Frequency
Temperature (field)	SM 2550 B	1.0 °C	Northglenn	Monthly
pH (field)	SM 4500-H+ B-2000	1.0 Std Units	Northglenn	Monthly
Conductivity (field)	SM 2510 B-1997	10 µS/cm	Northglenn	Monthly
Turbidity (field)	ASTM D7315	1.0 NTU	Northglenn	Monthly
Dissolved Oxygen (field)	ASTM D888-09 (C)	1.0 mg/L	Northglenn	Monthly
Total Phosphorus	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn	Monthly
Ortho-phosphate as P (dissolved) or DRP	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn	Monthly
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	SM 2540 D	1 mg/L	Thornton	Monthly
Total Organic Carbon	SM 5310	0.5 mg/L	Thornton	Monthly
E. coli	SM 9223 B	1 cfu/100mL	Thornton	Monthly
Total and Dissolved Iron	EPA 200.7	0.05 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Monthly
Total and Dissolved Manganese	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Monthly
Total and Dissolved Zinc	EPA 200.8	0.020 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Monthly
Total Nitrogen	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.02 mg/L	Westminster	Monthly
Nitrate/Nitrite as N	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.01 mg/L	Westminster	Monthly
Ammonia as N	SM 4500-NH3 H	0.01 mg/L	Westminster	Monthly
Gross Alpha and Gross Beta	EPA 901.1	0.1 pCi/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Arsenic	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Barium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Beryllium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Cadmium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Chromium	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Copper	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Lead	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Molybdenum	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Nickel	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Selenium	EPA 200.8	0.005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Silver	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Strontium	EPA 200.7	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Total and Dissolved Vanadium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab	Quarterly
Chloride	SM 4110 A	5 mg/L	Thornton	Quarterly
Sulfate	SM 4110 A	10 mg/L	Thornton	Quarterly
Total Hardness (as $CaCO_3$)	EPA 130.2	5 mg/L	Thornton	Quarterly

Table Notes:

1) SM refers to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.
2) Reporting limit goals are matrix dependent and may be increased for complex matrices and may be lower depending on laboratory capability.
3) Quarterly parameters are analyzed in March, June, September and December at all sampled locations.
4) Samples collected for nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus) with a turbidity reading of greater than 100 NTU may be analyzed by commercial laboratories that have demonstrated proficiency in analyzing complex matrices for nutrients.
5) YSI/Xylem ProDSS used for field measurements.

TRIB AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Program Coordination and Sampling Team (Northglenn)

Before the scheduled Tributary sampling date:

- Ensure an adequate supply of sample containers is available from Thornton. Westminster's bottles will be picked up at Westminster on sampling day before the start of sampling at T-24.
- Label the Trip blank bottle and fill with laboratory DI water.
- Calibrate the field equipment.
- Analyze the Trip Blank for field parameters.
- Pack Trip Blank in cooler to monitor field activities for phosphorus contamination.

Sample Bottle Kit – Tribs Monthly and Quarterly

Quantity (Dependent on which canals are delivering water to SL)	**Volume**	**Bottle Type**	**Parameter**	**Laboratory**
9	500 mL	Rectangular plastic	Phosphorus series	Northglenn
1 (Trip blank)	500 mL	Rectangular plastic	Phosphorus series	Northglenn
9	500 mL	Plastic	TSS, Total Hardness, Chloride, Sulfate	Thornton
9	40 mL	Glass vial	TOC	Thornton
9	125 mL	Plastic	E. coli	Thornton
9	500 mL	Plastic	Total Metals	Westminster
9	500 mL	Plastic	Dissolved Metals	Westminster
9	125 mL	Brown plastic	Nitrogen series	Westminster
9	1 L	Plastic	Rads	Westminster

Sample Collection

Equipment required:

- Key to access T-2
- Key to access T-27
- Gate Code for access at T-22A
- Field data book
- Cooler with blue ice or ice
- Trip blank filled with DI
- Sample bottles as detailed above
- Bucket for sample collection

- YSI/Xylem ProDSS and probes
- Ballpoint pen
- Waterproof marker
- Chain of custody forms
- NOTE – Four wheel drive vehicle recommended for sampling due to steep inclines at some locations and potentially rugged or muddy conditions.

Sample collection procedure:

1. Meet with Westminster staff at Semper. Drop off bottles for Westminster staff to collect sample at T-25, if necessary.
2. Starting with T-24, collect field samples in the order detailed in the next sectionat each location where water is flowing.
3. Rinse the sample bucket with the field sample water repeatedly at each location before collecting the sample.
4. Collect enough volume of the field sample in the bucket to fill all sample bottles for the location.
5. Fill the appropriate sample bottles from the bucket.
6. Label the sample bottles with location, date and time of collection.
7. Analyze the field parameters and record data in the field notebook.
8. Repeat the process at each location.
9. Return to Westminster's Semper WTP. Receive T-25 sample from Westminster staff if necessary. Sign COC and keep the original copy of the COC.
10. Leave an unsigned copy of the Thornton COC at Westminster so the samples can be logged into the Excel spreadsheet by Westminster staff.
11. Complete the COCs and relinquish custody of the samples to Westminster staff. Sign COC and keep a copy of the COC. Leave the original COC with the samples.
12. Return to Northglenn Lab.
13. Contact Thornton to pick up collected field samples. Request replenishment of bottles for the next sampling event as needed.
14. Relinquish samples to Thornton and sign COCs. Retain a copy of the COC. Thornton takes possession of the original COC.
15. Northglenn retains a copy of all COCs and field documentation for permanent archive.

TRIB AMBIENT GRAB SAMPLES

Sampling Locations Directions and Narrative Descriptions

Tributary sampling occurs generally in an upstream to downstream fashion. Samples are collected at designated locations when water is flowing.

Trib 24
T-24 is located at Westminster's Semper Water Treatment Plant at 8900 Pierce Street. The sample is collected from the RAW water tap in the Operator's Laboratory. Do **NOT** increase the flow at the tap at this location. First tap on the left labeled 24.

Trib 22A
T-22A is the upstream sample point on the Kinnear Ditch pipeline. It is accessed through a gate located at Hwy. 72 and Plainview Rd. A key is required to access the location. The sample point is approximately 0.2 miles from Plainview Rd. Sample is taken at the flume where Coal Creek enters the pipeline.

Trib 1
T-01 is located at the Church Ditch headgate on Clear Creek. This site is accessed via Hwy 6 approximately 0.5 miles west of Hwy 93. There is a diversion from Clear Creek above this location which diverts water from Clear Creek and runs it parallel to the Creek. There are two gates at this location one sends water back into Clear Creek and the other is the Church Ditch headgate. Sample is taken from the bridge just above both gates.

Trib 2
T-2 is located at the Farmers Highline headgate on Clear Creek.
The site is accessed behind the Coors office building at the end of Archer St. Sample is taken from the bridge just inside the gate. Sample the downstream side of the headgate if it is open or on the upstream side if the headgate is closed (Clear Creek side).

Trib 3
T-3 is located at the Croke Canal headgate on Clear Creek.
This site is on Coors property. It is along the frontage road through Coors, on the east side of a small "pond". Sample the downstream side of the headgate if it is open or on the upstream side if the headgate is closed (Clear Creek side).

Trib 22D
T-22D is on the Kinnear Ditch Pipeline between 96th Ave and 88th Ave on Alkire St.
The sample is taken just downstream of the culvert on the east side of Alkire St.

Trib 04 and Trib 11
The Croke Canal (T-04) passes UNDER the Farmers Highline (T-11) in the area just west of 86th and Kipling prior to entering Standley Lake. The Farmers Highline passes OVER the Croke in a concrete structure. Sample the Croke on the south side of the Farmers Highline concrete structure. Sample the Farmers next to the white autosampler housing box.

Trib 25
Located at Westminster's Northwest Water Treatment Plant located at 104th & Wadsworth. The sample is collected by Westminster from the raw water tap on the west wall in the membrane filter gallery. Sample only if T-24 is not running.

Trib 27
T-27 is located on the south side of Standley Lake at the Church Ditch delivery structure. From Alkire, take 88th Ave east. Open Standley Lake Park gate number 23-D using a master lock key number 2006. Drive north down the trail; it curves east and intersects with a trail going south. Drive down the south trail to the delivery structure.

Photographs of the sampling locations and GPS coordinates are included in Appendix D.

TRIB CONTINUOUS MONITORING
Program Coordination and Sampling Team (Westminster)

At least one YSI multi-parameter sonde and data logging equipment are deployed year-round at the trib location where the Farmers Highline Canal (T-11) crosses over the Croke Canal (T-04), provided there is sufficient flow in one of the canals. Sondes were installed at the new Church Ditch inlet (T-27) in 2009, the FHL headgate (T-02) in 2014 and the Croke headgate (T-03) in 2015 to provide continuous in-stream monitoring of pH, ORP, turbidity, temperature, conductivity and fDOM during the months when each canal is diverting water to Standley Lake. Remote access to the data logger data facilitates monitoring of water quality at these inflow locations to Standley Lake.

TRIB CONTINUOUS MONITORING
Sample Locations

CCAST02	FHL at Headgate on MSCC
CCAST03	Croke Canal at Headgate on MSCC
CCAST04	Croke Canal approximately 0.5 mile from Standley Lake inlet
CCAST11	Farmers Highline Canal approximately 0.5 mile from Standley Lake inlet
CCAST27	Church Ditch at Standley Lake inlet

Table Note: Limited historical data from these locations are available as part of the Clear Creek Canal Program that was eliminated in 2008. The sample location identifications associated with the Clear Creek Canal Program have been retained.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Program Coordination: Westminster
Field Sampling Teams: Westminster

Autosampler sites in the Tributary Basin are located at the canal headgates and inlets to Standley Lake. The 24-hour ambient composites are collected with programmable automatic sampling devices as described in the UCC autosampler 24-hr ambient program section of this plan (page 17) in order to assess any water quality impacts introduced to or removed from the canals.

Ambient samples are collected approximately seven times per year on a monthly schedule starting in April and ending in October as a continuation of the UCC autosampler 24-hr ambient sample program. To assist with sample pick-up logistics between the cities of Northglenn and Thornton, efforts will be made to set these sampling periods to be collected on Monday or Tuesday of the fourth week of the month. This may not always be possible due to weather forecasts, stream flows, or other uncontrollable factors.

Time of travel is estimated between CCAS59 and T-02, then a time of travel table is used to set the start time for sample collection at T-11 in order to capture approximately the same slug flow of water collected at the upstream sites. Composite samples are not collected on the Croke Canal or Church Ditch due to season of operation or limited flow volumes.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Sample Locations

CCAST02	FHL at Headgate on MSCC
CCAST03	Croke Canal at Headgate on MSCC
CCAST04	Croke Canal approximately 0.5 mile from Standley Lake inlet
CCAST11	Farmers Highline Canal approximately 0.5 mile from Standley Lake inlet
CCAST27	Church Ditch at Standley Lake inlet

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Flow Monitoring

Flow in the canals is tracked by the ditch operators and water accountants.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Analytical Parameters

Analyte	Analytical Method Reference	Reporting Limit Goal	Responsible Laboratory
Total Nitrogen	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.02 mg/L	Westminster
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Ammonia-N	SM 4500-NH3 H	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Total Phosphorus	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Ortho-phosphate-P (dissolved) or DRP	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	SM 2540 D	1 mg/L	Thornton
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	SM 5310 B	0.5 mg/L	Thornton
Total and Dissolved Cadmium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Copper	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Iron	EPA 200.7	0.05 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Lead	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Manganese	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
Total and Dissolved Zinc	EPA 200.8	0.020 mg/L	Westminster Contract Lab
pH (field)	SM 4500-H+ B-2000	1.0 Std Units	Westminster
Temperature (field)	SM 2550 B	1.0 °C	Westminster
Conductivity (field)	SM 2510 B-1997	10 µS/cm	Westminster
Turbidity (field)	ASTM D7315	1.0 NTU	Westminster

Table Notes:
1) SM refers to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.
2) Reporting limit goals are matrix dependent and may be increased for complex matrices and may be lower depending on laboratory capability.
3) EPA recommended holding times less than 72 hours may not be met due to the extended sampling routine.
4) Samples collected for nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus) with a turbidity reading > 100 NTU may be analyzed by commercial laboratories that have demonstrated proficiency in analyzing complex sample matrices for nutrients.
5) Metals will be analyzed in May, July and October on the canals operating at that time intended to capture low, medium and high canal flows delivered to Standley Lake.
6) YSI/Xylem 6-series or EXO sondes are used for field measurements.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES
Program Coordination and Sampling Team (Westminster)

Field Equipment

Equipment Installed At Autosampler Locations

- Permanent and tamper-proof enclosure box with lock
- American Sigma 900, 900 Max or other automated sampler
- Power supply – solar panel, rechargeable battery or direct power
- Sample tubing long enough to reach from the autosampler to the streambed. Probes must be contained in protective piping secured in the creek bed
- Sondes equipped with dedicated field probes for turbidity, temperature, conductivity and pH
- Depth/pressure sensor
- Rain gage at T-02 and T-04/T-11
- 24 discrete HCl or Citric Acid washed and rinsed bottles with caps. Bottles must be numbered and inserted in the designated position in autosampler (positions numbered 1 through 24). Though samples will only be collected in bottles 1-12, a full rack of sample bottles is required to secure sample bottles in place.
- Continuous recording datalogger
- Cellular modem and antenna at T-02, T-03, T-04/T-11 and T-27

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES
Autosampler Operation

On a monthly basis between April and October, autosamplers are set to collect time-weighted discrete samples for a 24 hour period. The autosamplers are located at the canal head-gates and inlets to Standley Lake. In order to associate the relative impacts of the point and nonpoint pollutant sources located between the last autosampler location on Clear Creek (CCAS59), it is advisable to observe the same “slug” of water at the canal inlets to Standley Lake. The time of travel in the Farmer’s Highline canal is calculated from the inflows to the canal at the headgate on Clear Creek.

The time of travel estimates table for the Farmer’s Highline Canal is included in Appendix E. Time of travel estimates have not been established for the Croke Canal. The Ditch operators assist in estimating when water will arrive at Standley Lake after the ditch is turned on.

Autosampler Setup:

Equipment required:

- 24 discrete HCl or Citric Acid washed and rinsed autosampler bottles with caps. Though samples will only be collected in bottles 1-12, a full rack of sample bottles is required to secure sample bottles in place.
- Keys and/or tools to access autosampler enclosure.
- Field data collection/station audit sheets.

Setup Procedure:

1. Unlock sample enclosure and remove sampler head. Set aside without disturbing or bumping the distributor arm.
2. Ensure a full set of clean bottles are deployed or load uncapped bottles in the correct positions in the bottom of the sampler.
3. Secure bottles in place with the retaining ring. Store caps in a ziplock bag inside the autosampler until sample collection.
4. Program the sampler according to manufacturer's instructions to collect two 450 ml storm samples per bottle, one sample per pulse.
5. After starting the autosampler, ensure that the distributer arm is positioned above bottle #1.
6. Replace sampler head and lock in place.
7. Record station/equipment information on field sheet.
8. Make sure the autosampler program is ***RUNNING*** before locking the enclosure.
9. The autosampler may be set up ahead of a scheduled start time.

Sample Collection

Additional equipment required:

- Keys and/or tools to access autosampler enclosures
- Large cooler with ice to collect sample bottles
- 24 pre-cleaned, HCl or Citric Acid washed and rinsed, discrete sample replacement bottles
- Field data sheets/station audit sheets
- Chain of custody forms
- Laptop with Loggernet software and data cable (9 pin serial cable with SC32B adapter) if retrieving data directly from datalogger
- One 3-liter Nalgene bottle (clean and rinsed with 1:1 hydrochloric acid) for compositing samples
- 250 mL graduated cylinder (clean and rinsed with 1:1 hydrochloric acid) for compositing samples
- Prepared sample bottles provided by participating Cities for nutrients, solids and metals analyses
    - 500 mL square plastic – phosphorus series (Northglenn)
    - 125 mL brown plastic – nitrogen series (Westminster)

- 500 mL plastic bottle – TSS (Thornton)
- 40 mL amber glass vial with septa cap – TOC (Thornton)
- 500 mL non-preserved total metals (Westminster)
- 500 mL non-preserved bottle – dissolved metals (Westminster)

- Chain of Custody forms – Refer to Appendix C
- Field Sampling form - Refer to Appendix C

Sample Collection Procedure:

1. Unlock enclosure and remove sampler head.
2. Retrieve date/time information from autosampler if required. To collect sample history on American Sigma samplers, press <Change/ Halt> button, press <time/read> button for 5 seconds. The sample collection time for the first sample will appear. Record data on the field sheet. Press <yes> for next sample time to appear. Continue until all data is recorded.
3. Date and time information for samples is also automatically stored in a data file by the dataloggers at all sites.
4. Record station/equipment information on field sheet.
5. Make note of any samples with high turbidity determined by visual observance or data obtained from the datalogger.
6. Optional compositing of samples in the field is performed by pouring off equal volumes into a 3-liter (or larger) pre-cleaned bottle. The 12 sample bottles may also be brought back to a laboratory for compositing. Refer to the Sample Compositing Procedure Step 1. Save remaining volume of any high turbidity samples to take back to the lab. Discard remaining sample.
7. Clean out autosampler base and reload with a new set of pre-cleaned bottles.
8. Reset the autosampler by pressing the START button (Sigma 900 autosampler). Ensure that the distributor arm is parked over bottle #1 and the display reads "Program Running" before closing the autosampler and placing it back in the enclosure.
9. Return to the Westminster Water Quality Laboratory for sample splitting and distribution.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER 24-HOUR AMBIENT SAMPLES

Sample Compositing

1. Composite samples in the laboratory if compositing was not performed in field. Shake sample bottles and pour equal volumes of sample from the first 12 bottles into a composite bottle.
2. Perform turbidity, temperature, pH and conductivity field measurements on the composited sample. Enter data on the Sampling Form.
3. Use the well mixed composite sample to fill the appropriate bottles for the Northglenn, Thornton and Westminster labs.
4. If any discreet bottle(s) appears to have an unusually high turbidity and enough sample is available, analyze for turbidity and conductivity. Record on Sampling Form. If there is enough sample, pour the high turbidity discreet samples into separate nutrient and solids bottles for individual analysis.
5. Complete the COCs.

6. Relinquish to each city their respective samples (Westminster-nitrogen series and metals, Thornton-TSS and TOC, Northglenn-phosphorus series) and sign COCs as appropriate.

7. Original field data sheets and COCs are retained by the Cities of Westminster for permanent archive.

8. Samples are created in the web-accessible Excel spreadsheet by Westminster for data entry and results archive.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER EVENT SAMPLES

Program Coordination and Sampling Team (Westminster)

The event autosampler program was initiated on the Tributaries in 2009 at CCAST11 to assess the pollutant concentrations mobilized during significant snow melt (runoff) or rain events at the location closest to Standley Lake. Automated sample collection of stormwater is triggered based on a turbidity reading of 100 NTU. The autosampler may also be activated remotely to begin sampling immediately or programmed to start sampling at a designated time in an attempt to capture the downstream effects of a storm in the upper watershed based on time of travel. The autosampler collects discrete samples every 15 minutes until the ambient condition drops below the trigger level or until the maximum number of samples is collected. The discrete samples may be analyzed individually or multiple discrete samples may be composited based on the field observations. Automated collection of storm event samples was initiated in 2014 at the headgates for the FHL and in 2015 in the Croke Canal. These locations trigger sample collection when the turbidity is 200 NTU or greater. The events samples primarily collected on the Croke Canal and Church Ditch are considered first flush samples when water is first delivered to the lake during seasonal startup of the canal/ditch.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLERS EVENT MONITORING

Sample Locations

Localized events may trigger sample collection at any of the Trib Autosampler Continuous Monitoring locations.

CCAST02 Event	FHL at Headgate on MSCC
CCAST03 Event	Croke Canal at Headgate on MSCC
CCAST04 Event	Croke Canal approximately 0.5 mile from Standley Lake inlet
CCAST11 Event	Farmers Highline Canal approximately 0.5 mile from Standley Lake inlet
CCAST27 Event	Church Ditch at Standley Lake inlet

Table Note: Historical data from these locations may be available as part of the Clear Creek Canal Program which was eliminated in 2008. The sample location identifications associated with the Clear Creek Canal Program have been retained.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER EVENT SAMPLES

Flow Monitoring

Flow in the canals is tracked by the ditch operators and water accountants. The average daily flow data corresponding with the time-event composited samples will be used for loadings calculations for storm events.

Refer to Appendix E for the time of travel data for the Farmers Highline Canal. Time of travel studies have not been performed from the canal headgates on Clear Creek to Standley Lake for the Croke Canal or the relocated Church Ditch inlet structure.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER EVENT SAMPLES

Analytical Parameters

Storm event samples are analyzed for the suite of analytical parameters listed below.

Analyte	**Analytical Method Reference**	**Reporting Limit Goal**	**Responsible Laboratory**
Temperature (field)	SM 2550 B	1.0 °C	Westminster
pH (field)	SM 4500-H+ B-2000	1.0 Std Units	Westminster
Conductivity (field)	SM 2510 B-1997	10 µS/cm	Westminster
Turbidity (field)	ASTM D7315	1.0 NTU	Westminster
Total Nitrogen	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.02 mg/L	Westminster
Nitrate/Nitrite as N	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Ammonia as N	SM 4500-NH3 H	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Gross Alpha and Gross Beta	EPA 900.0	0.1 pCi/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total Phosphorus	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Ortho-phosphate as P (dissolved) or DRP	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Total Organic Carbon	SM 5310 B	0.5 mg/L	Thornton
Total Suspended Solids	SM 2540 D	1 mg/L	Thornton
Total and Dissolved Arsenic	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Barium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Beryllium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Cadmium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Chromium	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Copper	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Iron	EPA 200.7	0.05 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Lead	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Manganese	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Molybdenum	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Nickel	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Selenium	EPA 200.8	0.005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Silver	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Strontium	EPA 200.7	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Vanadium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Zinc	EPA 200.8	0.020 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory

Table Notes:

1) SM refers to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.
2) Reporting limit goals are matrix dependent and may be increased for complex matrices and may be lower depending on laboratory capability.
3) EPA recommended holding times less than 72 hours may not be met due to the extended sampling routine.
4) Samples collected for nutrients (nitrogen and phosphorus) with a turbidity reading of greater than 100 NTU are analyzed by commercial laboratories that have demonstrated proficiency in analyzing complex matrices for nutrients.
5) YSI/Xylem 6-series or EXO sondes are used for field measurements.

TRIB AUTOSAMPLER EVENT SAMPLES

Field Equipment

Storm event sampling utilizes the same equipment listed in the previous section for the 24-hr ambient samples.

Autosampler Operation

Field equipment used for storm event sampling is operated using the same techniques as described in the previous section for 24-hr ambient sampling.

Sample Compositing

Sample compositing is performed similarly to the procedure described in the previous section for 24-hr ambient sampling; however, fewer samples are typically composited based on the intensity and/or duration of a storm event.

Sampling Standley Lake, photo courtesy of Eric Scott

STANDLEY LAKE MONITORING PROGRAM

Standley Lake is a storage reservoir that serves as the raw drinking water source for the SLC. Over 250,000 consumers rely on Standley Lake for their drinking water. The Standley Lake ("SL") Monitoring Program is designed to provide water quality information in order to evaluate internal loadings in Standley Lake and the effects of nutrient reduction measures and best management practices on the trophic status of Standley Lake. Regularly spaced and frequent sampling is necessary to provide sufficient data for monitoring trends for the analytes used to evaluate trophic status including dissolved oxygen, chlorophyll and nutrients.

The main water quality monitoring efforts on Standley Lake include:

- Daily top to bottom lake profiles
- Bimonthly grab samples
- Zooplankton tows
- Invasive species monitoring and control

SL – DAILY LAKE PROFILES

Program Coordination (Westminster)

The sampling location in Standley Lake (Site 10-00) is situated 225 meters south of the lower lake outlet structure, between the lake outlets and the two main inlets to the lake. The lake site was selected based on the lengthy historical record of water quality monitoring data and because the water is drawn from the lake near this location via pipelines to the SLC's water treatment plants. Sampling at varying depths in the lake provides extensive information for use in drinking water treatment process decisions and evaluating water resource management options.

Standley Lake is monitored at Site 10-00 using an automated profiler equipped with a multi-probe sonde four times each day from early spring to late fall for the analytes listed in the following table. The profiler is removed from the lake prior to freezing of the lake surface. Refer to the watershed map in Appendix B for the location of the SL monitoring location. The solar powered unit collects data from the surface of the lake to within one meter off the bottom and every meter in between. The profiler data is telemetered using a cellular telephone modem and provides a depth-integrated profile of the lake water quality.

SL – DAILY LAKE PROFILES

Analytical Parameters

Analyte	Analytical Method Reference	Reporting Limit Goal
Temperature	SM 2550 B	1.0 °C
pH	SM 4500-H+ B-2000	1.0 Std Units
Conductivity	SM 2510 B-1997	10 µS/cm
Turbidity	ASTM D7315	1.0 NTU
Dissolved Oxygen	ASTM D888-09 (C)	1.0 mg/L
Chlorophyll	YSI (optical probe)	1.0 µg/L
ORP	SM 2580 A	1.0 mv
fDOM	YSI (optical probe)	1.0 µg/L

Table Notes:
1) SM refers to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.
2) Reporting limits are matrix dependent and may be increased for complex matrices.
3) YSI/Xylem EXO sondes are used for all lake profile measurements.

SL – BIMONTHLY GRAB SAMPLES

Program Coordination and Sampling Team: Westminster

The same sampling location in Standley Lake (Site 10-00) is used for both the daily lake profiles and the bimonthly grab samples. Sampling at varying depths in the lake provides extensive information for use in drinking water treatment process decisions and evaluating water resource management options. Refer to the watershed map in Appendix B for the location of the SL monitoring location.

SL – BIMONTHLY GRAB SAMPLES

Locations

Grab samples are collected twice each month as long as the lake is not frozen and weather permits. The raw water pipeline at Semper (T-24) may be sampled for a subset of the routine analytical parameters when the lake is frozen or when safety of the sampling team is a concern (i.e. high winds, frozen boat ramp, etc.).

Sample Identification	Sample Location
SL 10-00	SL surface
SL 10-PZ	SL at two times the Secchi depth
SL 10-70	SL at one meter above the lake bottom. (The depth of the lake is 23.7 meters (77.75 ft) when the lake is full at gage height 96)
SL 69-00	SL surface at the boat dock
T-24	Raw water line coming into Semper Water Treatment Plant. Comes from either the lower intake, upper intake or a combination of both intakes in Standley Lake. Intake flow is changed seasonally. The upper and lower intakes are approximately located 11 meters and 20 meters below lake surface level when the lake is full (gage height 96).

SL – BIMONTHLY GRAB SAMPLES
Analytical Parameters

Analyte	Analytical Method Reference	Reporting Limit Goal	Responsible Laboratory
Temperature (field)	SM 2550 B	1.0 °C	Westminster
pH (field)	SM 4500-H+ B-2000	1.0 Std Units	Westminster
Conductivity (field)	SM 2510 B-1997	10 µS/cm	Westminster
Turbidity (field)	ASTM D7315	1.0 NTU	Westminster
Dissolved Oxygen (field)	ASTM D888-09 (C)	1.0 mg/L	Westminster
ORP (field)	YSI (electrode)	1 mv	Westminster
Chlorophyll (field)	YSI (electrode)	1.0 µg/L	Westminster
fDOM (field)	YSI optical probe	1.0 µg/L	Westminster
Secchi Depth (field)	Secchi disk	0.1 meter	Westminster
Total Nitrogen	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.02 mg/L	Westminster
Nitrate/Nitrite as N	SM 4500-NO3 I	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Ammonia as N	SM 4500-NH3 H	0.01 mg/L	Westminster
Gross Alpha and Gross Beta	EPA 900.0	0.1 pCi/L	Westminster
Zooplankton	SM 10900	1 per L	Westminster
Algae	SM 10900	1 per mL	Westminster
Chlorophyll *a*	SM 10200-H	1.0 µg/L	Westminster
Total Phosphorus	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Ortho-phosphate as P (dissolved) or DRP	SM 4500-P E	0.0025 mg/L	Northglenn
Total Organic Carbon	SM 5310 B	0.5 mg/L	Thornton
Total Suspended Solids	SM 2540 D	1 mg/L	Thornton
Total Hardness (as $CaCO_3$)	EPA 130.2	5 mg/L	Thornton
E. coli	Hach 10029	1 cfu/100mL	Westminster
Total and Dissolved Arsenic	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Barium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Beryllium	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Cadmium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Chromium	EPA 200.8	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Copper	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Iron	EPA 200.7	0.05 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Lead	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Manganese	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Molybdenum	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Nickel	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Selenium	EPA 200.8	0.005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Silver	EPA 200.8	0.002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Strontium	EPA 200.7	0.001 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Vanadium	EPA 200.8	0.0005 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total and Dissolved Zinc	EPA 200.8	0.020 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Dissolved Silica	EPA 200.8	0.1 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory
Total Mercury	EPA 245.1	0.0002 mg/L	Westminster Contract Laboratory

Table Notes:
1) SM refers to the 23rd Edition of Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater.
2) Reporting limit goals are matrix dependent and may be increased for complex matrices and may be lower depending on laboratory capability.
3) YSI/Xylem EXO sondes are used for all lake field measurements except for secchi depth.

SL – BIMONTHLY GRAB SAMPLES

Analytical Scheme

The analytical scheme for Standley Lake was designed to capture the biological, physical and chemical changes occurring in the lake ecosystem throughout the year. Seasonality plays an important role in lake dynamics and subsequently, on the water treatment processes. The table below details the variable analytical scheme, with the caveat that weather patterns may require modification to the plan.

Month	**Lake Sample Location**	**Analytes**											
		Hand Profile	Secchi depth	Rads	E coli	Zooplankton	Nutrients	Metals	Algae	Chlorophyll *a*	TOC	TSS	Total Hardness
January 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	10-70	X			X		X	X			X	X	X
January 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
February 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X	X	X	
	10-70	X			X		X				X	X	
February 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
March 1st week	10-00	X	X	X	X	X							
	10-PZ			X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	10-70	X		X	X		X	X			X	X	X
March 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
April 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X	X	X	
	10-70	X			X		X				X	X	
April 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						

Month	**Lake Sample Location**	**Analytes**											
		Hand Profile	Secchi depth	Rads	E coli	Zooplankton	Nutrients	Metals	Algae	Chlorophyll *a*	TOC	TSS	Total Hardness
May 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X	X	X	
	10-70	X			X		X				X	X	
May 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
June 1st week	10-00	X	X	X	X	X							
	10-PZ			X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	10-70	X		X	X		X	X			X	X	X
June 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
July 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X	X	X	
	10-70	X			X		X				X	X	
July 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
	69-00												
August 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X	X	X	
	10-70	X			X		X				X	X	
August 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
September 1st week	10-00	X	X	X	X	X							
	10-PZ			X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	10-70	X		X	X		X	X			X	X	X

Month	Lake Sampling Location	Hand Profile	Secchi depth	Rads	E coli	Zooplankton	Nutrients	Metals	Algae	Chlorophyll *a*	TOC	TSS	Total Hardness
September 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
October 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X	X	X	
	10-70	X			X		X				X	X	
October 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X	X	X	X			X
	10-70	X					X	X					X
November 1st week	10-00	X	X		X	X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X	X	X	
	10-70	X			X		X				X	X	
November 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						
December 1st week	10-00	X	X	X	X	X							
	10-PZ			X			X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	10-70	X		X	X		X	X			X	X	X
December 3rd week	10-00	X	X			X							
	10-PZ						X		X	X			
	10-70	X					X						

Table notes:

1) Hand Profile includes collecting data using the sonde for temperature, pH, conductivity, turbidity, DO, chlorophyll and ORP at 0.5 meter intervals from the surface of the lake to 10 meters depth, then at 1 meter internals to the bottom of the lake.
2) Rads includes Gross Alpha and Gross Beta.
3) The full list of metals will be analyzed during the first week of Jan, Mar, June, Sept and Dec and the third week in October (after turnover).
4) Only total and dissolved arsenic will be analyzed during the first week of October.
5) Nutrients include the phosphorus series and the nitrogen series analytes. Phosphorus series includes total P and dissolved ortho-phosphate-P (also referred to as DRP). Nitrogen series includes total N, ammonia-N and nitrate/nitrite-N.
6) Total Hardness is reported as $CaCO_3$.

SL – BIMONTHLY GRAB SAMPLES
Program Coordination (Westminster)

SL Sample bottle kit

The sample containers required for each monitoring event varies depending on the parameters to be analyzed. Westminster will assemble sample bottle kits for each event. The following table details the sample containers for various parameters.

Parameter	Volume	Bottle Type	Laboratory
Phosphorus series	500 mL	Rectangular plastic	Northglenn
Nitrogen series, UV-254	125 mL	Rectangular brown plastic	Westminster
Rads	1 L	Plastic	Westminster
Zooplankton	250 mL	Plastic	Westminster
Algae	1 L	Plastic	Westminster
Chlorophyll *a*	1 L	Brown plastic	Westminster
Total metals, Total Hg	500 mL	Plastic	Westminster
Dissolved metals	500 mL	Plastic	Westminster
TOC	40 mL	Glass vial	Thornton
TSS, Total Hardness	16 oz	Plastic	Thornton
E. coli	125 mL	Plastic	Westminster

Table Notes:
1) A trip blank is required to be prepared when field samples are collected for BTEX. The trip blank is comprised of a pre-cleaned glass vial filled with DI by the laboratory and is used to monitor for volatile organic contamination during transport and lab storage prior to analysis. Analysis of the trip blank is only required when any of the BTEX analytes are detectable in the field samples.
2) Phosphorus series includes total P and dissolved ortho-phosphate-P (also referred to as DRP).
3) Nitrogen series includes total N, ammonia-N and nitrate/nitrite-N.
4) Rads includes Gross Alpha and Gross Beta
5) BTEX includes benzene, toluene, ethyl benzene and total xylenes

SL – BIMONTHLY GRAB SAMPLES

Sample Collection

Equipment
- Pontoon Boat
- Marking Pen – Waterproof
- Depth Finder
- Secchi Disk
- Log book and pen
- Van Dorn bottle
- Labeled sample bottles (refer to individual monitoring plans)
- Churn sample splitter
- PZ tube sampler
- Ice packs
- Coolers

- Chain of custody forms
- YSI EXO2 Sonde – calibrated for hand profile/swap out
- Handheld anemometer/%Relative humidity meter
- Cellular phone
- GPS unit
- Digital camera
- Boat Tool Kit
- Laptop computer – fully charged with communication cable and Loggernet application installed
- Water pitcher and wide bristle brush for cleaning sonde cage
- Jackets, hats, gloves or other protective clothing as appropriate for the weather conditions
- First aid kit
- Personal flotation devices (one per person)
- Survival Suits – yellow (1 hr protection) and orange (1/2 hr protection) -as appropriate
- Profiler enclosure key
- Boat Anchor(s)
- Key for boat ramp during off-season
- Zooplankton tow net – 63 µm

Sample collection procedure

At Laboratory

- Prepare and label all required sampling containers.
- Complete basic information on the chain of custody (COC) forms.
- Update the YSI EXO2 file names using the format XXMMDDYY, where XX denotes the field sampling program identification (e.g. SL, CC, RC, etc.), MM denotes the month, DD denotes the day and YY denotes the year.
- Notify laboratories about the sampling event and schedule sample pickup.
- Assemble the sampling equipment and load into the truck.
- Calibrate a YSI EXO2 sonde for the hand profile. While the Profiler is deployed, swap out the profiler YSI EXO2 sonde with the newly calibrated sonde.

Sampling on Standley Lake

Van Dorn Bottle

- The Van Dorn bottle provides a means of collecting water samples at selected depths below the surface. It is made of an open-ended plastic cylinder that is attached to a rope, and lowered to any desired depth.
- Each end of the cylinder is fitted with a rubber cover. The Van Dorn bottle is attached to the length of rope, marked in 0.1 m increments, with the covers pulled out and attached to the trigger device.
- The depth of the lake is determined using the sonde. The bottle is lowered to a depth one meter above the bottom of the lake.
- A metal weight called a "messenger" is attached to the rope above the bottle. The water sample is taken by dropping a weighted “messenger" down the rope. When the weight hits the triggering device on the upper Van Dorn bottle, the catch releases the rubber end covers. The two covers are pulled together and seal off the ends.
- When the bottle has been closed, it is pulled to the surface.

- Water samples from the Van Dorn bottle are transferred to the appropriate sample containers.
- The Van Dorn sampler has a four liter capacity. If the volume of sample required is greater than the Van Dorn sampler can hold, multiple sample volumes can be collected and combined in the churn. The churn and churn spigot should be rinsed out with new sample water prior to sample collection in order to prevent cross-contamination from prior samples. Once the churn contains enough sample, it is thoroughly mixed and the sample is dispensed into the required sample containers.
- Sample containers are labeled with sample location, date and time of sample collection and the sampler's initials. The label should indicate any preservative in the sample container.
- Full sample containers are placed in coolers with ice packs until they are returned to the laboratory.

PZ Tube Sampler

- The PZ (photic zone) sampler is used to sample a column of water from the surface of the lake to the depth of the photic zone. Photic zone is defined as twice the secchi depth. The PZ sampler is comprised of a churn sample splitter connected to a polypropylene tube equipped with a quick release connector on one end and a check valve on the other end.
- Measure the secchi depth through the floor port on the pontoon boat. Do not wear sunglasses. Record data in the logbook.
- Connect the end of the tube to the hose barb on the churn.
- The tube is marked in 0.5 meter lengths. Lower the end of the tube with the check valve into the water until it is at the depth of the photic zone.
- Pull the tube up out of the water and hold the end with the check valve upside-down at a height over your head, until the tube drains down to floor level, then quickly drop the check-valve end of the tube back into the water vertically to the depth of the photic zone. The water entering the end of the tube will push the air bubble and prior sample into the churn as the tube is lowered into the water. Use the first collected volume of sample to rinse the tube and churn. Waste the sample back to the lake. Start collecting the second volume of sample. Repeat this step until sufficient quantity of sample has been collected in the churn. The capacity of the churn is 12 liters.
- Once the churn contains enough sample, it is thoroughly mixed and the sample is dispensed into the required sample containers.
- Sample containers are labeled with sample location, date and time of sample location and the sampler's initials. The label should indicate any preservative in the sample container.
- Sample containers are placed in a cooler with ice packs until they are returned to the laboratory.

Surface Sampling

- Surface sampling is accomplished through the floor port of the pontoon boat. Sample containers are dipped into the water until full to collect samples.
- Sample containers are labeled with sample location, date and time of sample collection and the sampler's initials. The label should indicate any preservative in the sample container.
- Sample containers are placed in a cooler with ice packs until they are returned to the laboratory.

Zooplankton Tows

- Zooplankton samples are collected at SL-10 using a 63 µm tow net.

- A vertical tow sampling methodology involves lowering the tow net to the bottom of the lake and retrieving it at a slow speed of approximately one foot per second up to the surface.
- The zooplankton collected in the net are washed into a 250 mL sample bottle using multiple DI water rinses to ensure all organisms in the net are transferred to the sample container. The final volume in the bottle is not required to be consistent.
- The sample depth is recorded on the sample bottle along with date and location.

SL – AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES MANAGEMENT

Eurasian Watermilfoil

Eurasian Watermilfoil ("EWM"), *Myriophyllum spicatum L*, is a non-native, aquatic, noxious weed that grows rapidly and to a depth of 35 feet. EWM grows in dense mats that severely interfere with recreation and has been known to provide a substrate for blue-green algae growth. Blue-green algae blooms can ultimately cause taste and odor events in drinking water supplies. EWM was first observed in Standley Lake in 1998. It was positively identified in 2000. In 2012, it was confirmed that the Eurasian watermilfoil hybridized with a native Colorado species Northern watermilfoil (Myriophillum sibiricum). The hybrid species is more robust and grows even quicker than the Eurasian watermilfoil.

Annual surveys of weevil populations in the lake were performed by contractors until 2013, but beginning in 2014 will be performed by the city of Westminster.

Eurasian milfoil weevils have been stocked in the lake (on the west side) on four occasions from 2004 through 2011. The weevil larva bore into the stem of the milfoil which damages the plant. When an adequate weevil population is sustained, the weevils may be able to control the spread of the milfoil.

As lake conditions permit, bathymetric studies are performed on Standley Lake during the early summer for mapping the submerged aquatic vegetation in order to assess milfoil growth and the effectiveness of the remedies.

Zebra and Quagga Mussels

Zebra and quagga mussels are non-native, aquatic invasive species that are introduced to new water bodies by the unintentional transfer of organisms from an infested water body via boats or fishing bait. Aquatic mussels cause serious damage to the ecosystem and result in costly control procedures for drinking water treatment facilities. Both zebra and quagga mussels were discovered in 2008 in a few of Colorado's lakes. Prevention of aquatic mussel infestation is key to protecting Standley Lake. An intensive boat inspection and decontamination program was initiated in 2008 to protect the lake from new invasive species. No live aquatic baits are allowed at Standley Lake.

Standley Lake is monitored for aquatic mussels every two weeks using the zooplankton tow procedure described previously. The tows are performed at the lake inlets, SL-10, and the boat ramp/outlet area. Several invasive species have a planktonic life stage and sampling with the plankton nets will provide early warning of infestation. In addition, substrate samplers, constructed and monitored by Colorado Parks and Wildlife are placed throughout the lake. Substrate samplers are made up of a float, rope, plastic plates and an anchor weight. A plate is located at every 10 feet of depth from the surface to the bottom of the lake at various locations. The plates and ropes are checked periodically for aquatic mussel growth. A plate or rope that feels like sand paper will be scraped and examined under the microscope for veligers (zebra or quagga mussel larvae).

Shoreline surveys are performed when the water level is at the lowest for the year. A shoreline survey consists of walking the shoreline in teams looking for adult mussels attached to any hard substrate.

SL – WEATHER STATION

A weather station is located at the northeastern end of the Standley Lake dam. The equipment is located inside the fenced area of the Shaft House. The weather station collects readings every ten minutes and can be accessed remotely through a cellular modem and datalogger.

Weather conditions collected at this location include: Rain rate/accumulation, Air Temperature, Relative Humidity, Barometric Pressure, Wind Speed and Wind Direction.

DATA MANAGEMENT AND REPORTING

The city of Westminster is responsible for management of the data collected in support of the IGA monitoring efforts. A Microsoft Excel spreadsheet is used for archival of monitoring data collected for all programs detailed in this document except the lake profile data. The IGA partners have access to the system via Dropbox. Backups are available as "previous versions" stored historically on the Dropbox system.

The city of Westminster logs in all samples collected by the various sampling teams. The coordinated sample creation effort reduces interpretation errors and subsequent reporting inconsistencies. Each IGA partner is responsible for data entry of the analytical results for their assigned analyses into the spreadsheet. On a semi-annual basis, a peer review team comprised of at least one representative from each of the SLC, evaluates the data and identifies possible errors or data anomalies. Each city makes corrections to the spreadsheet and submits a final version of the data.

Data results from this program, along with other reporting requirements as stated in the Joint Agreement, will be reported to the Colorado Water Quality Control Commission on an annual basis. Only data collected during the normal sampling schedule is included in the annual report. The data is reported in tabular and graphic formats.

Each laboratory must retain all records (i.e. field notebooks and logs, instrument logs, bench sheets, instrument printouts, electronic data files, chain of custody forms, etc.) pertaining to the monitoring programs until the SLC IGA representatives jointly, in writing, authorize disposal of the records.

The periods of record for monitoring data formats are summarized in the following table:

Program	Period of Record	Available Format
Clear Creek Grabs	1994 – 2001	MS Access/Excel
	2002 – current	MS Excel
Clear Creek Grabs - EPA Metals Data	1994 – current	MS Excel
Clear Creek Autosamplers Ambient	2006 – current	MS Excel
Clear Creek Autosamplers Event	2006 – current	MS Excel
Standley Lake Tributaries – grabs and autosamplers (includes data for the program formerly called Clear Creek Canals)	1988 – 2001	MS Access/Excel
	2002 - current	MS Excel
Standley Lake	1988 – 2001	MS Access/Excel
	2002 - current	MS Excel

Table Notes: The data archive includes phosphorus data from 1999-current, all Thornton data from 2001-current and all Westminster data from 2002-current.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - 3

CLEAR CREEK / STANDLEY LAKE DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION - 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I. INTRODUCTION

This document serves as a supplement to the 2022 Clear Creek / Standley Lake Watershed Annual Report. It describes an analysis of 2022 water-quality data in the Upper Basin, Canal Zone, and Standley Lake, and compares data from 2022 to data from the previous five years (2017-2021). Constituents included in this analysis are discharge (flow), total suspended solids (TSS), total phosphorus (TP), and total nitrogen (TN). Constituent concentrations that are below the detection limit are analyzed and reported at ½ the detection limit.

II. UPPER BASIN FLOWS AND WATER QUALITY

This section describes an analysis of water-quality data in the Upper Basin in 2022. The analysis is based on data from two sampling locations (Figure 1) CC26 (the upper station - Clear Creek at Lawson Gage) and CCAS59/60 (the lower station - Clear Creek upstream of the Church Ditch headgate). The data from each location include both grab samples and composite samples. Grab samples represent the conditions at a single point of time. Composite samples, comprised of multiple samples collected over 24 hours, represent conditions occurring over the entire collection period. The data presentation and discussion in this section focus on ambient (non-event) samples.

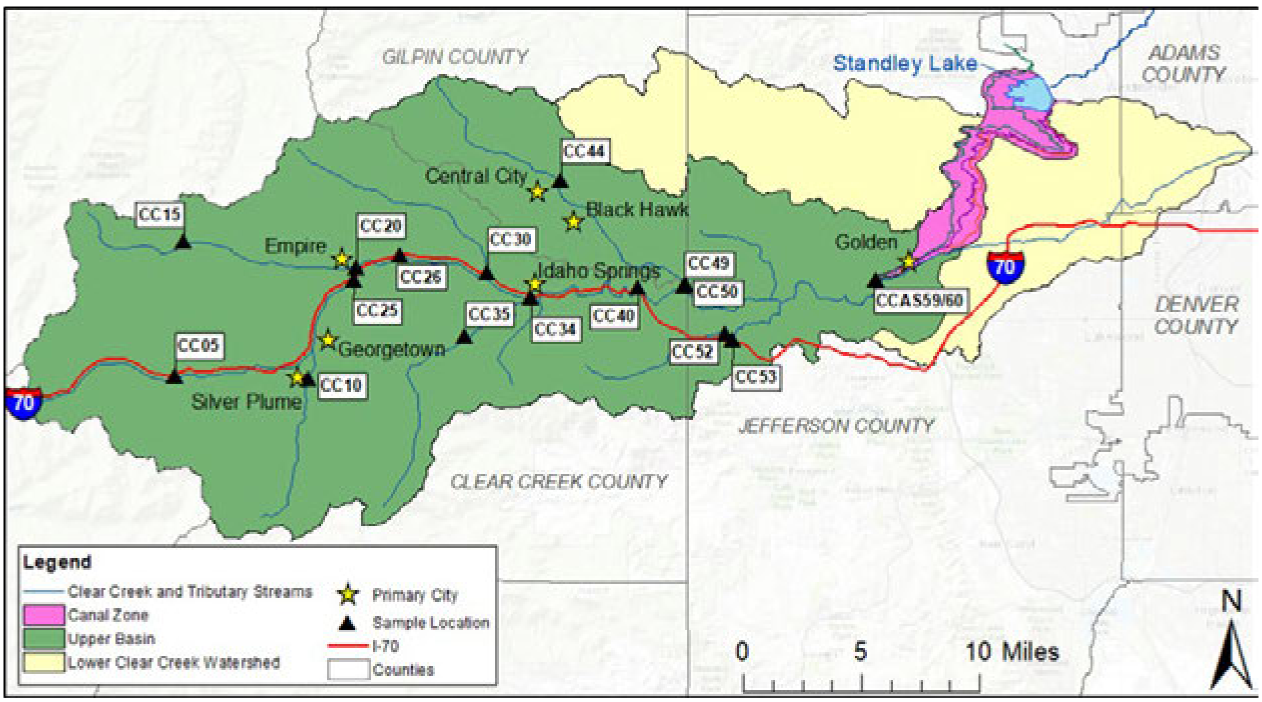

Figure 1. The Standley Lake Watershed: Upper Basin and Canal Zone

DISCHARGE

The annual hydrographs for Upper Basin locations CC26 and CC60 (Figure 2) both show a snowmelt-dominated pattern with the rising limb beginning in the middle of May and the falling limb extending through summer with intermittent increases due to precipitation. A large snowstorm added to the snowpack in mid-May causing a brief decrease in flow due to low temperatures. This snowstorm extended the runoff period until early June. Peak runoff occurred on June 12th, which is typical (Figure 3)[1].

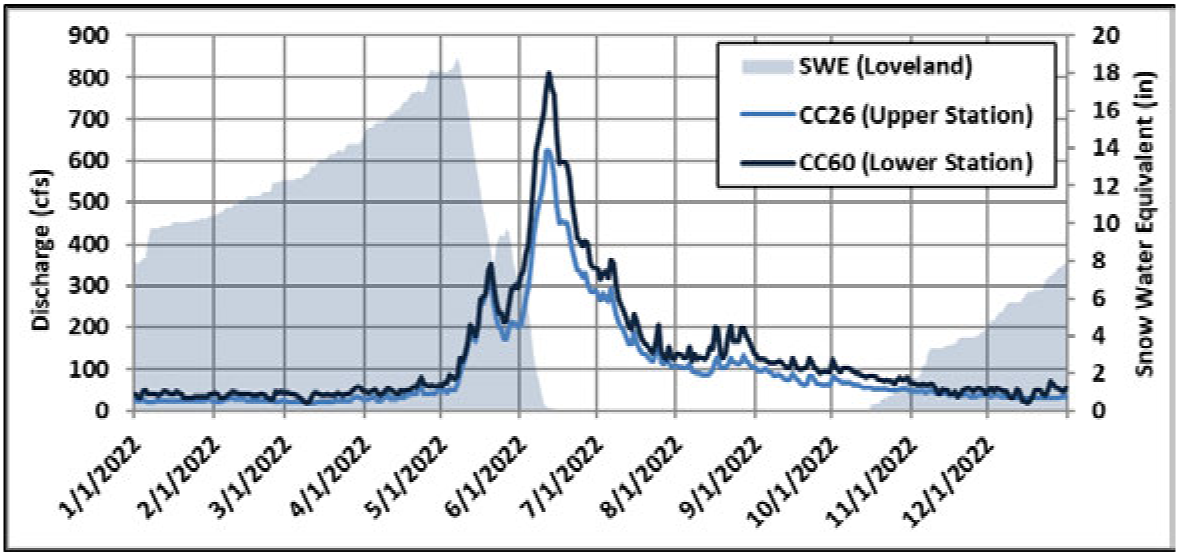

Figure 2. 2022 Clear Creek Hydrographs for the Upper Station (CC26) and the Lower Station (CC60)

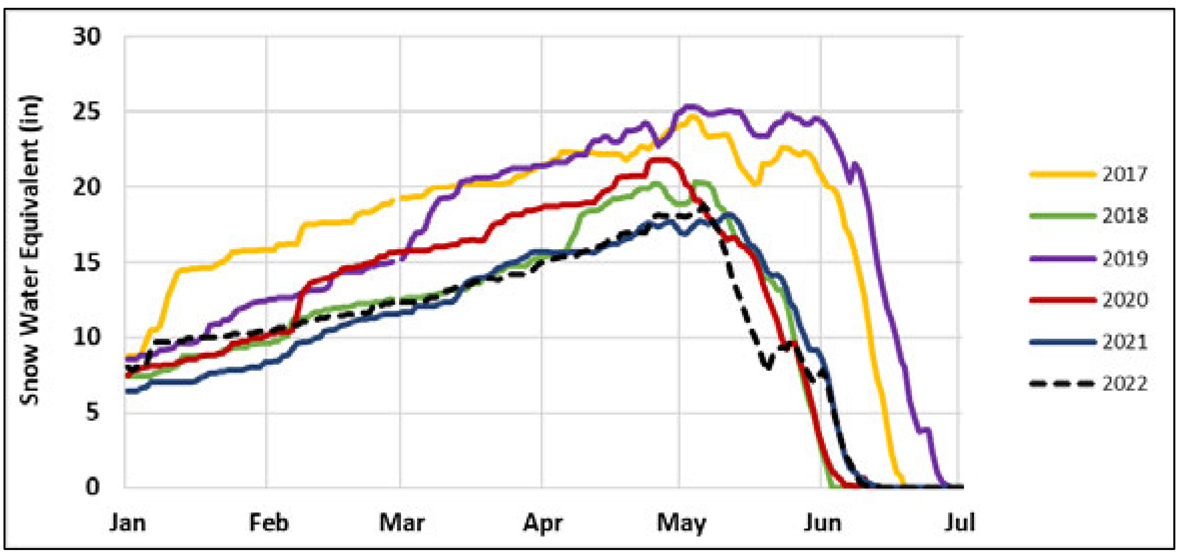

Figure 3. Snow Water Equivalent (SWE; in) at Loveland Basin SNOTEL, 2017-2022

[1] Snowpack data from Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) SNOTEL site 602: Loveland Basin (NRCS, 2023

Total annual flows at the upper station (CC26) of 71,175 AF were 19% below the 2017-2021 average of 88,318 AF. Total annual flows at the lower station (CC60) of 94,280 were 17% below the 2017-2021 average of 113,536 AF. Total annual flow volumes for the two locations (2017-2022) are presented in Figure 4. The 2017-2021 average flow volume is included for reference. 2022 is similar in total flows to 2018, 2020, and 2021.

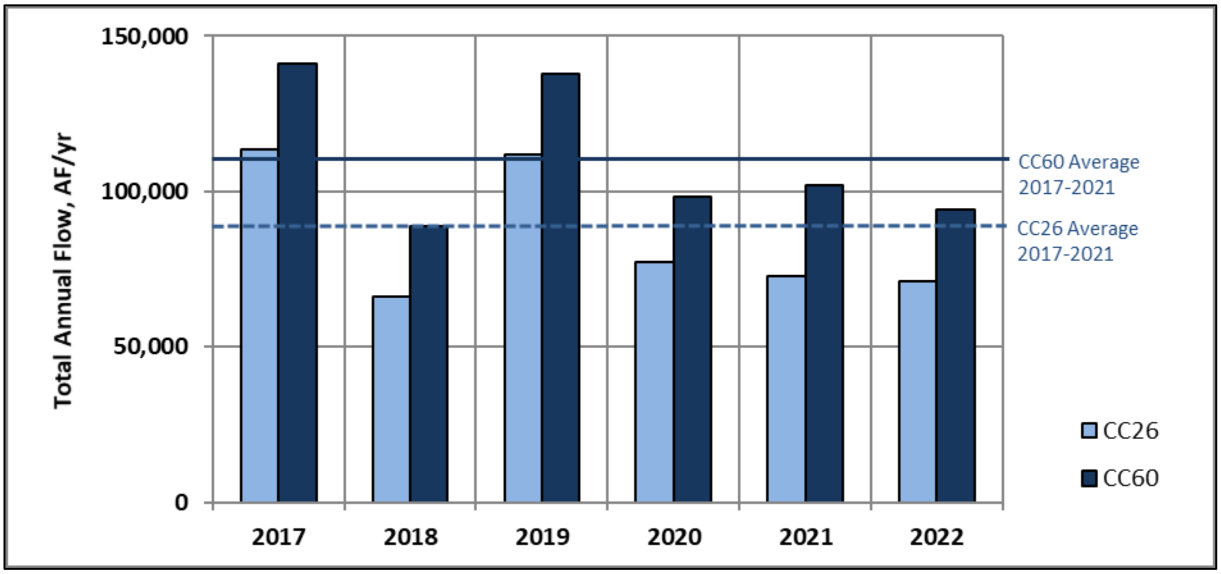

Figure 4. Total Annual Flow in Clear Creek at CC26 and CC60, 2017-2022

Hydrographs from CC60 for 2017-2022 are shown in Figure 5. The timing of yearly snowmelt-driven flows was consistent with previous years; however the magnitude of the peak flow was similar to three of the previous four years.

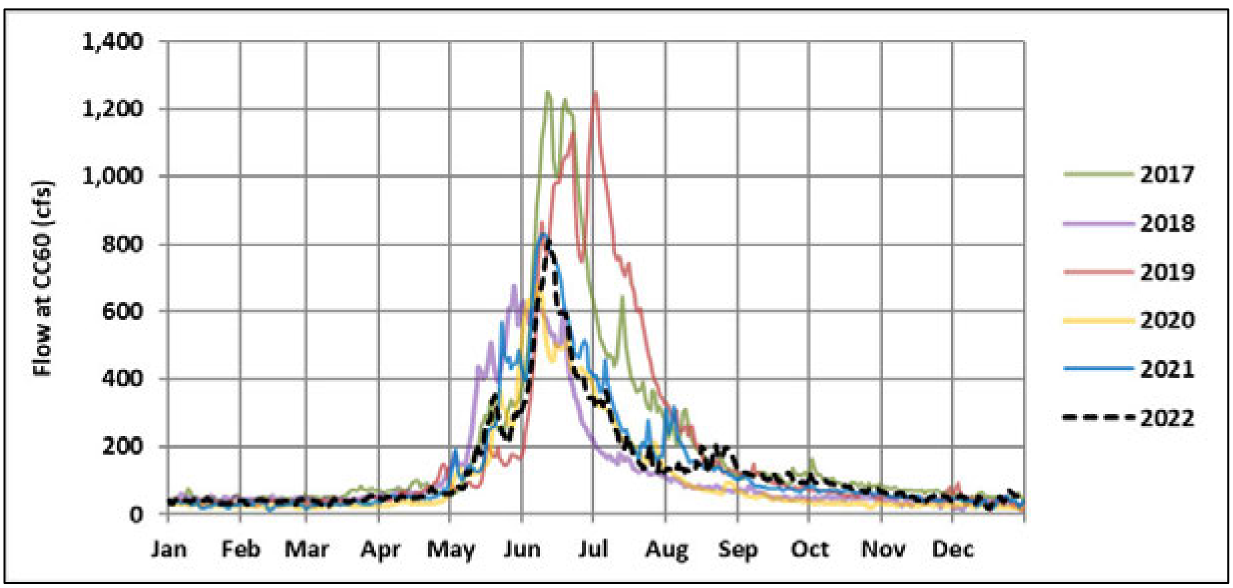

Figure 5. Annual Clear Creek Hydrographs for 2017-2022 (CC60)

WATER QUALITY AND NUTRIENT LOADING

Total Suspended Solids

Total suspended solids concentrations from 2022 ambient composite and grab samples for CCAS59/60 and CC26 are displayed in Figure 6. The maximum observed concentration for the upper station (CC26) was 11 mg/L on October 5. The maximum observed concentration of TSS was 36 mg/L at the lower station (CCAS59) on May 16th. Peak runoff occurred on June 12th, which is consistent with previous years. The first half of the runoff hydrograph (rising limb) was sampled only once in mid-May, the second half of runoff (falling limb) was adequately sampled in mid-June (Figure 7). This indicates runoff was captured better than previous years, but still may be an underestimate as the falling limb of hydrographs typically have lower concentrations.

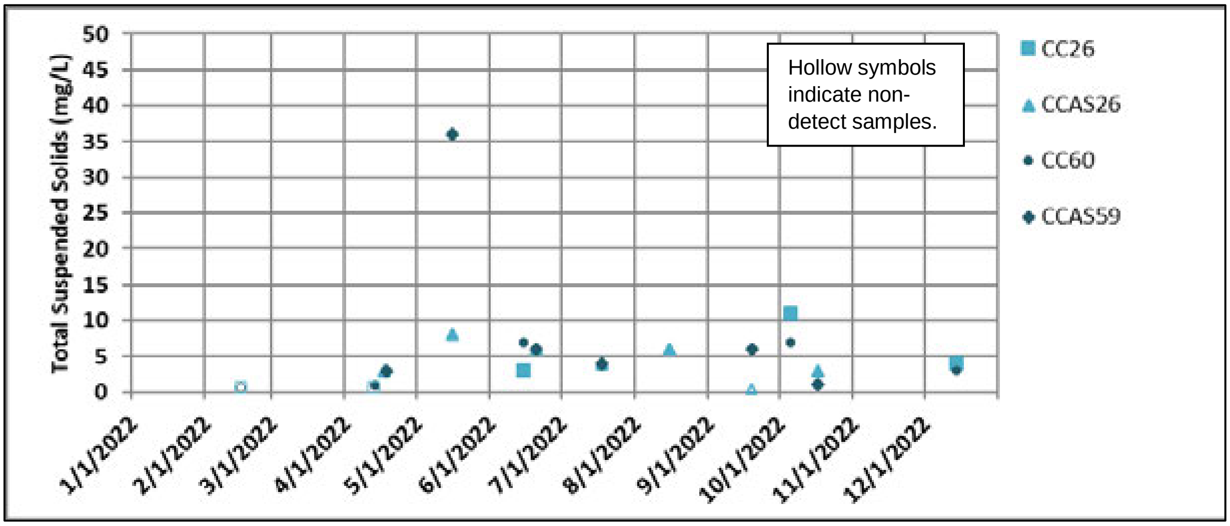

Figure 6. Total Suspended Solids Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin, 2022

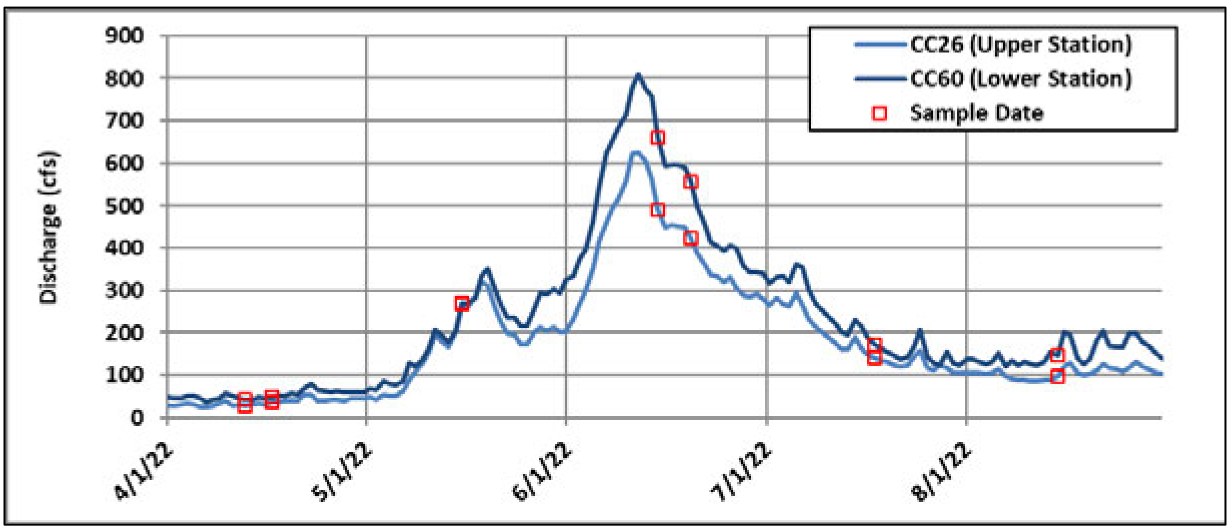

Figure 7. Sample Timing and Flow at CC26 and CC60, 2022

TSS sample results from the previous six years are presented in Figure 8. In this figure and in subsequent related figures for TP and TN, the November to March period is highlighted in grey.

This is done to emphasize the seasonality of the observed water-quality patterns. Peak concentrations in 2022 for CC26 and CCAS59/60 were within the range of the previous five years.

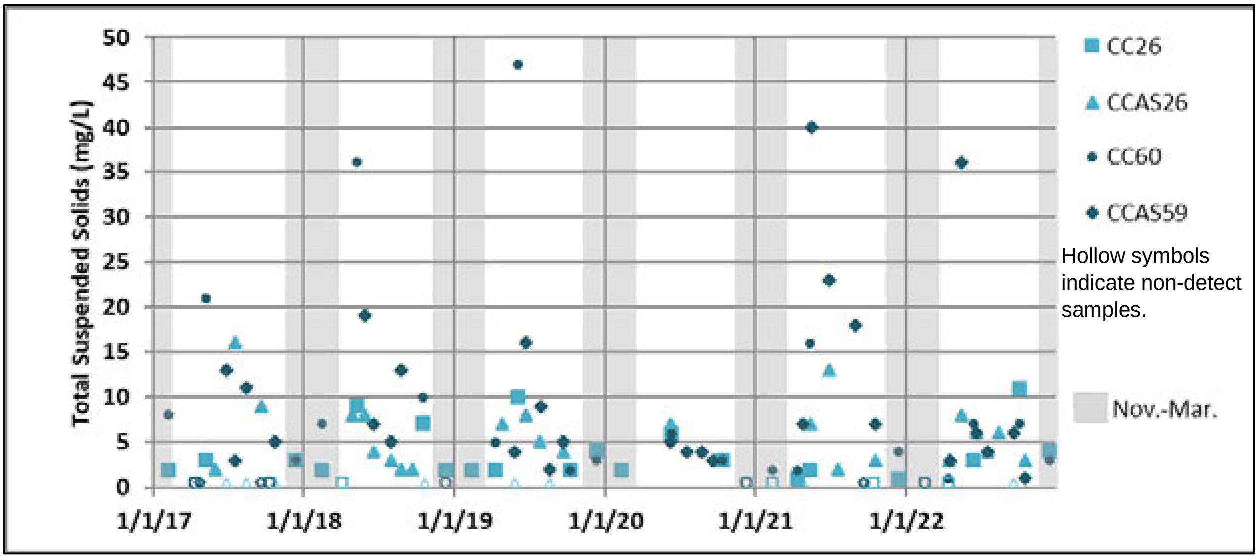

Figure 8. Total Suspended Solid Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin, 2017-2022

Average monthly TSS concentrations at CCAS59/60 in 2022 are compared to the average, median, and range of the previous five years (2017-2021) for all months sampled in 2022 (Table 1). All samples were within the range of previously observed values with the exception of September, which was slightly higher.

Table 1. Monthly Average Total Suspended Solids Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin at CCAS59/60, Red Values are Below Detection Limit and are Reported as ½ the Detection Limit (0.5 mg/L)

Month	2022 TSS (mg/L)	2017-2021 Average TSS (mg/L)	2017-2021 Median TSS (mg/L)	2017-2021 Range of TSS (mg/L)
February	0.5	5.7	7.0	2.0 – 8.0
April	2*	3.0	2.0	0.5 – 7.0
May	36	22.7	20.0	4.0 – 40.0
June	6.5*	16.7	13.0	5.0 – 47.0
July	4	5.3	4.0	3.0 – 9.0
September	6	2.3	1.8	0.5 – 5.0
October	4*	4.6	4.0	0.5 – 10.0
December	3	2.2	3.0	0.5 – 4.0

∗ Average value (two samples taken in April, June, and October)

Loads were calculated using daily flows from USGS gage measurements and concentration data from samples collected as part of the Upper Clear Creek/Standley Lake Watershed Water Quality Monitoring Program. Consistent with previous analyses, a mid-point step function was used to fill in daily concentrations between available sample data. Annual loads were then calculated as the sum of individual daily loads. Non-storm-event TSS loads at CC26 and CCAS59/60 were calculated for 2022 and compared to estimates from 2017-2021 (Figure 9). Loads at the upper station were 33% lower than the average of the previous five years. Loads at the lower station were 43% below average. TSS concentrations are tied closely to particle transport, and as a result tend to increase with increasing flow. While flow volumes were similar to the previous three years (Figure 4), the concentrations were much lower causing lower loads overall. This is demonstrated by the volume-weighted average concentrations for TSS (Figure 10).

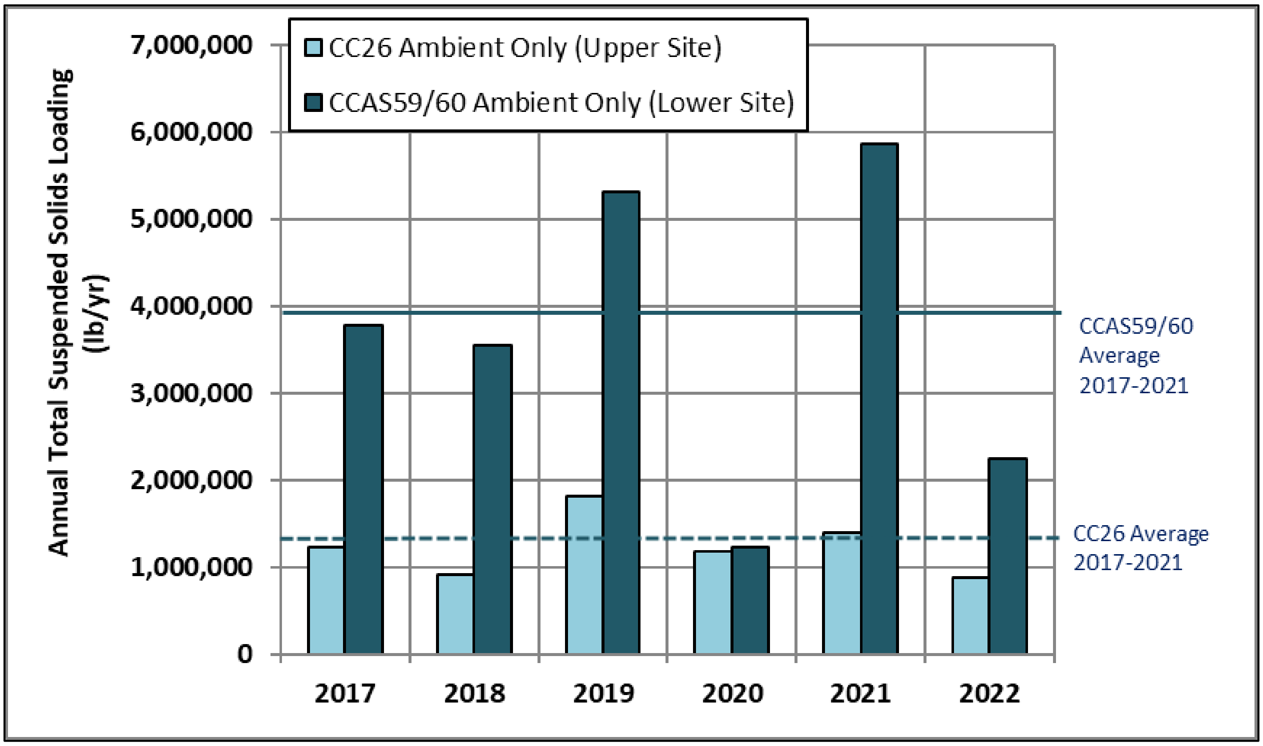

Figure 9. Total Suspended Solids Load Estimates in the Upper Basin, 2017-2022

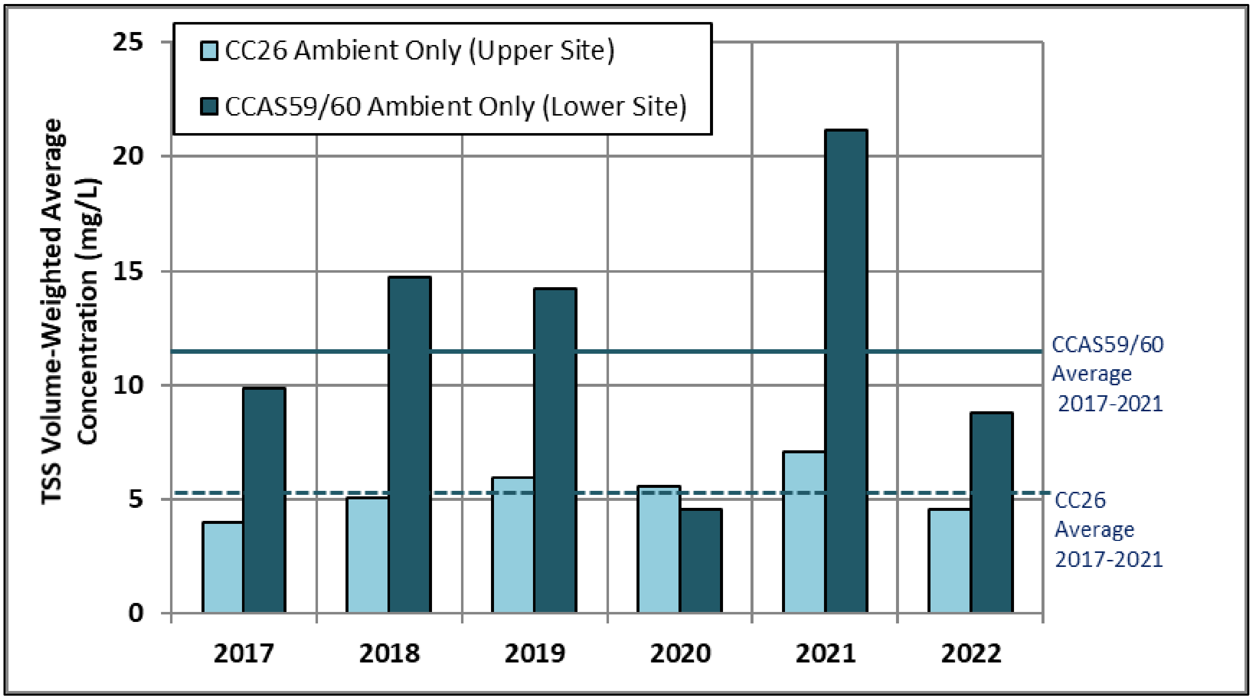

Figure 10. Volume-Weighted Average Concentrations for the Upper Basin, 2017-2022

Total Phosphorus

Total phosphorus concentrations from grab samples and ambient composites in the Upper Basin are displayed in Figure 11. The highest concentration for the upper station occurred on June 15 (30.1 µg/L). The highest concentration for the lower station was 25.0 µg/L and occurred on May 16.

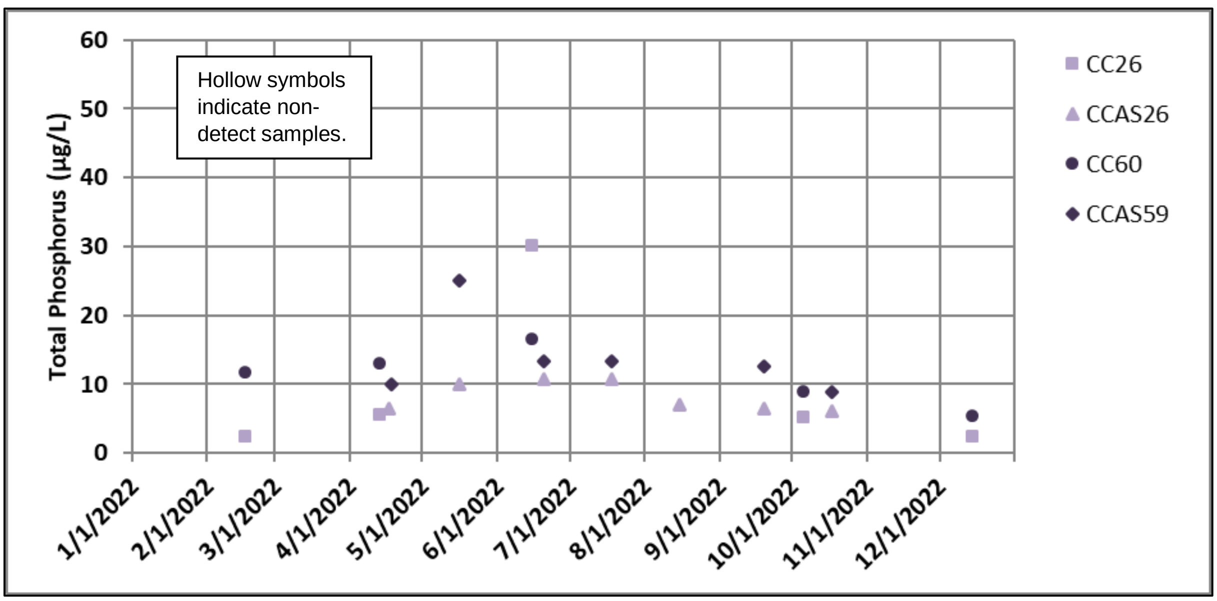

Figure 11. Total Phosphorus Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin, 2022

Total phosphorus concentrations from ambient and grab samples for the period of 2017-2022 are displayed in Figure 12. As with most years, there is an increase in concentrations in the spring during runoff.

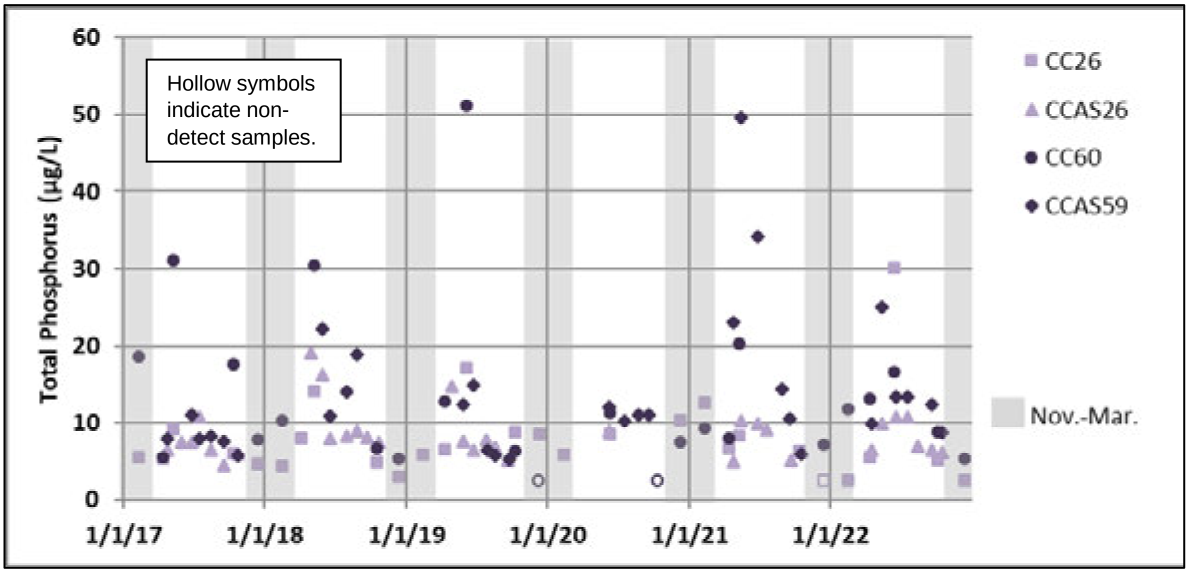

Figure 12. Total Phosphorus Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin, 2017-2022

Monthly average TP concentrations for all months sampled in 2022 and the 2017-2021 average, median, and range are shown in Table 2. Most months were within the observed range of the last five years; however, July and September were above the range of observed concentrations in the last five years.

Table 2. Monthly Average Total Phosphorus Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin at CCAS59/60, Red Values are Below Detection Limit and are Reported as ½ the Detection Limit (2.5 µg/L)

Month	2022 TP (µg/L)	2017-2021 Average TP (µg/L)	2017-2021 Median TP (ug/L)	2017-2021 Range of TP (µg/L)
February	11.8	12.8	10.4	9.3 – 18.6
April	11.6*	11.5	8.1	5.6 – 23.1
May	25	27.7	26.4	12.5 – 49.6
June	15*	20.8	12.1	10.9 – 51.1
July	13.4	8.2	7.9	6.5 – 10.3
September	12.5	8.7	9.1	5.3 – 11.1
October	8.9*	7.5	6.1	2.5 – 17.6
December	5.4	6.1	7.2	2.5 – 17.9

* Average value (two samples taken in April, June, and October)

Non-storm event TP loads at CC26 and CCAS59/60 were calculated for 2022 and compared to load estimates from 2017-2021 (Figure 13). In 2022, loads for CC26 were 18% above average and loads for CCAS59/60 in were 27% below the 2017-2021 average.

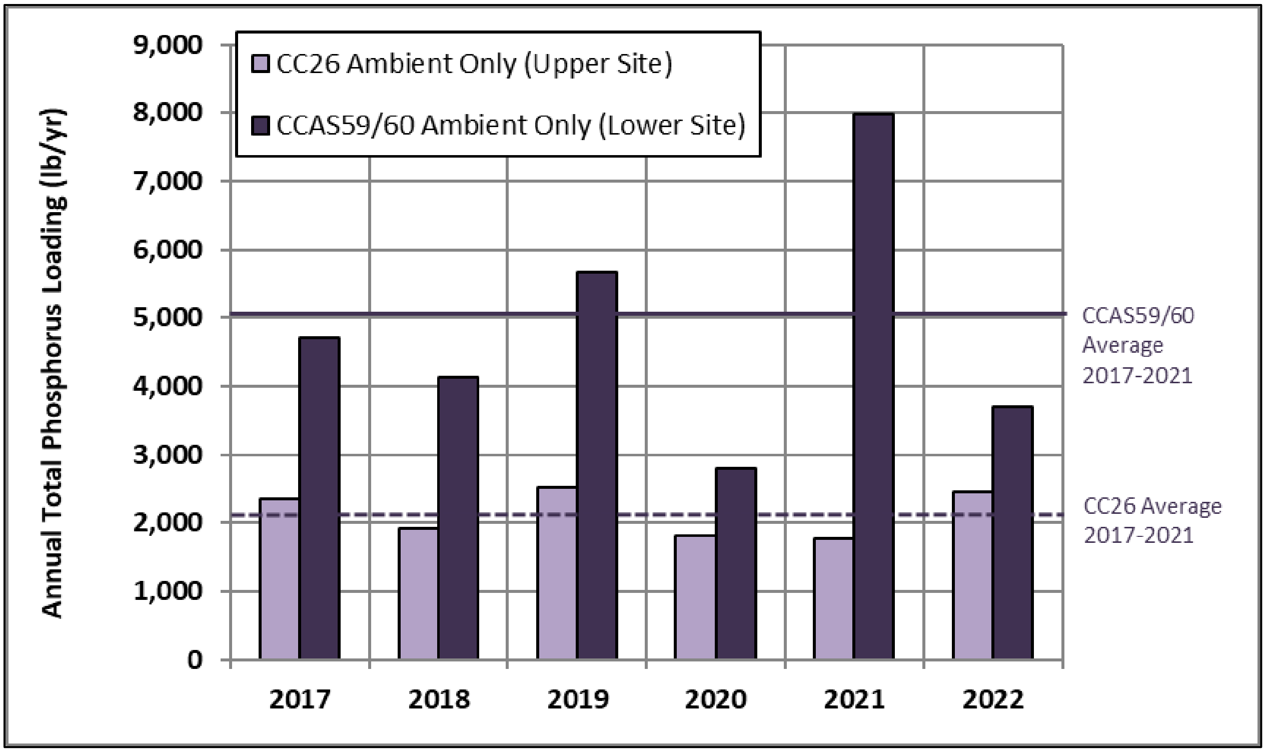

Figure 13. Annual Total Phosphorus Loading Estimates in the Upper Basin, 2017-2022

Total Nitrogen

Total nitrogen concentrations from grab and composite sample data collected in the Upper Basin for 2022 are presented in Figure 14. Both stations follow a seasonal pattern with higher concentrations in the winter and early spring months. This pattern is the opposite of patterns observed in TSS and TP and is related to the higher proportion of flow from WWTPs in winter months. The maximum concentration at the upper station was 500 µg/L and was observed on April 17. The maximum ambient concentration at the lower station was 590 µg/L and was observed on May 16 at CCAS59.

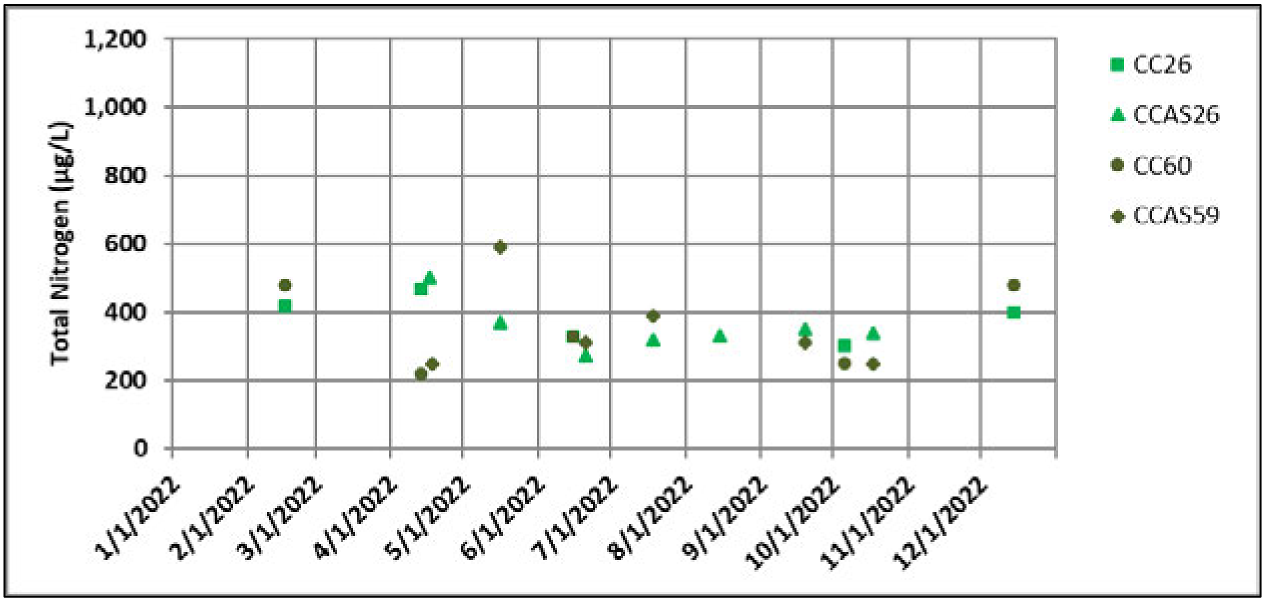

Figure 14. Total Nitrogen Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin, 2022

A temporal pattern of lower TN concentrations in summer and higher concentrations during the winter low-flow period (typically November to March) is observed each year for both stations (Figure 15). This pattern is driven by the dilution of sources during periods of higher flow, this pattern is once again evident in 2022. The highest concentrations in April and May occurred prior to the majority of runoff and concentrations decreased shortly after due to dilution at both locations.

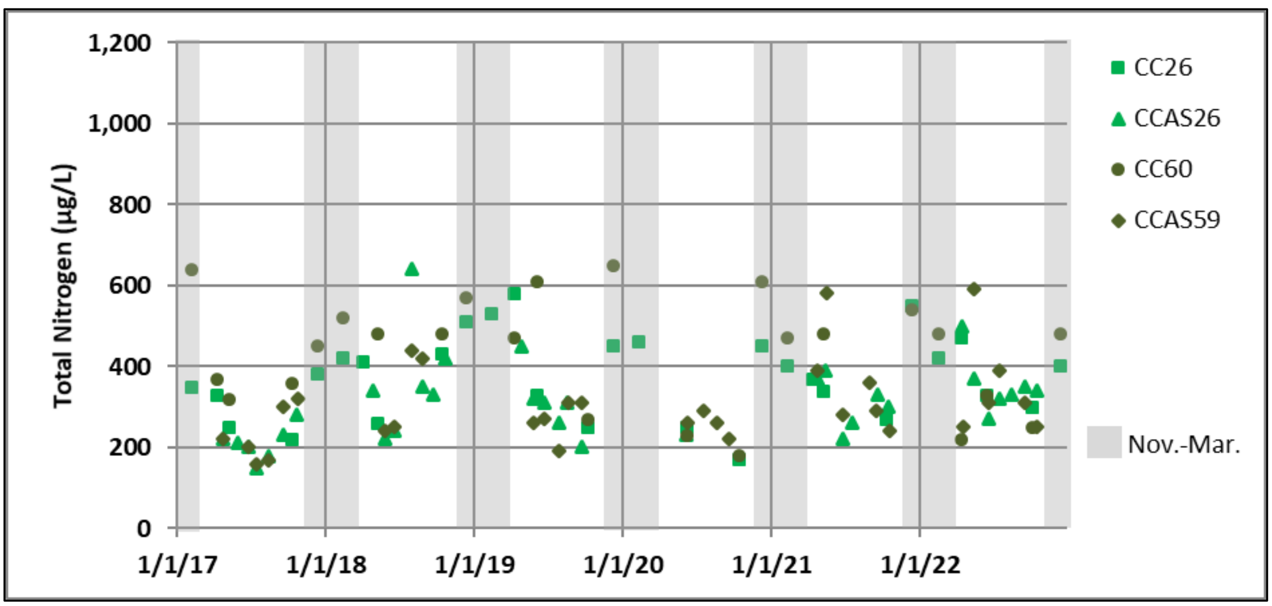

Figure 15. Total Nitrogen Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin, 2017-2022

A comparison of monthly average TN concentrations at CCAS59/60 for 2022 and the 2017-2021 average, median, and range for all sampled months are displayed in Table 3. The ambient results for TN were within the range of historic observations for most of the months sampled. May was slightly above the range of prior observed concentrations and July was well above the range of concentrations observed during in the previous five years.

Table 3. Monthly Average Total Nitrogen Concentrations (Non-Event) in the Upper Basin at CCAS59/60

Month	2022 TN (µg/L)	2017-2021 Average of TN (µg/L)	2017-2021 Median of TN (µg/L)	2017-2021 Range of TN (µg/L)
February	480	543	520	470 – 640
April	235*	363	380	220 – 470
May	590	393	400	240 – 580
June	320*	300	260	200 – 610
July	390	213	190	160 – 290
September	310	280	295	220 – 310
October	250*	308	295	180 – 480
December	480	564	570	450 – 650

∗ Average value (two samples taken in April, June, and October)

Loads in 2022 (Figure 16) were comparable to the average of the previous five years. Loads at CC26 were almost exactly average and CCAS59/60 loads were 2% below average.

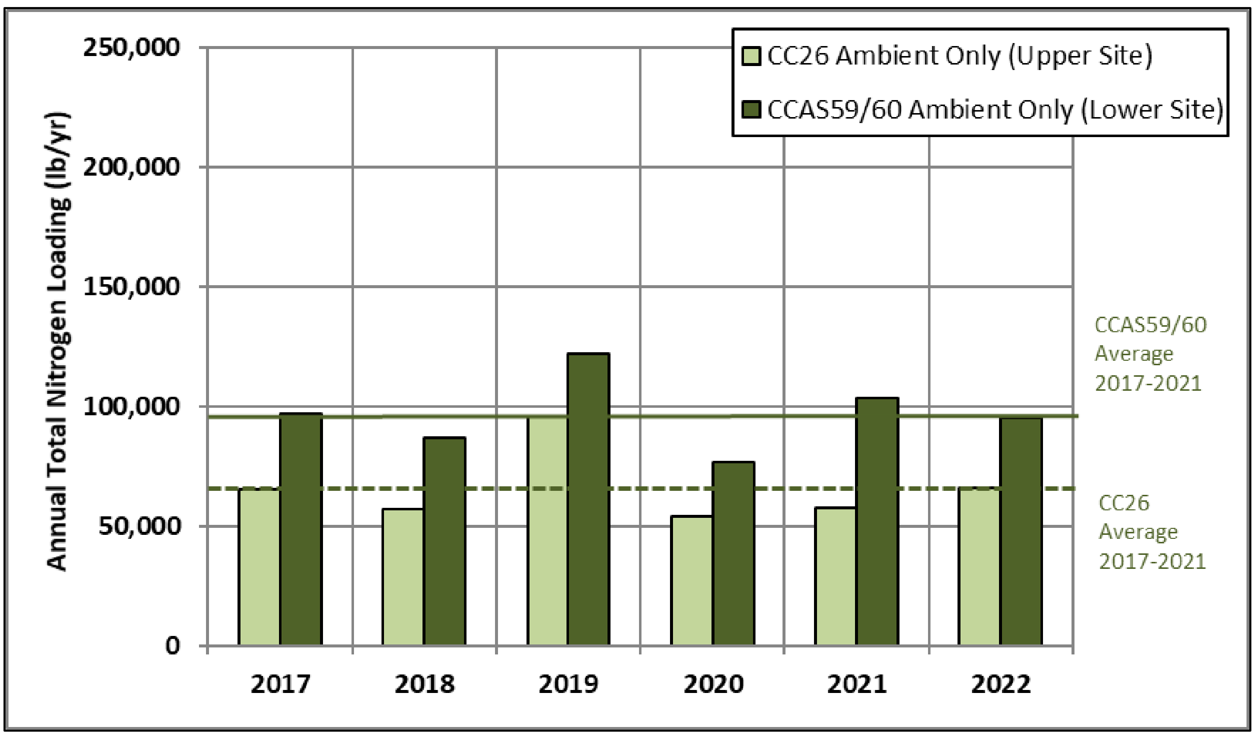

Figure 16. Total Nitrogen Loading Estimates in the Upper Basin, 2017-2022

STORM EVENT LOADING

The loading results in the previous section include grab samples and ambient composite samples. These types of samples are taken at regular intervals, and do not capture water-quality responses to storm events. Precipitation events can result in substantial changes to water quality compared to ambient conditions. Event-triggered sampling results at station CCAS59 in Golden are summarized in this section. Storm-event concentrations were assumed to represent concentrations for the full day of the composite sample, though runoff events can cover longer or shorter periods.

In August 2022, one event-triggered sample was collected at CCAS59. Effects of these storms on loading estimates are presented in Figure 17. This sample was originally an ambient composite sample, however, a storm occurred during the sampling period. It was decided to count this sample as an event sample due to high turbidity and high TSS from the storm. Because the sample was mixed with the prior hours of sampling it is likely these numbers are underestimating the magnitude of the loads resulting from this storm. Incorporating this sample from this event into the loading calculations increases the annual loads of TN by 0.2 %, TP by 2%, and TSS by 6%. The effects of storm events on loading estimates are highly dependent on the number of storm events captured and by the concentrations observed during each individual event. There can also be large amounts of variability between storm events.

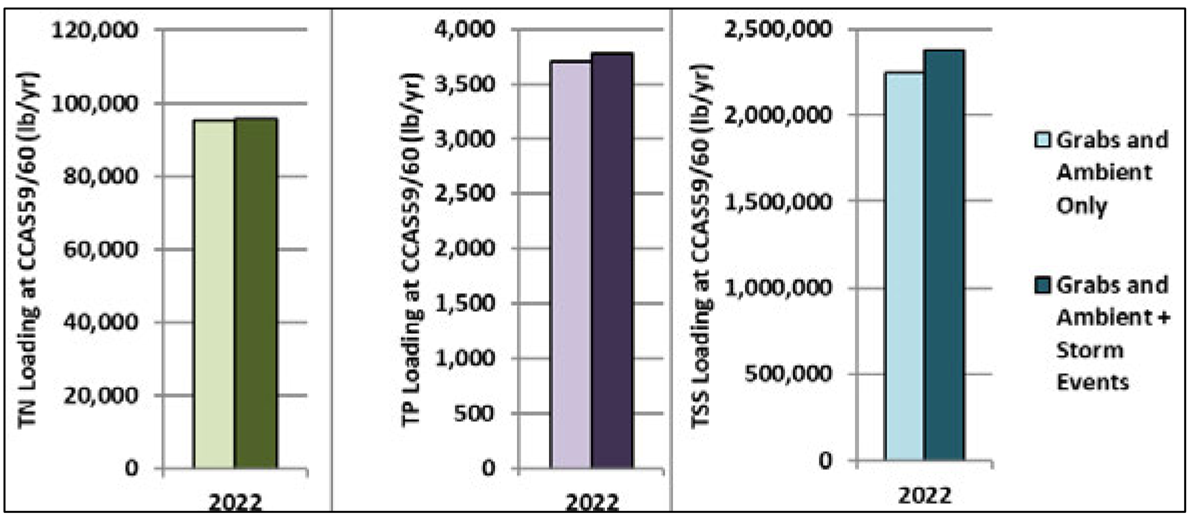

Figure 17. Total Nitrogen, Total Phosphorus, and Total Suspended Solids Loading in 2022 With and Without Storm Events

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES AND REGULATION 85

Of the nine WWTFs in the Upper Basin (Figure 3), only the Black Hawk / Central City Sanitation District facility (design capacity of 2.0 MGD) is subject to Regulation 85 effluent limits and monthly monitoring requirements. Minor dischargers (less than 1 MGD design capacity) are required to sample once every two months at a minimum. This applies to the seven domestic WWTFs in the watershed: Loveland Ski Area, Georgetown, Empire, Central Clear Creek, Idaho Springs, St. Mary's, and Clear Creek High School. Effluent nutrient concentrations for these WWTFs and Henderson Mine (an industrial discharger located above the town of Empire) are summarized for 2020, 2021, and 2022 in Tables 4-6. WWTFs are required to monitor total inorganic nitrogen and total phosphorus, per Regulation 85. Since this report focuses on total nitrogen (TN) and total phosphorus (TP), TN is reported here.

Table 4. Effluent Nutrient Concentrations and Flows from WWTFs in the Clear Creek Watershed for 2020

Location	WWTF	Average Flow (MGD)	Sample Count	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)			Total Nitrogen (mg/L)		
				Min	Max	Median	Min	Max	Median
Upstream	Loveland Ski Area	0.005	12	0.16	3.37	1.71	7.11	53.73	22.31
↓	Henderson Mine	1.712	12	0.005	0.015	0.01	0.98	3.15	1.67
	Georgetown	0.222	6	0.01	0.14	0.05	0.50	22.10	2.80
	Empire	0.026	9	0.09	2.10	0.20	11.77	29.23	18.36
	St. Mary's	0.089	11	0.27	2.69	1.57	3.79	28.32	16.93
	Idaho Springs*	—	6	0.31	2.17	0.73	1.08	5.01	2.56
	Black Hawk/Central City	0.236	11	0.02	0.12	0.04	3.12	13.30	7.51
Downstream	Clear Creek High School	0.006	6	6.44	17.38	16.15	0.14	98.50	52.08

*Idaho Springs 2020 flow data not available.

Table 5. Effluent Nutrient Concentrations and Flows from WWTFs in the Clear Creek Watershed for 2021

Location	WWTF	Average Flow (MGD)	Sample Count	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)			Total Nitrogen (mg/L)		
				Min	Max	Median	Min	Max	Median
Upstream	Loveland Ski Area	0.009	10	0.30	5.31	2.16	2.20	82.45	35.47
↓	Henderson Mine	1.524	12	0.005	0.082	0.01	1.11	2.18	1.49
	Georgetown	0.272	6	0.04	0.16	0.05	1.90	4.30	2.50
	Empire	0.023	6	0.12	9.00	0.27	11.50	21.97	15.81
	St. Mary's	0.136	12	0.28	2.45	1.61	2.16	29.77	15.18
	Idaho Springs	0.225	6	0.24	2.44	0.67	1.08	18.78	7.36
	Black Hawk/Central City	0.294	11	0.04	0.11	0.08	5.00	11.19	10.20
Downstream	Clear Creek High School	0.001	10	2.66	16.99	11.20	1.48	93.17	66.94

Table 6. Effluent Nutrient Concentrations and Flows from WWTFs in the Clear Creek Watershed for 2022

Location	WWTF	Average Flow (MGD)	Sample Count	Total Phosphorus (mg/L)			Total Nitrogen (mg/L)		
				Min	Max	Median	Min	Max	Median
Upstream	Loveland Ski Area	0.006	12	0.39	7.37	2.41	3.25	62.69	17.03
↓	Henderson Mine	1.329	12	0.005	0.014	0.005	1.15	2.76	1.72
	Georgetown	0.256	6	0.05	0.24	0.05	1.90	4.30	2.50
	Empire	0.027	6	0.05	1.06	0.20	8.39	29.33	15.85
	St. Mary's	0.131	12	0.20	2.76	0.94	4.66	20.91	14.00
	Idaho Springs	0.215	6	0.27	7.21	1.61	1.26	6.37	4.89
	Black Hawk/Central City	0.307	12	0.04	0.12	0.06	4.65	10.60	8.26
Downstream	Clear Creek High School	0.001	11	9.16	12.69	10.58	2.99	85.98	58.09

III. CANAL ZONE FLOWS AND WATER QUALITY

Water enters Standley Lake via four conveyances: Church Ditch, Croke Canal, Farmers' High Line Canal (FHL), and Kinnear Ditch Pipeline (KDPL; Figure 18). This section presents the timing and volume of flows for the inflows to Standley Lake as well as water-quality changes along the two major (FHL and Croke) canals from their points of diversion on Clear Creek to the reservoir.

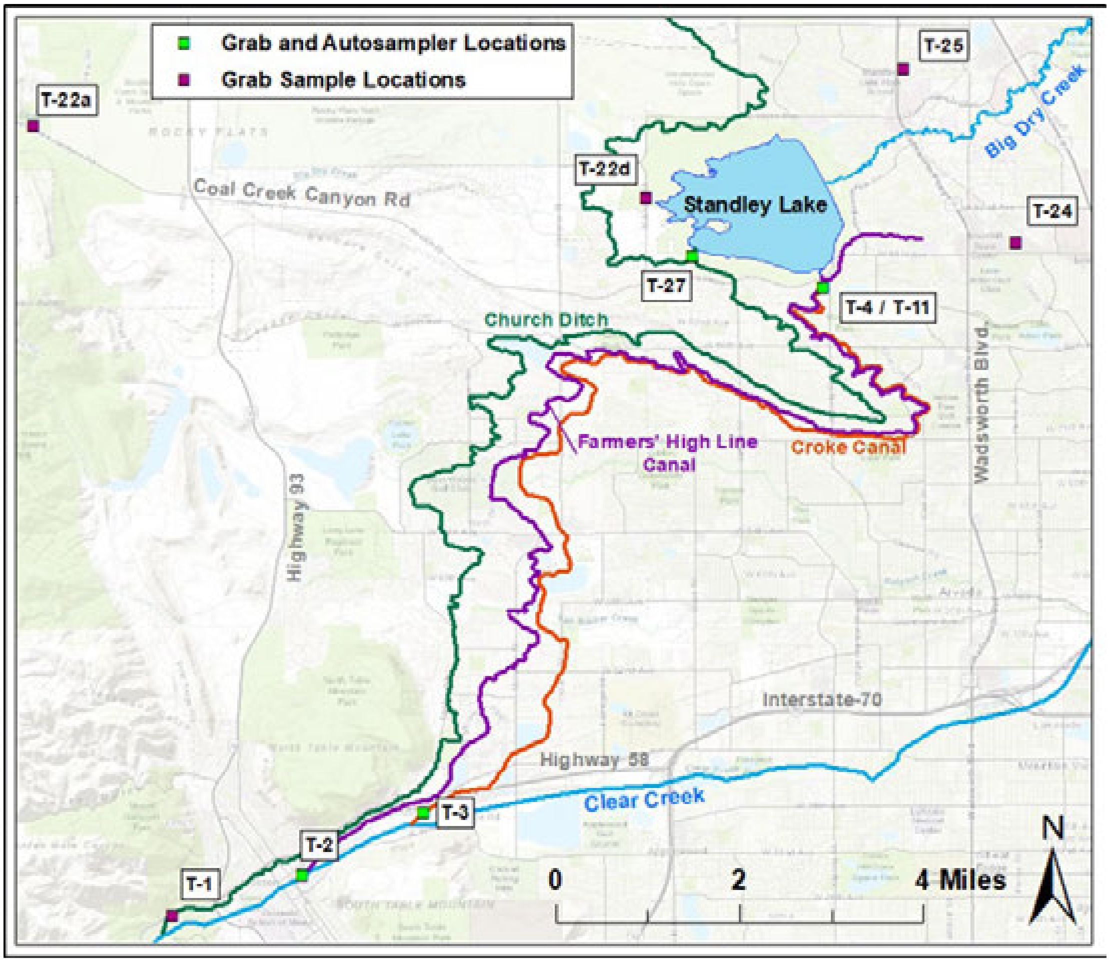

Figure 18. The Canal Zone Showing the Three Canals that Divert Water from Clear Creek to Standley Lake

FLOWS FROM CANALS AND KDPL

Inflows for 2022 from each of these sources are shown in Figure 19. During the irrigation season (April to October), the FHL was the dominant source of inflow. At the beginning of June during the free-river[2] period, the Croke, FHL, and Church Ditch ran simultaneously. In 2022, the Church Ditch ran from mid-May through the beginning of September, and the KDPL ran briefly in July and for the whole month of November, stopping a few days into December. The Croke

[2] Free-river is defined as a period of time where there is more water than all water rights on a river (Colorado River District, 2020).

Canal has the most senior rights in the Clear Creek Basin during the non-irrigation season (November – March). As is typical, following the cessation of flows from FHL, the Croke Canal provided inflow to Standley Lake from November 1 to mid-April.

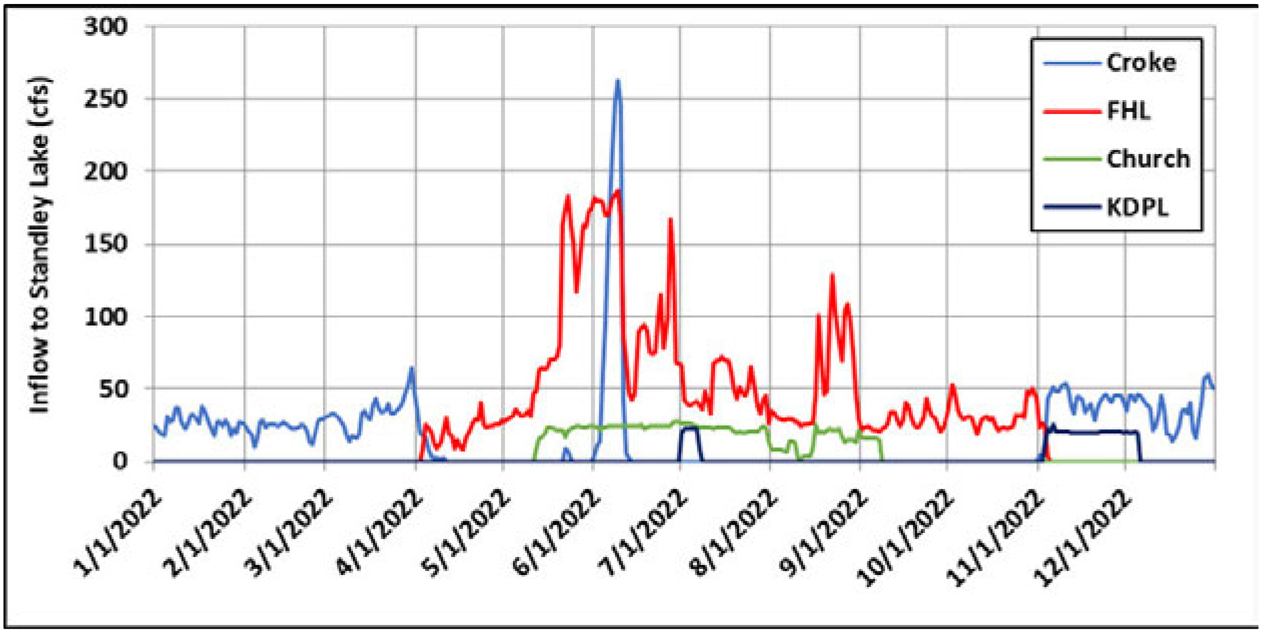

Figure 19. Inflow to Standley Lake, 2022

CHANGES IN WATER QUALITY FOR THE FHL AND CROKE CANALS

The Croke and the FHL are the dominant water delivery conveyances to Standley Lake. These canals follow parallel paths for approximately 15 miles between their headgates at Clear Creek and their inlet to Standley Lake. Over this distance, the canals pass through a diverse range of land uses. When a canal is in use, water-quality samples are collected at both the headgate and at the release point to Standley Lake. To better understand the effects of the Canal Zone on water quality, median annual concentrations were calculated for TSS, TP, and TN at canal headgates and reservoir inlets. In 2022, an increase in TSS and TP concentrations was observed in the Croke (Figure 20 and Figure 21, right). However, TN does not show the same pattern (Figure 22, right). Interestingly, TSS and TP in the Croke concentrations appear to have been decreasing over the previous six years. The specific sources of TSS and TP along the Croke have not been identified. The magnitude of the difference for these constituents is less in the FHL (Figures 21-23, left).

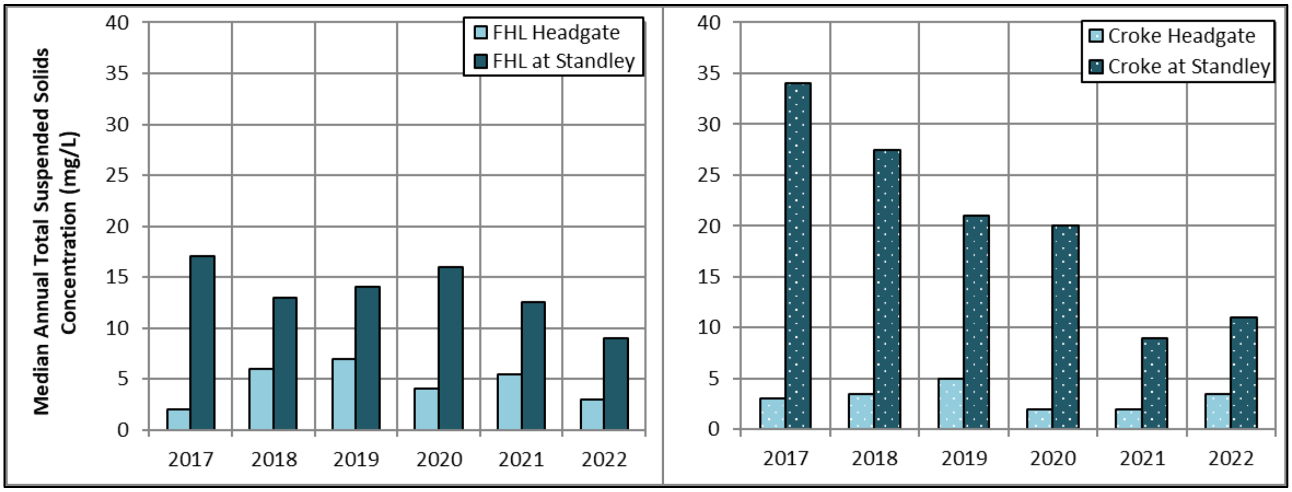

Figure 20. Median Total Suspended Solids Concentrations in FHL (left) and Croke (right)

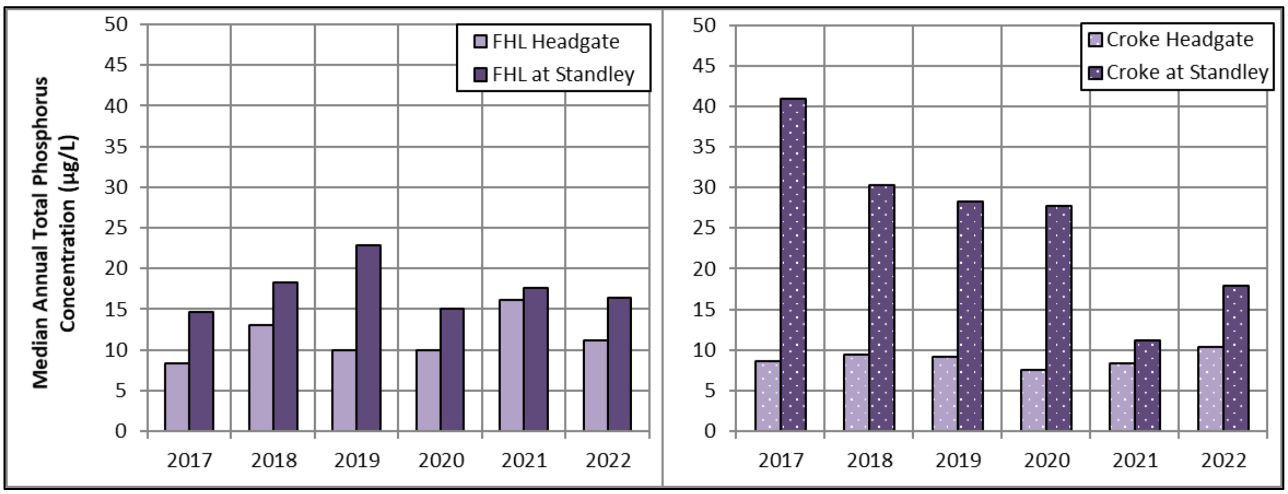

Figure 21. Median Total Phosphorus Concentrations in FHL (left) and Croke (right)

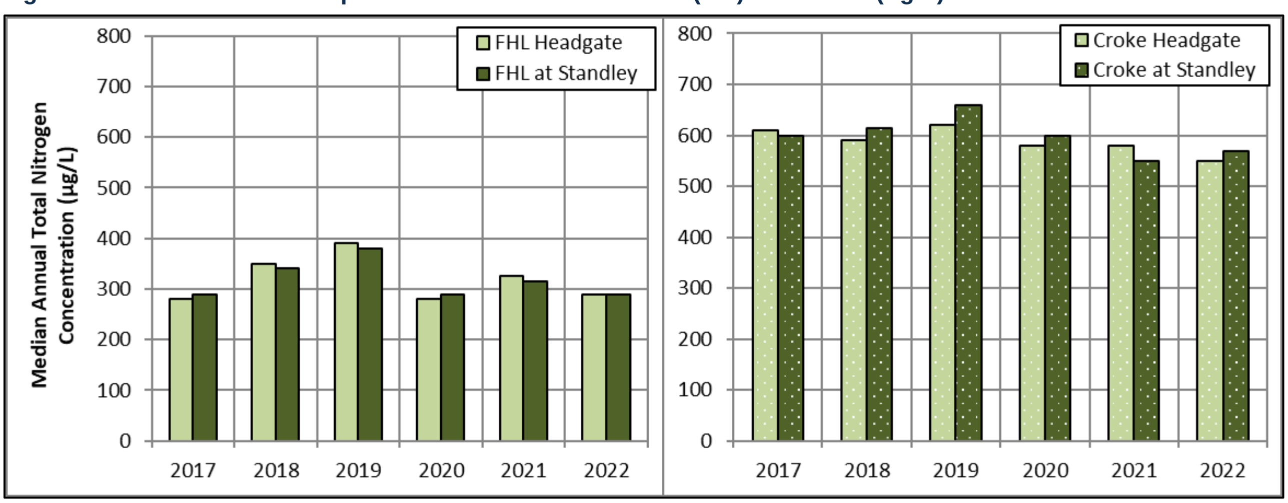

Figure 22. Median Total Nitrogen Concentrations in FHL (left) and Croke (right)

IV. STANDLEY LAKE FLOWS, CONTENTS, AND LOADINGS

Standley Lake is monitored throughout the year when ice is not present. The reservoir is sampled in multiple locations, however, SL10 (Figure 23) is the most pertinent to this report because it is located near the municipal supply intakes and is the location of the automated profiler. Daily reservoir profiles are taken and biweekly samples are collected at the surface, through the photic zone (twice the Secchi depth), and at the bottom. This section provides a discussion of the quantity and quality of the inflows to and outflows from Standley Lake. Loads of TSS, TN, and TP are described, as well as reservoir contents.

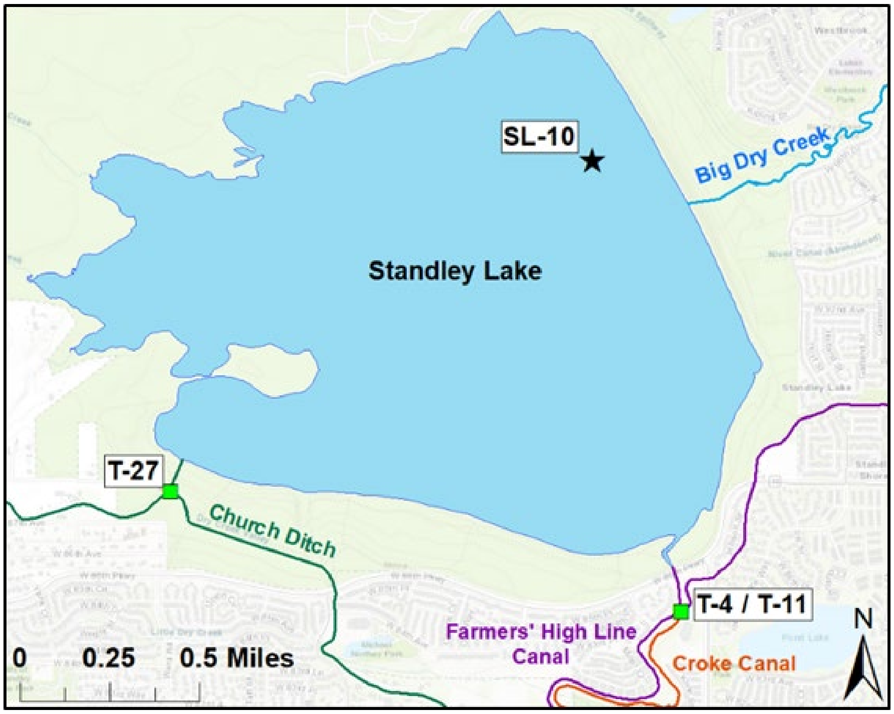

Figure 23. Standley Lake Sampling Location and Locations of Canal Inflows

FLOWS AND CONTENTS

Seasonal patterns and daily flow rates for the four inflows to Standley Lake were presented in Figure 19. Annual flow volumes for each source for the period 2017 to 2022 are shown in Figure 24. The FHL and Croke Canals contribute the largest inflows of water to Standley Lake providing 56% and 29%, respectively, of the total inflows in 2022. Church Ditch and KDPL inflows were 11% and 3%, respectively.

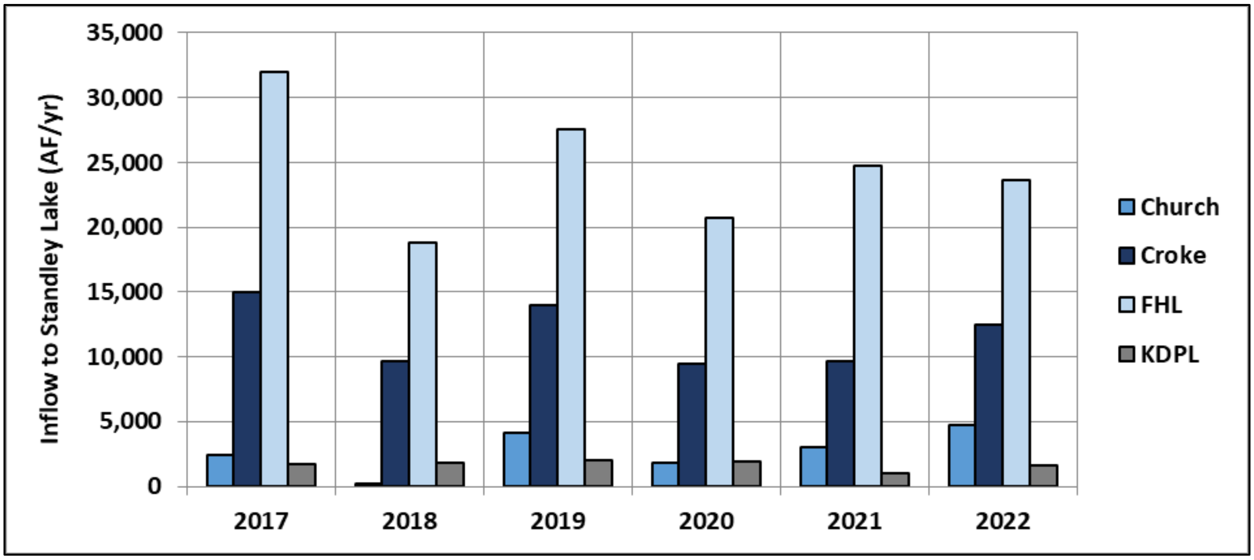

Figure 24. Inflow Volumes to Standley Lake by Source, 2017-2022

Standley Lake contents for the period of 2017-2022 are displayed in Figure 25. Contents were calculated from gage-height measurements using the elevation-area-volume relationship for the reservoir. In the beginning of 2022, reservoir contents were the 8,000 AF below full capacity. After a dry summer and higher demands, the reservoir began to decrease again until water became available from the KDPL in the beginning of November. Standley Lake ended the year 4,000 AF below full capacity.

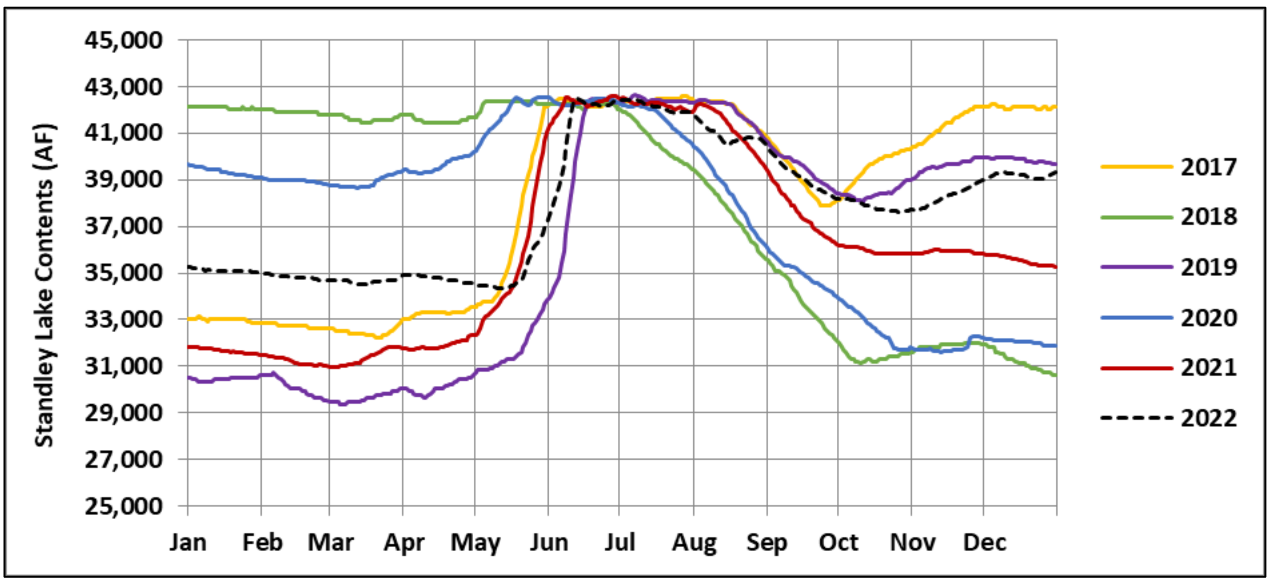

Figure 25. Standley Lake Contents, 2017-2022

Total inflow and outflow rates are presented in Figure 26. Inflows were less than outflows from the beginning of the year until late March when inflows increased during precipitation events, followed by the start of runoff in May. Intermittent increases in inflow occurred in June and August following precipitation events. Inflows to Standley Lake were 8% lower than the average of the previous five years. Outflow is dependent on potable water, agricultural, and stream-flow demands and is relatively consistent over the years, barring unusual weather patterns. In 2022, outflows in Standley Lake were 14% lower than the average of the previous five years.

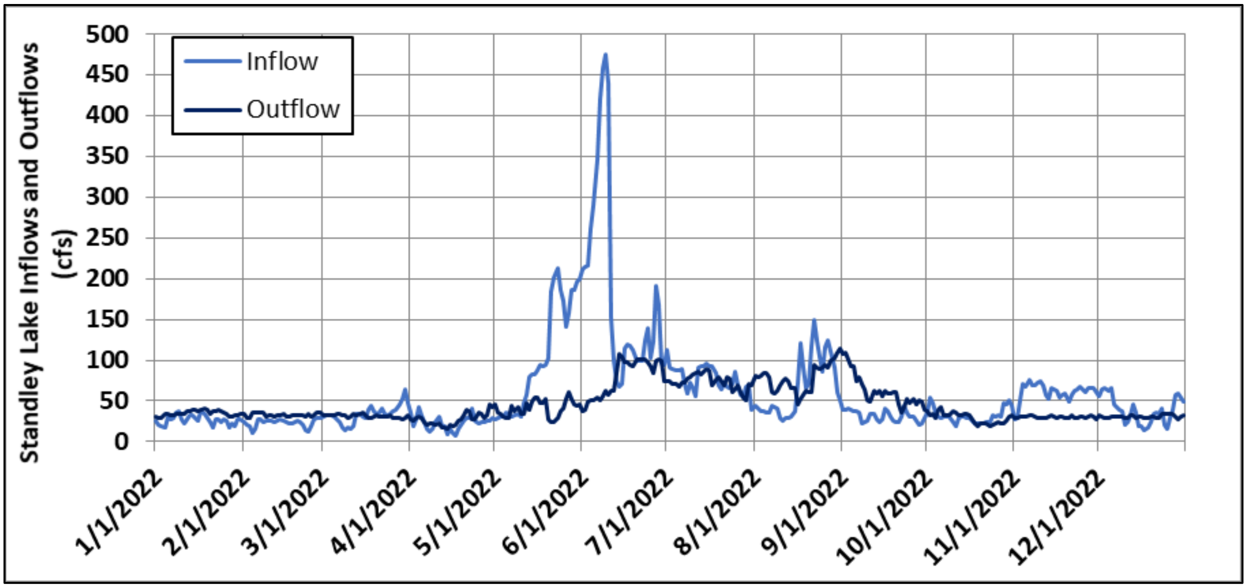

Figure 26. Inflows to and Outflows from Standley Lake, 2022

The largest outflows occur during the summer and fall. Total measured annual inflow (the sum of all four sources) and outflow for 2017-2022 are presented in Figure 27.

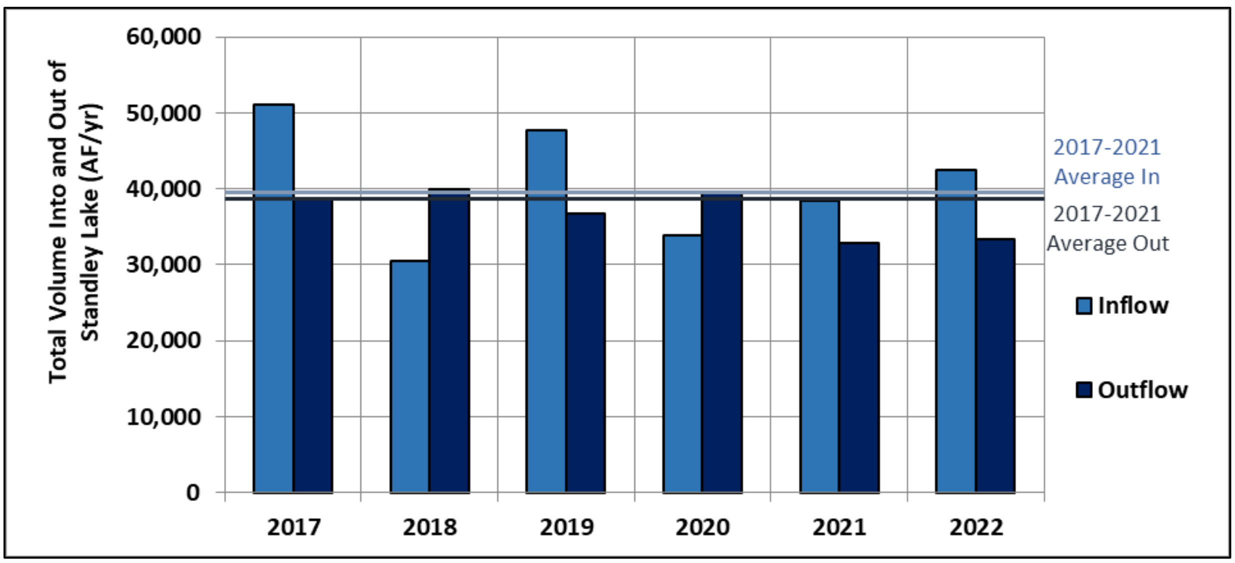

Figure 27. Total Measured Annual Standley Lake Inflow and Outflow, 2017-2022

LOADING INTO/OUT OF STANDLEY LAKE AND INFLOW WATER QUALITY

Estimates of nutrient loads into and out of the reservoir are described in this section. Sampling data used for inflows includes ambient grab samples and 24-hour ambient composites. Loads are calculated using flows and concentrations on a daily basis. To compute daily concentrations, a mid-point function was used to fill concentrations between the available sample data. First flush samples were included in the loading calculations (concentrations were assigned to the first two days canal water entered the reservoir).

Total Suspended Solids

Total suspended solids loads for the individual inflows into Standley Lake for the 2017-2021 period are presented by source in Figure 28. The Croke and FHL, the largest contributors of water to the reservoir, delivered the largest TSS loads. The FHL contributed 77% of the annual TSS load and 56% of the total annual inflow. The Croke Canal contributed 19% of the annual TSS load and 29% of the total annual inflow.

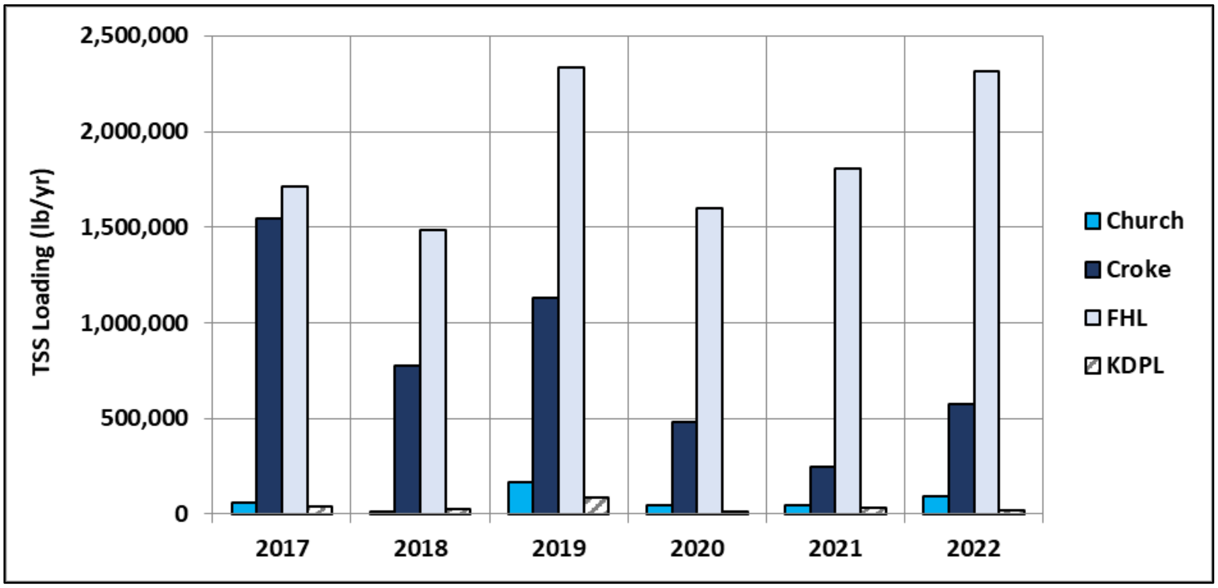

Figure 28. Total Suspended Solids Loading Into Standley Lake by Source, 2017-2022

Estimated annual TSS loads into and out of Standley Lake for 2017-2022 are shown in Figure 29. Non-storm event loads of total suspended solids into the reservoir in 2022 were 10% above the average of the past five years. Loads of TSS into the reservoir were greater than outflow, indicating some level of solids retention. Loads leaving the reservoir were 62% lower than the previous five years.

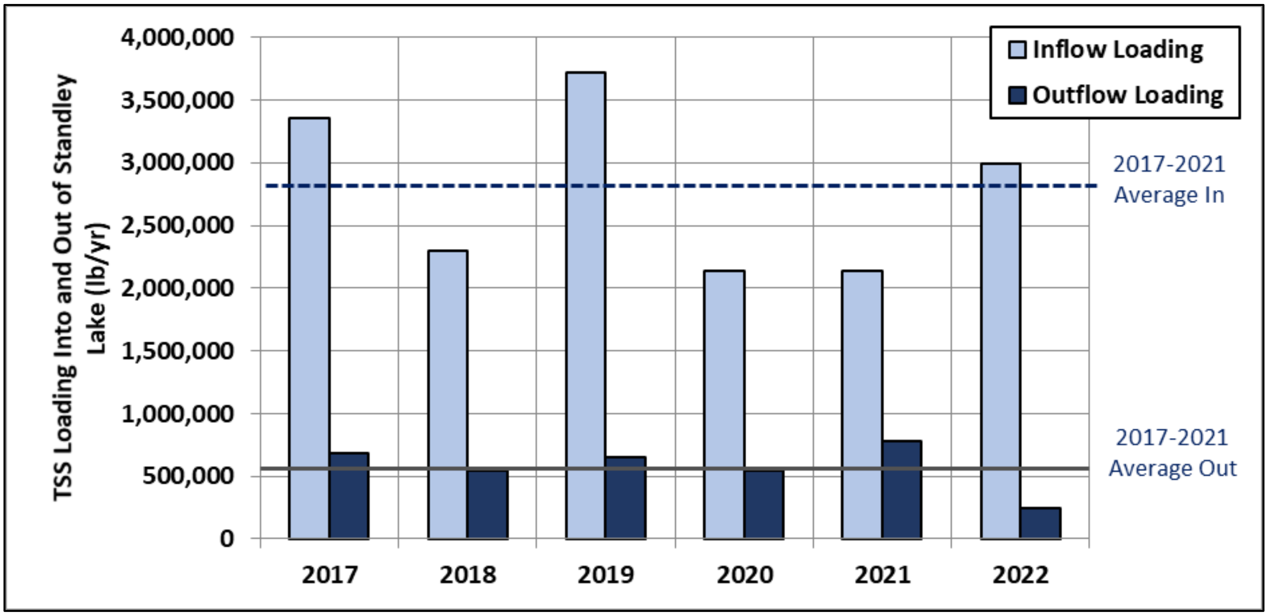

Figure 29. Total Suspended Solids Loading Into and Out of Standley Lake, 2017-2022

Total Phosphorus

Total phosphorus loads for the 2017-2022 time period are presented by source in Figure 30. Similar to TSS loads, the FHL and Croke contributed the largest TP loads (62% and 26% respectively).

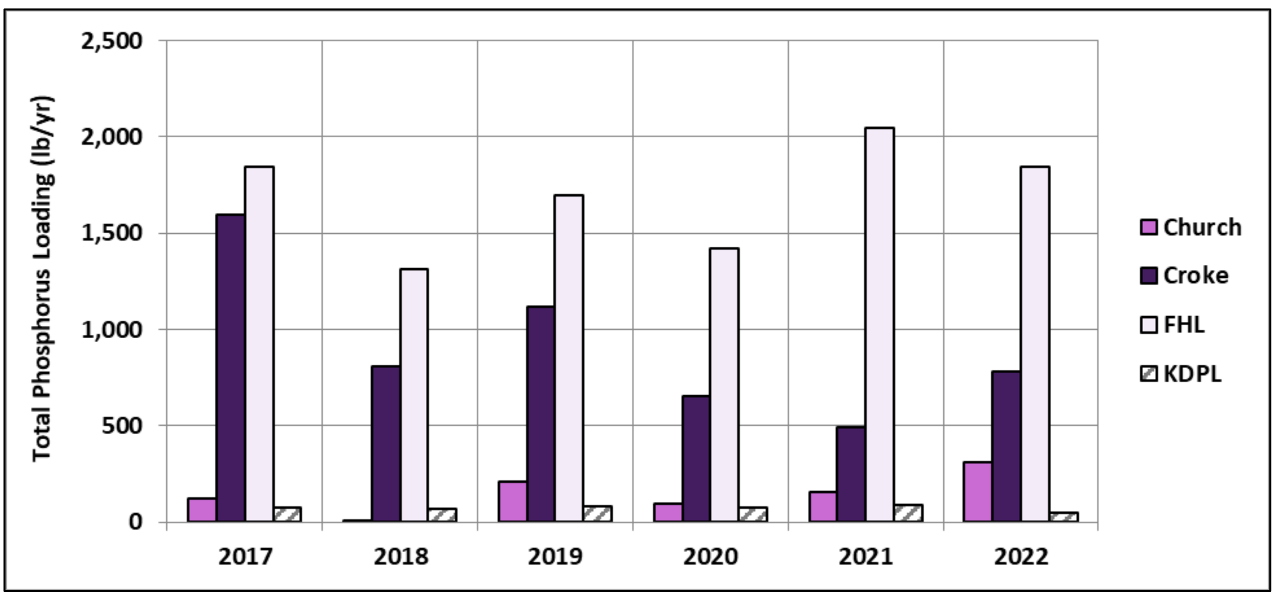

Figure 30. Total Phosphorus Loading Into Standley Lake by Source, 2017-2022

Estimated annual TP loads into and out of Standley Lake for 2017-2022 are shown in Figure 31. Non-storm event loads of total phosphorus into the reservoir in 2022 were 7% above the 2017-2021 average. Loads of total phosphorus into the reservoir were greater than outflow, indicating some level of phosphorus retention. TP loads leaving the reservoir were 5% above the 2017-2021 average.

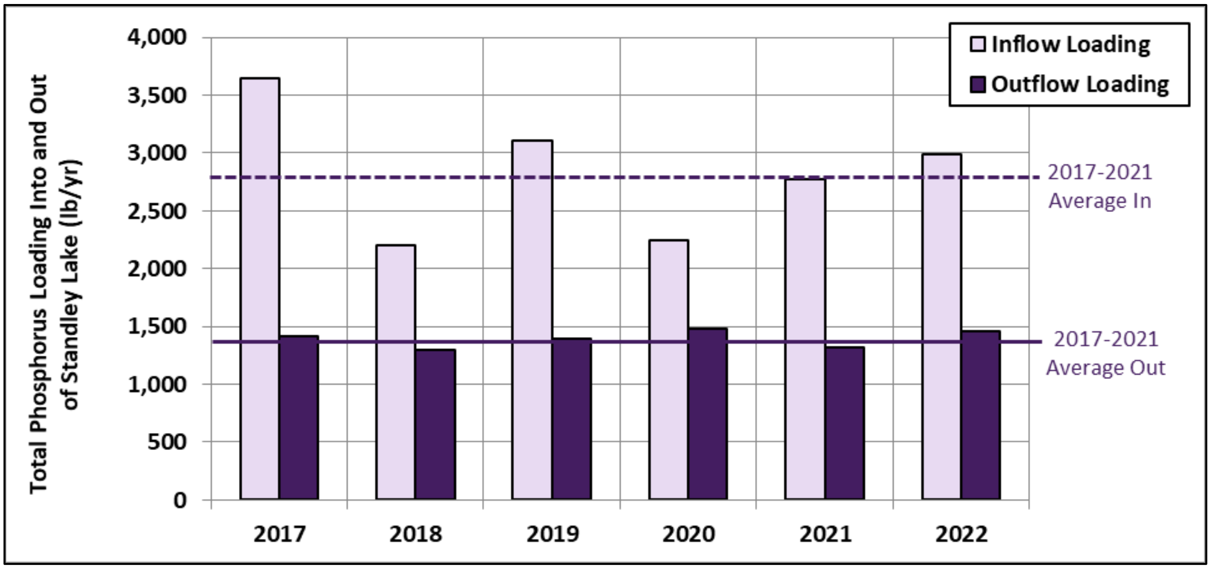

Figure 31. Total Phosphorus Loading Into and Out of Standley Lake, 2017-2022

Total Nitrogen

Total nitrogen loads into Standley Lake, based on ambient grab and ambient composite samples, are grouped by source and displayed in Figure 32. Combined TN loads into and out of the reservoir are presented in Figure 33. The FHL contributed the largest portion of the annual TN load (53%). The Croke contributed 35% of the annual TN load to the reservoir. Non-storm event TN loads to the reservoir in 2022 were 2% higher than the 2017-2021 average. The outflow TN load in 2022 was 9% lower than the 2017-2021 average. Loads into the reservoir were higher than loads leaving the reservoir, indicating some level of nitrogen retention.

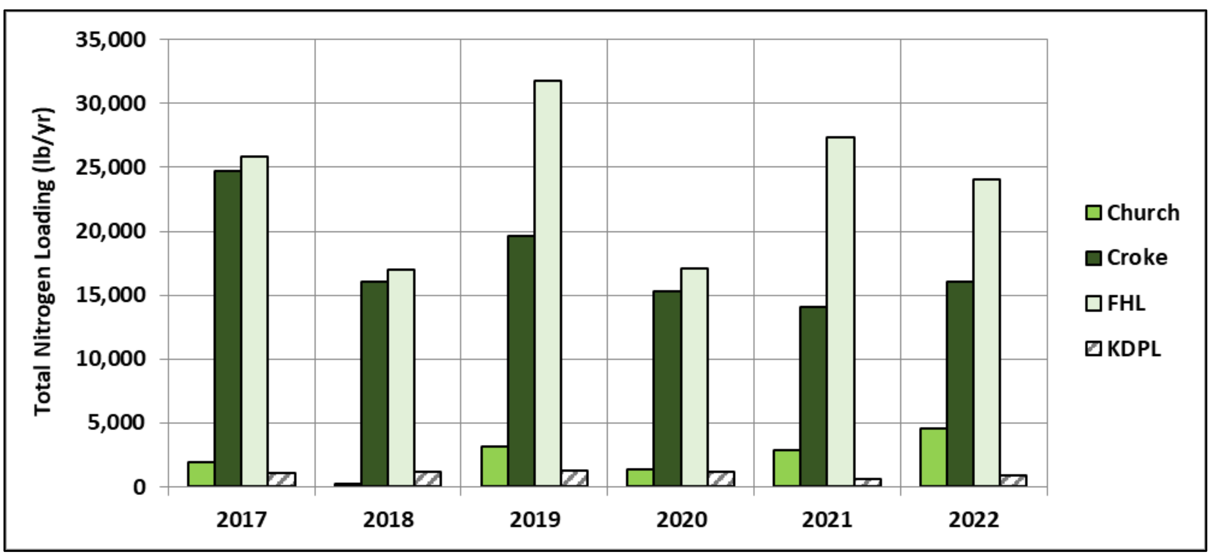

Figure 32. Total Nitrogen Loading Into Standley Lake by Source, 2017-2022

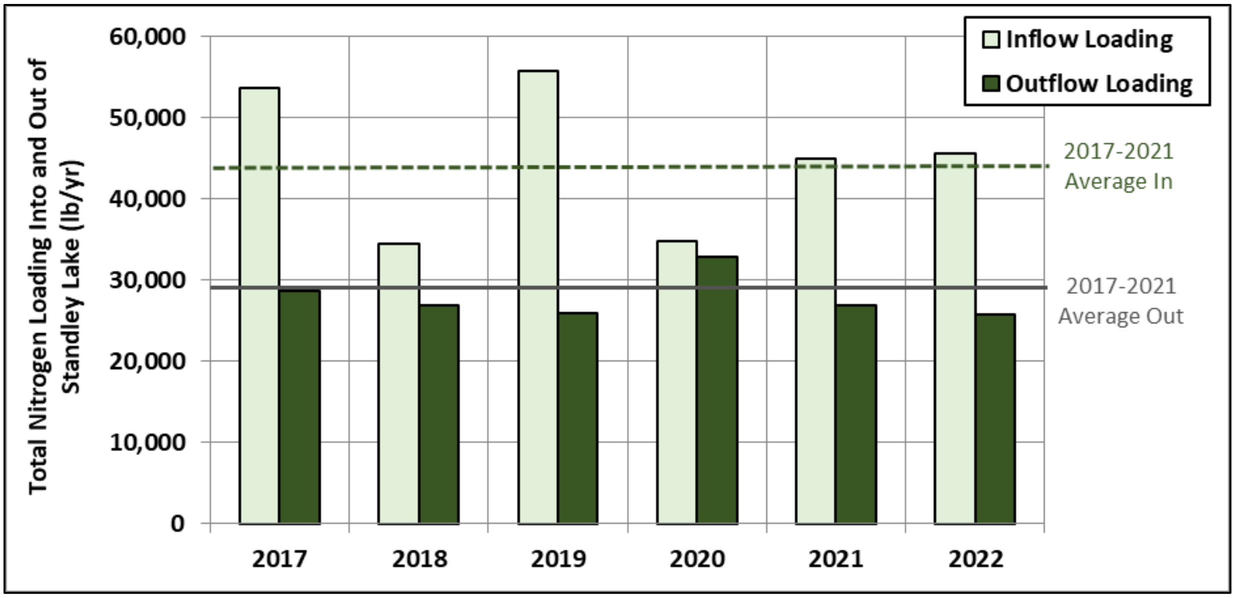

Figure 33. Total Nitrogen Loading Into and Out of Standley Lake, 2017-2022

STORM EVENT LOADS TO THE RESERVOIR

Load estimates from storm-event triggered autosampler data are described in this section. In 2022, four storm events were captured on the FHL. Concentrations for these four events are shown in Table 7. Two storm samples were collected on August 16th, one in the early morning and one in the late evening. Concentrations for these samples were spread over three days (8/15-8/17) with linear interpolation between the first sample and the second sample.

Table 7. Concentrations for the Four Storm Event Samples Collected in 2022

Date	Total Nitrogen (µg/L)	Total Phosphorus (µg/L)	Total Suspended Solids (mg/L)
5/21/22	1008	135	386
8/16/22	610	147	63
8/16/22	860	193	101
10/5/22	610	82	146

A comparison of nutrient loads from the FHL in 2022 with and without the sampled storm event is shown in Figure 34. The lighter bars in the figure represent the estimated loading, excluding storm-event autosampler data. The darker bars include the storm events listed above. Incorporation of this storm event yields a 30% increase in TSS loads, a 19% increase in TP loads, and a 6% increase in TN loads.

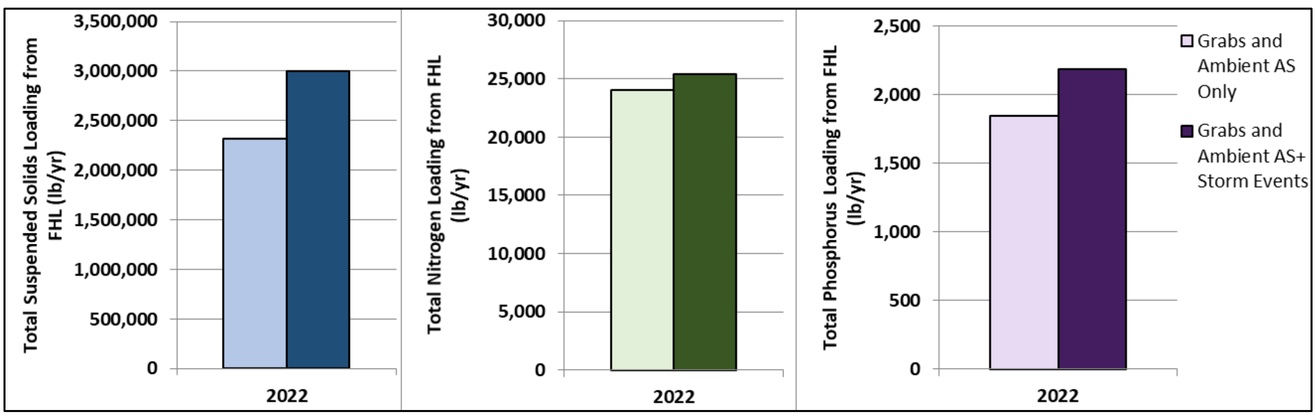

Figure 34. Total Suspended Solids, Total Nitrogen, and Total Phosphorus Loading in 2022 With and Without Storm Events

V. STANDLEY LAKE WATER QUALITY

In this section, in-reservoir water-quality responses at sampling location SL-10 to hydrology, meteorology, reservoir operations, and watershed conditions are discussed. This sampling location has an extensive sampling history, is directly relevant to water treatment plant operations, and is the location of the automated lake profiler station. Water-quality indicators discussed here include temperature, dissolved oxygen (DO), TP, TN, chlorophyll *a*, and water clarity (Secchi depth).

TEMPERATURE

Temperature drives stratification patterns, oxidation-reduction potential, and has biological implications for fish and other aquatic species. It is typical for deep reservoirs to experience stratification during the summer and this stratification can lead to lowered dissolved oxygen levels in the hypolimnion. Standley Lake has two outlet gates and until 2017, the lower outlet was used exclusively. In 2022, the upper outlet and lower outlet were both used simultaneously starting July 18th when the top outlet was opened 10%. On August 4th both outlets were open 100%. On September 5th, the lower outlet was closed to 50% due to treatment issues with manganese. The reservoir turned over completely on October 22. The upper outlet was closed completely and the bottom outlet was opened 100% on October 25, 2022. Because of the continuous use of the lower outlet in 2022, the maximum thermocline depth fell in-between the two outlets (Figure 35).

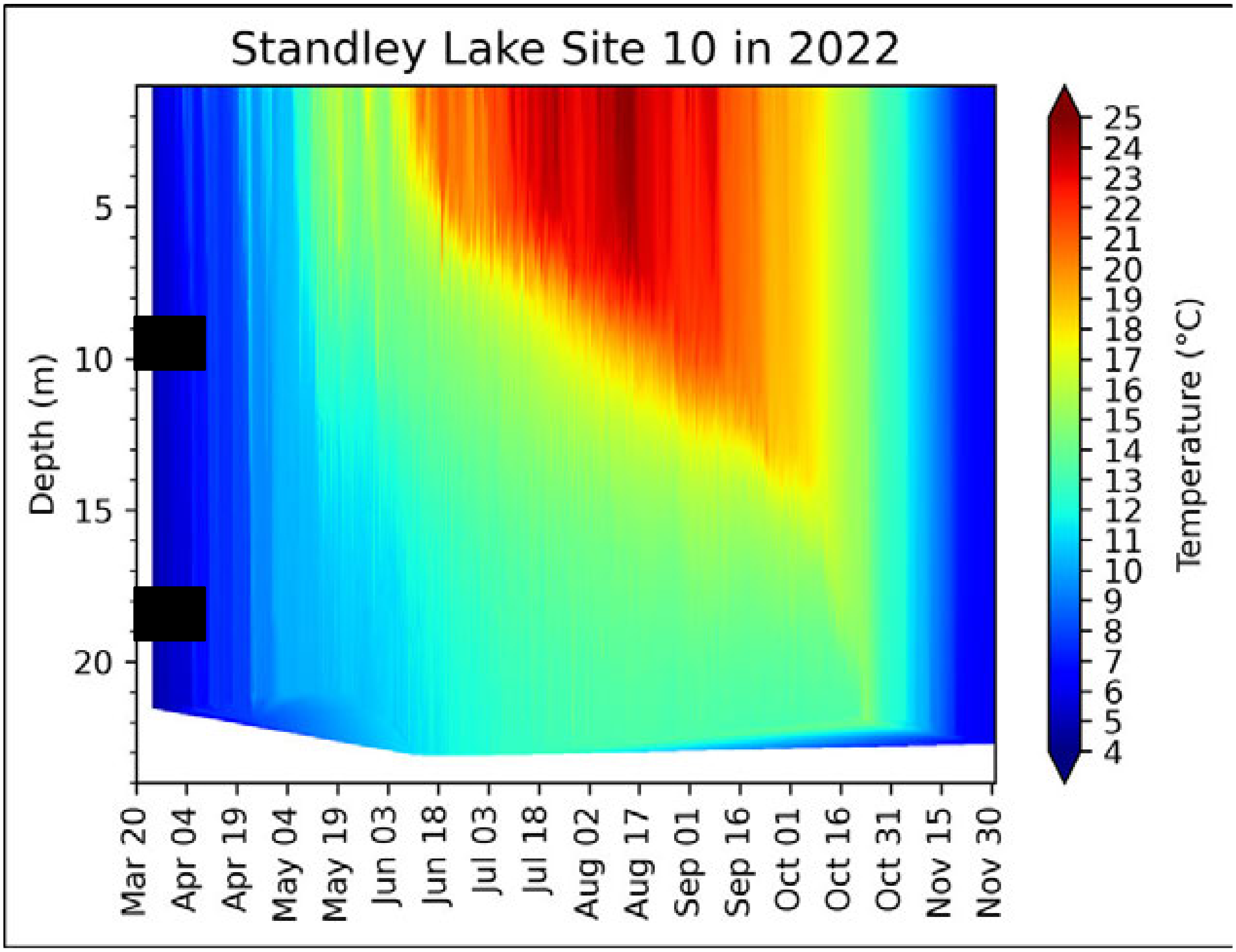

Figure 35. Temperature Contour Plot of Standley Lake, March-December, 2022, the Black Bars Indicate the Range of the Approximate Outlet Depths Based on Surface Water Elevation Fluctuations

DISSOLVED OXYGEN (DO)

DO affects aquatic life and drinking water treatment. Dissolved oxygen at the sediment-water interface (i.e. the bottom of the reservoir) is of particular relevance. Low DO results in the release of nutrients and certain metals from the sediment to the water column. These releases can lead to increases in water treatment costs and the potential for taste and odor issues in drinking water.

Data from 2022 show a typical pattern of decreased oxygen concentrations in the hypolimnion with the onset of stratification in mid-June (Figure 23). Hypoxic conditions (DO < 2 mg/L) began on July 1, 2022. Turnover occurred on October 22, 2022 (Figure 36). Longer periods of hypoxia provide the potential for higher anaerobic release of nutrients.

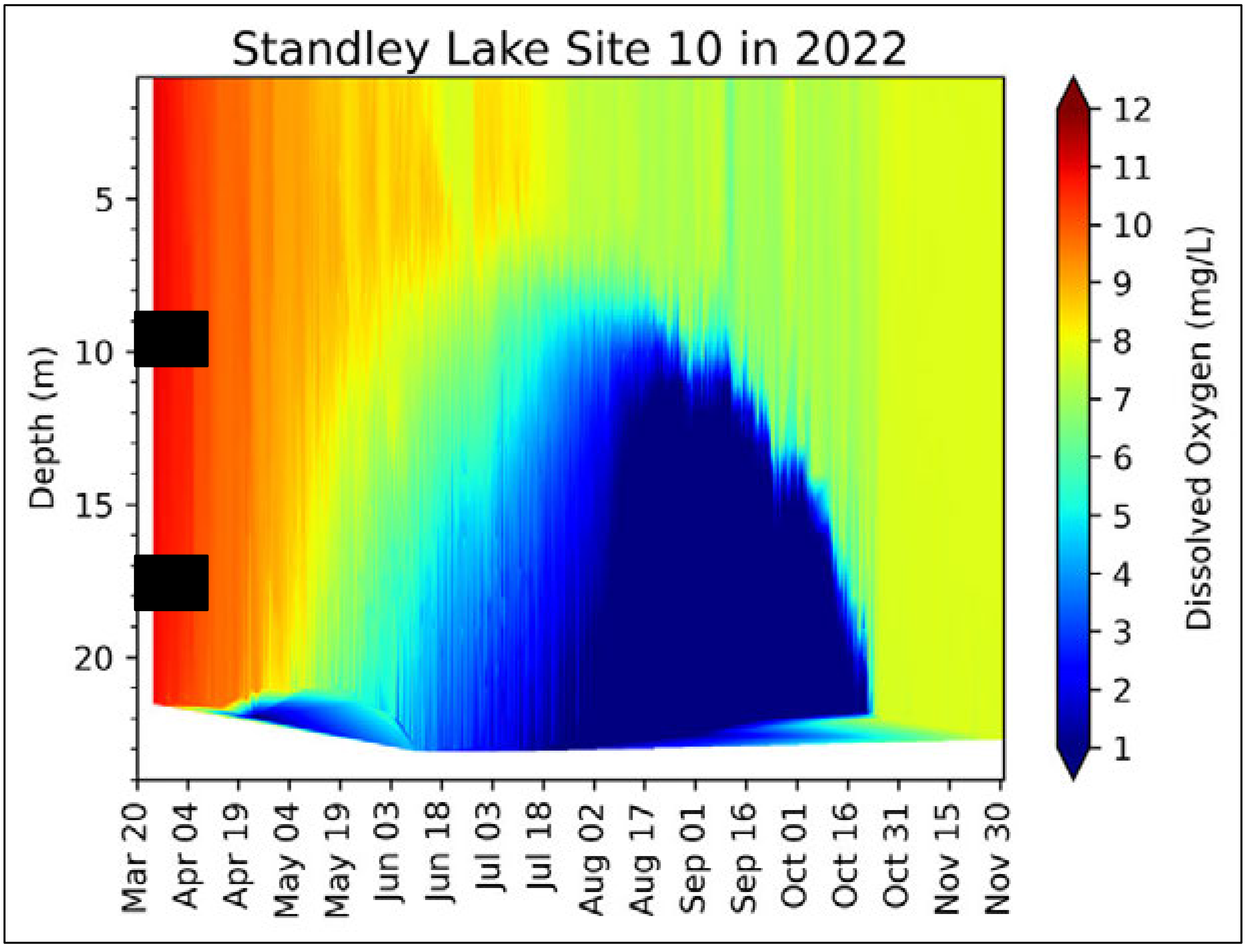

Figure 36. Contour Plot of Dissolved Oxygen in Standley Lake, March-December 2022, the Black Bars Indicate the Range of the Approximate Outlet Depths Based on Water Surface Elevation

Dissolved oxygen (DO) concentrations measured at the top and bottom of Standley Lake through 2022 are displayed in Figure 37. At the surface, the cyclical patterns in DO concentrations are driven by the decrease in oxygen solubility with increasing temperatures. The onset of stratification occurred in mid-June, as indicated by the divergence of reservoir-bottom DO concentrations from surface concentrations. This divergence increases in magnitude as dissolved oxygen is depleted in the hypolimnion and is maintained by continued stratification. Consistent with the contour plot (Figure 36), the divergence between surface and bottom DO concentrations is extinguished with turnover in the middle of October.

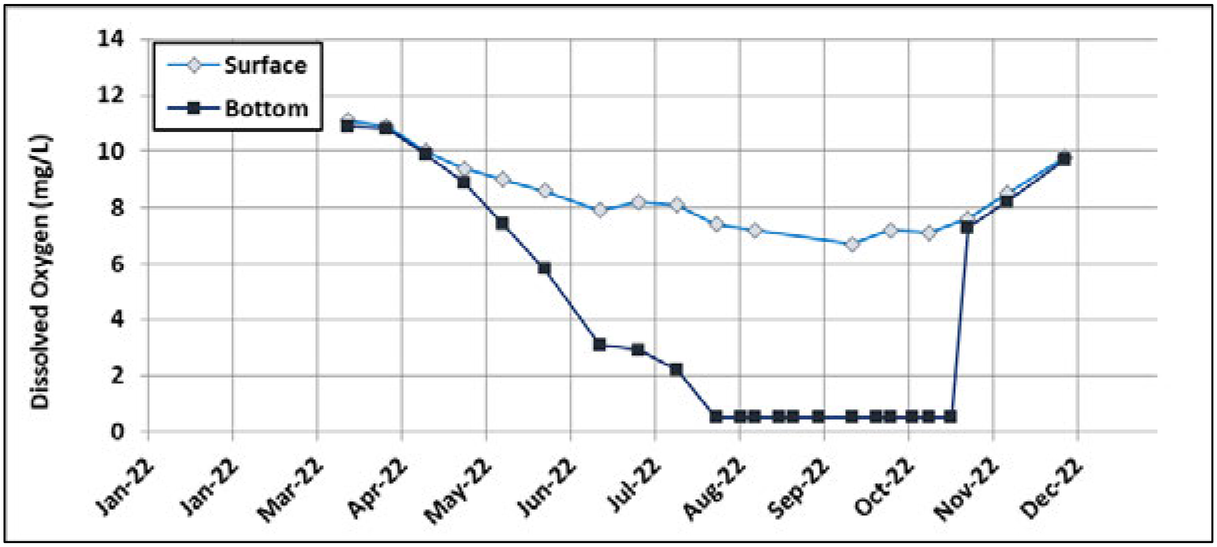

Figure 37. Dissolved Oxygen Concentrations in Standley Lake from Manual Profiles, 2022

The 2022 seasonal dissolved oxygen patterns closely match those observed in previous years (Figure 38).

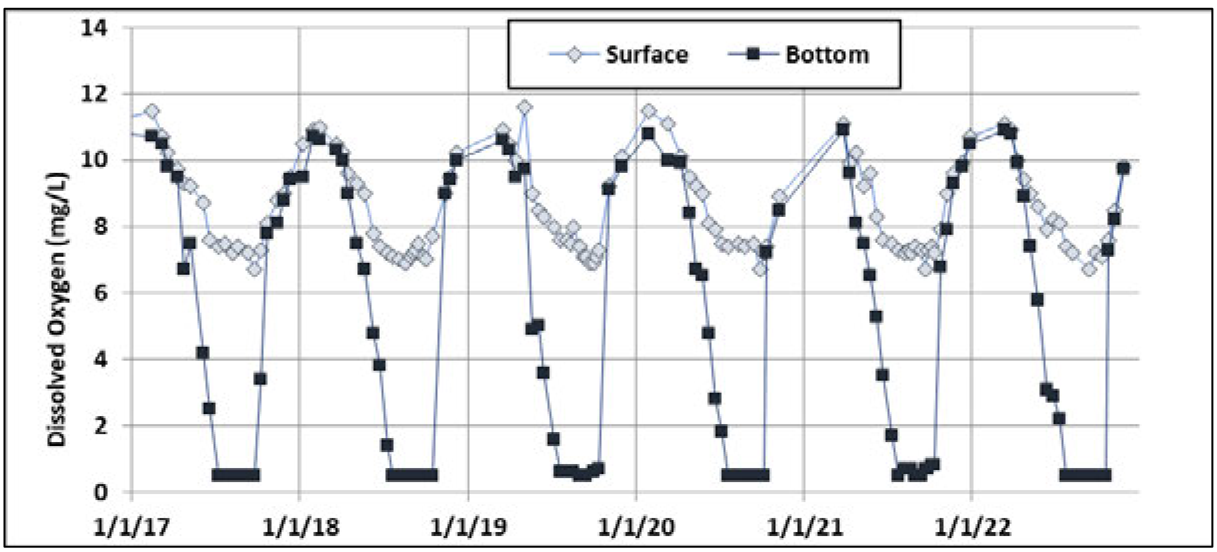

Figure 38. Dissolved Oxygen Concentrations in Standley Lake from Manual Profiles, 2017-2022

DAYS OF HYPOXIA

While hypoxia occurs each year, the start date, end date, and duration vary from year-to-year. In 2022, the hypoxic period began on July 1 and ended October 22. The days of hypoxia (114 days) were comparable to the 2017-2021 average of 110 days (Figure 39). Longer periods of hypoxia provide the potential for increased anaerobic release of nutrients and metals.

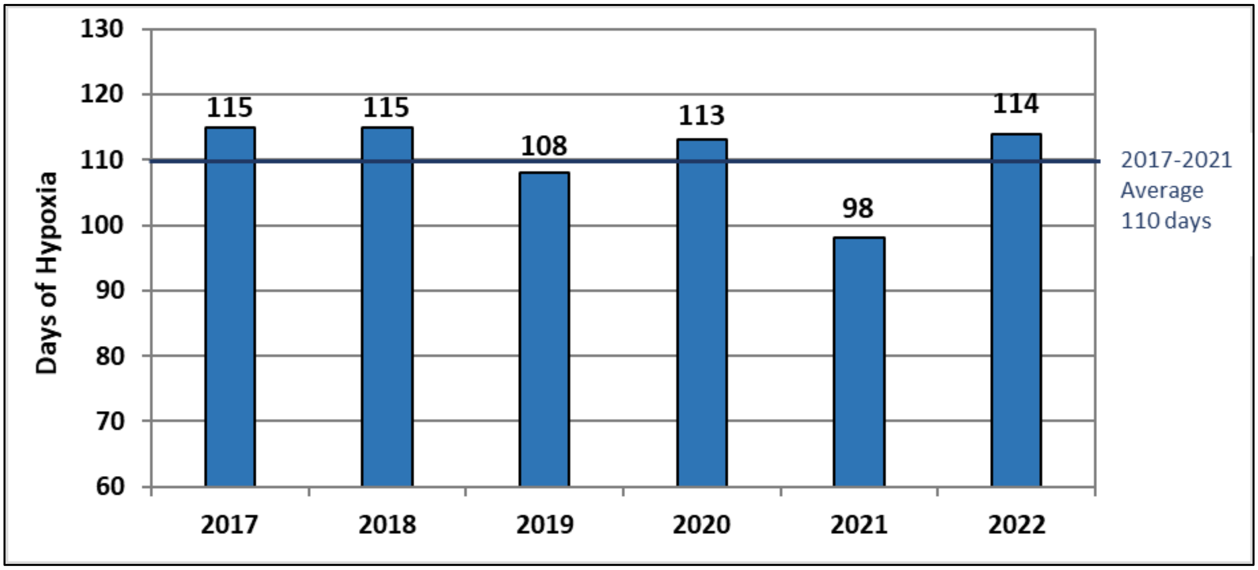

Figure 39. Days of Hypoxia (DO < 2.0 mg/l), 2017-2022

NUTRIENTS

Total Phosphorus

Total phosphorus concentrations for 2022 are displayed in Figure 40. Measurements are made in the photic zone and at the bottom of Standley Lake. The highest TP observation during this period was from the bottom of the reservoir (262 µg/L on October 18). This increase in TP concentrations in fall is indicative of sediment release of nutrients during hypoxic conditions and is the highest TP concentration observed in the 2005-2022 period of record. Dissolved phosphorus (DP) data compared to TP data collected on the same dates are displayed in Figure 41 and reinforce sediment releases as the dominant source. The photic zone displayed little variation throughout the year.

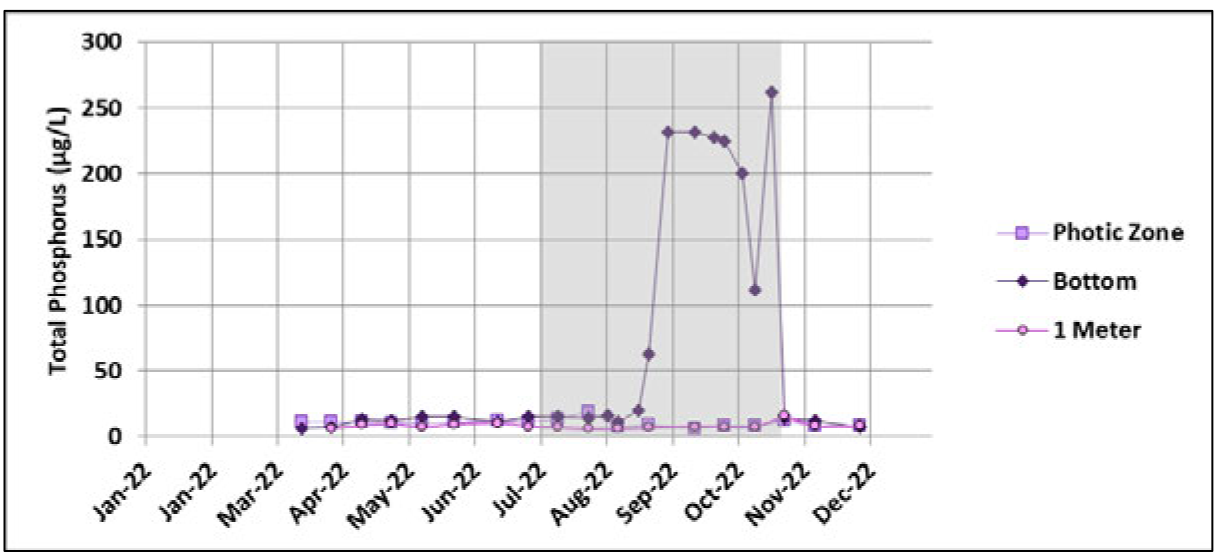

Figure 40. Total Phosphorus Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2022 (Hypoxic Period in Grey)

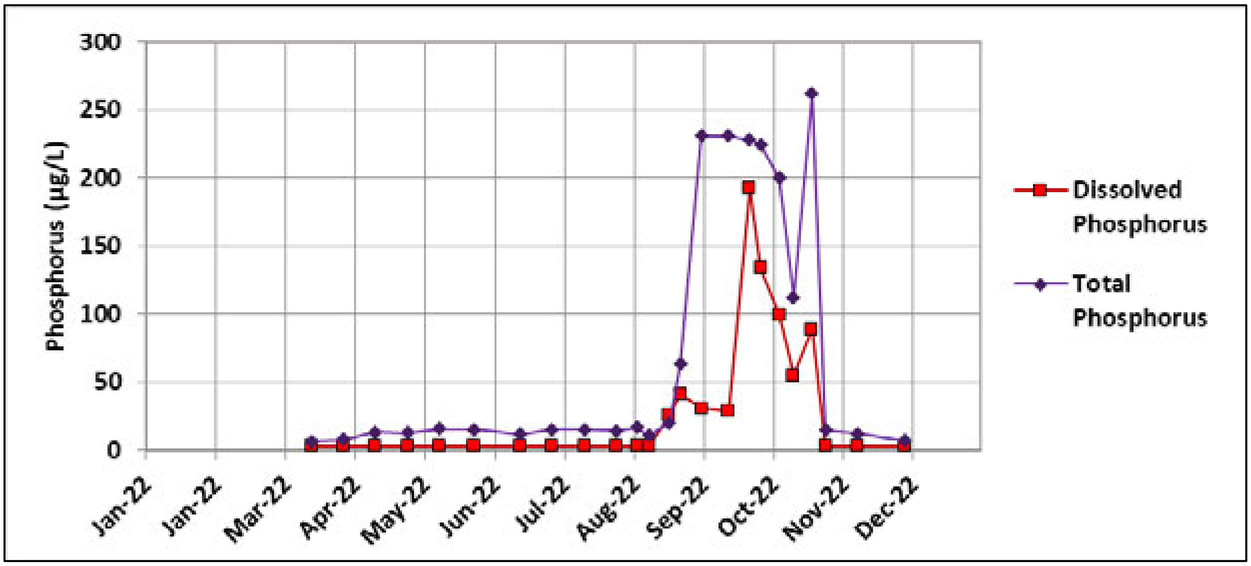

Figure 41. Total and Dissolved Phosphorus Concentrations in Standley Lake, Bottom, 2022

In 2022, an additional sampling location (SL-10-03) was added one meter below the surface. This location provides a more consistent sample depth (since the photic zone is based on Secchi depth each time) and will help with future modeling efforts. Sample results were roughly comparable to the photic zone, but the photic zone had slightly higher concentrations most days and tended to be more variable (Figure 42).

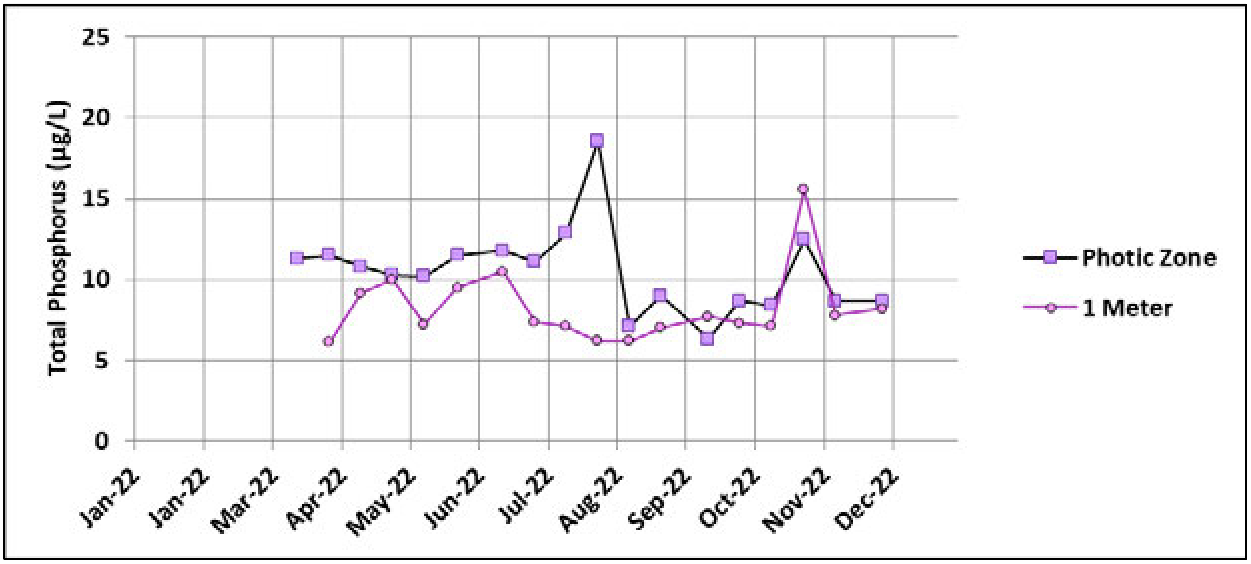

Figure 42. Total Phosphorus Concentrations in Standley Lake, Photic Zone, and 1 Meter Deep, 2022

The observed pattern of sediment releases in late summer/fall is typical of previous years. TP observations since 2017 are shown in Figure 43. 2022 concentrations were the highest observed in the previous five years. This was likely due to the longer period of hypoxia. 2017 and 2018 had comparable lengths of hypoxia, but the hypolimnion was much cooler during 2018

(Figure 44). Conversely, 2017 had a warm hypolimnion, but only one sample was taken during the peak time period for nutrient release. As such, it is possible that these maximum concentrations were reached before, but were just not captured by the sampling effort. Interestingly, the dissolved oxygen contours for the three years were relatively similar (Figure 45).

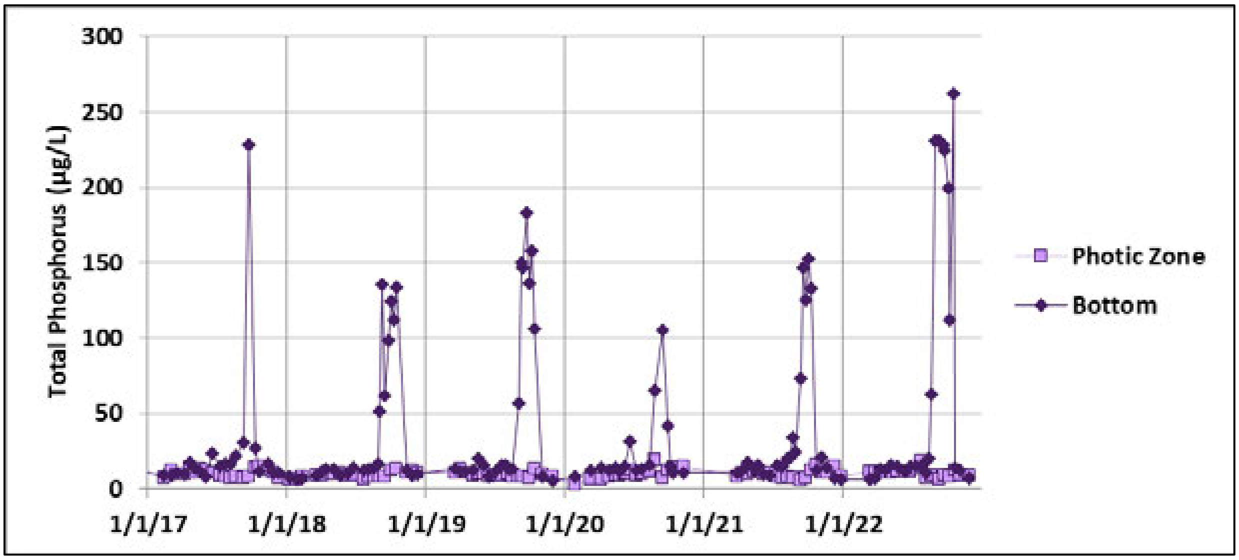

Figure 43. Total Phosphorus Concentrations in Standley Lake, Photic Zone and Bottom, 2017-2022

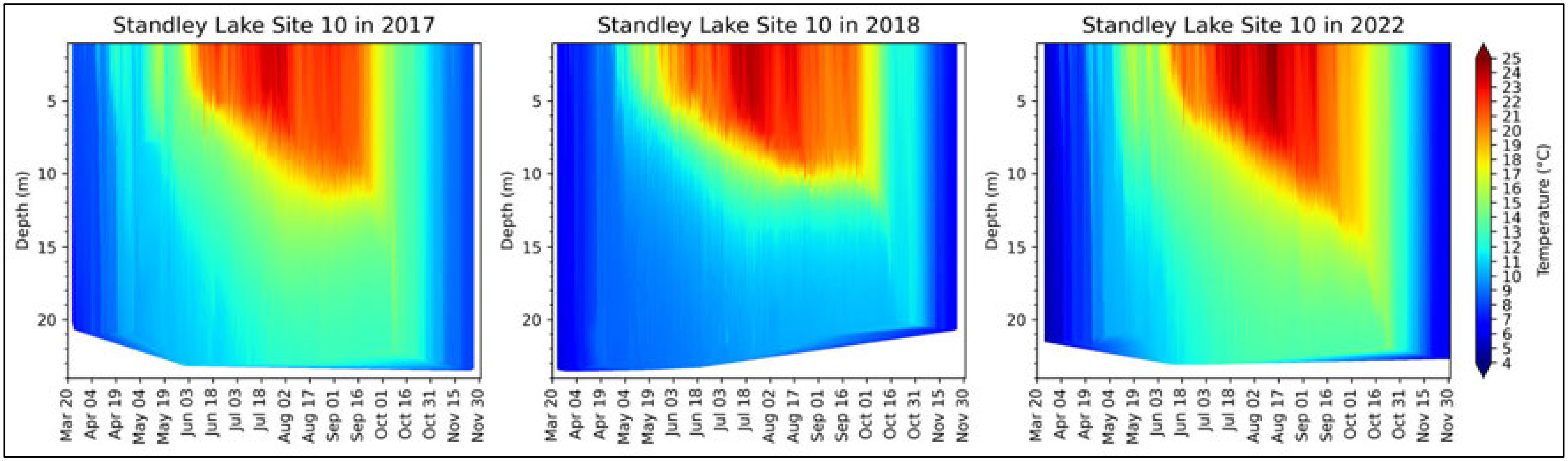

Figure 44. Contour Plots of Temperature in Standley Lake, April-December, 2017,2018, and 2022

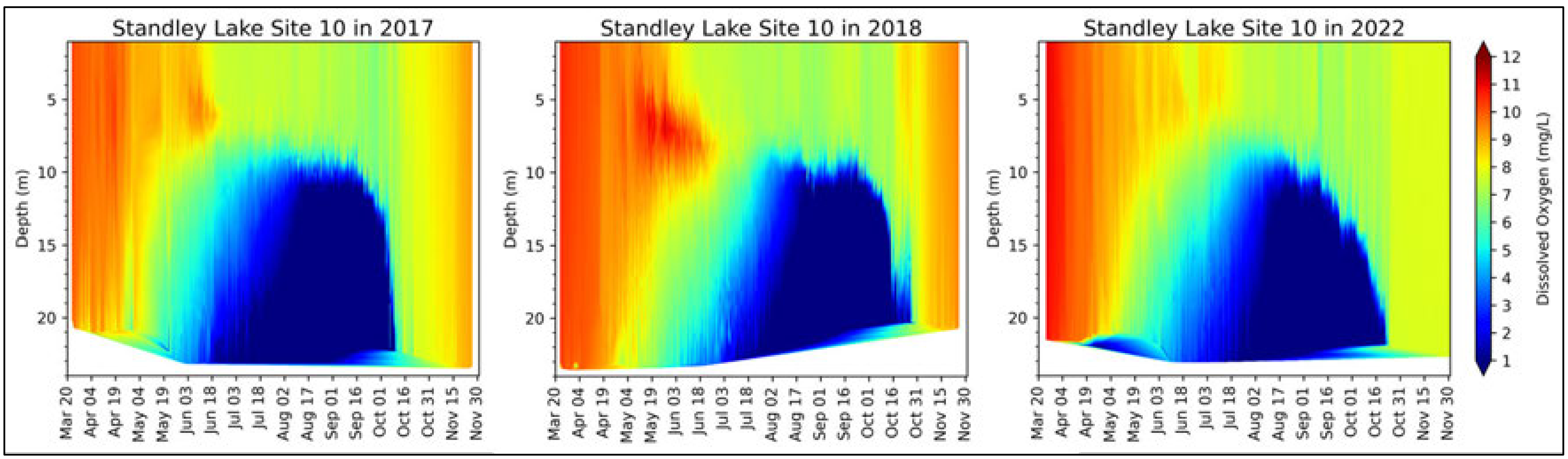

Figure 45. Contour Plots of Dissolved Oxygen in Standley Lake, April-December, 2017,2018, and 2022

Total Nitrogen

Total nitrogen concentrations are displayed in Figure 46. TN concentrations at the bottom of the reservoir exhibited a maximum of 820 µg/L, which occurred on October 18. The photic zone data showed less variability, but had a higher peak than the bottom (910 µg/L) two days after turnover on October 24th. The observed increase in the photic zone is unusual compared to previous years and could be due to sample timing. The one meter depth location was similar to the photic zone, but had less of a peak on October 24 (480 µg/L). Ammonia and nitrate + nitrite concentrations taken on the same day were low suggesting that the nitrogen may be primarily organic (Figure 47). Algae biovolume was the highest observed for 2022 on the same day but chlorophyll *a* remained low. Total phosphorus showed a small increase but not as large as total nitrogen (Figure 42). Future sampling efforts should target the days following turnover to see if this is a typical response to turnover conditions. Evidence of sediment release of nitrogen is demonstrated in the fall with elevated concentrations near the bottom corresponding with the TP increases.

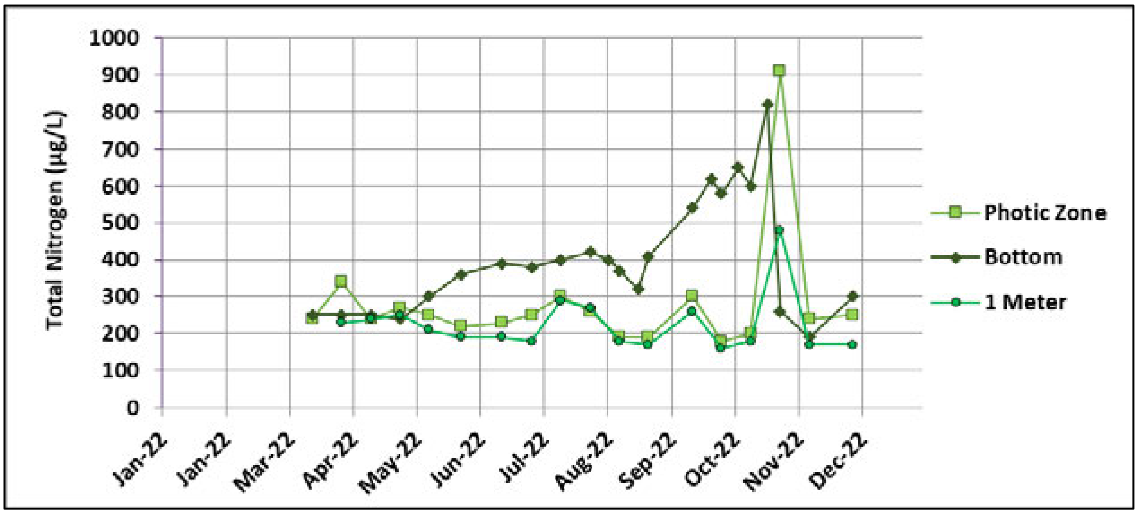

Figure 46. Total Nitrogen Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2022

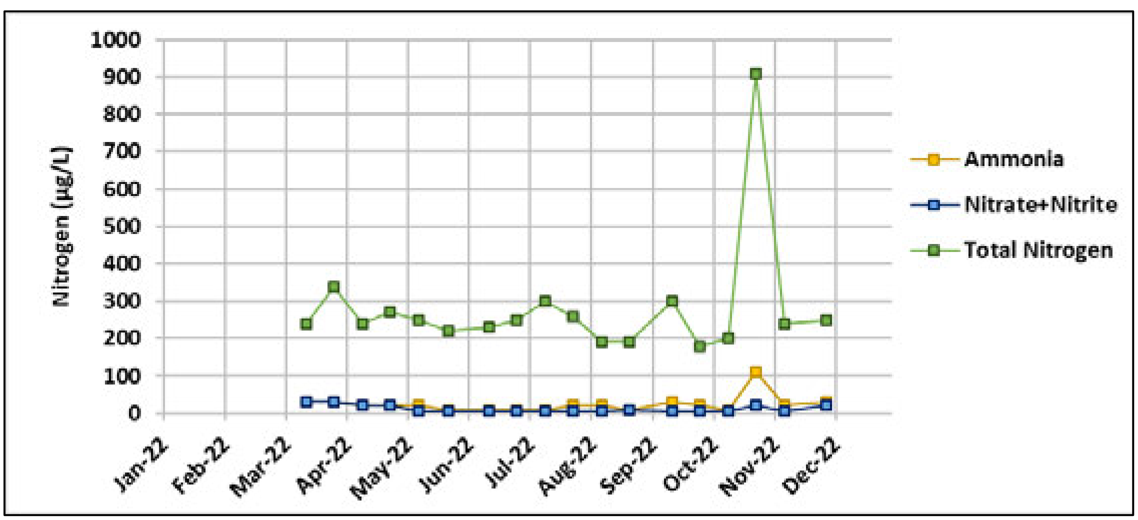

Figure 47. Ammonia, Nitrate+Nitrite, and Total Nitrogen Concentrations in Standley Lake, Photic Zone, 2022

Concentrations of TN in the reservoir for 2017-2022 are shown in Figure 48. Overall, TN concentration ranges observed in 2022 at the bottom and in the photic zone were comparable to previous years with the exception of the October 24th value in the photic zone.

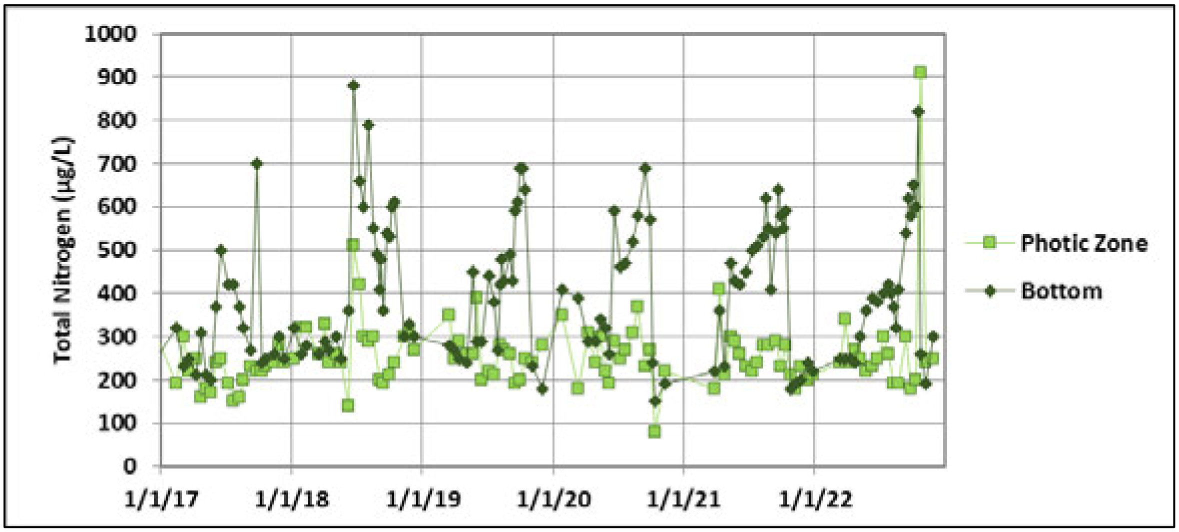

Figure 48. Total Nitrogen Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2017-2022

CHLOROPHYLL *a*

Chlorophyll *a* concentrations for 2022 are presented in Figure 49. March through November is the relevant period for standard assessment. This period is indicated by the grey box. The peak chlorophyll a concentration in 2022 was 4.3µg/L on June 13. The largest biovolume percentages on this day consisted of *Asterionella* and *Stephanodiscus*.

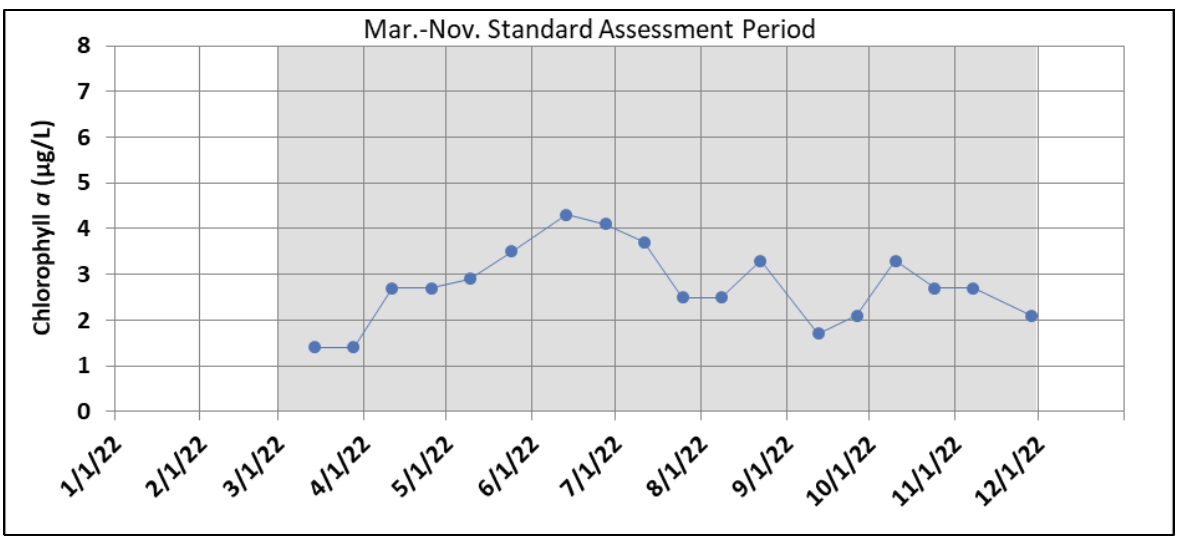

Figure 49. Lab Measured Chlorophyll *a* Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2022 (March-November Assessment Period in Grey)

Chlorophyll *a* observations from 2017-2022 are shown in Figure 50. Temporally, the patterns were consistent with previous years with a peak in the spring and increased concentrations after fall turnover, however the peaks were much lower than previous years and were in-line with concentrations observed in 2020.

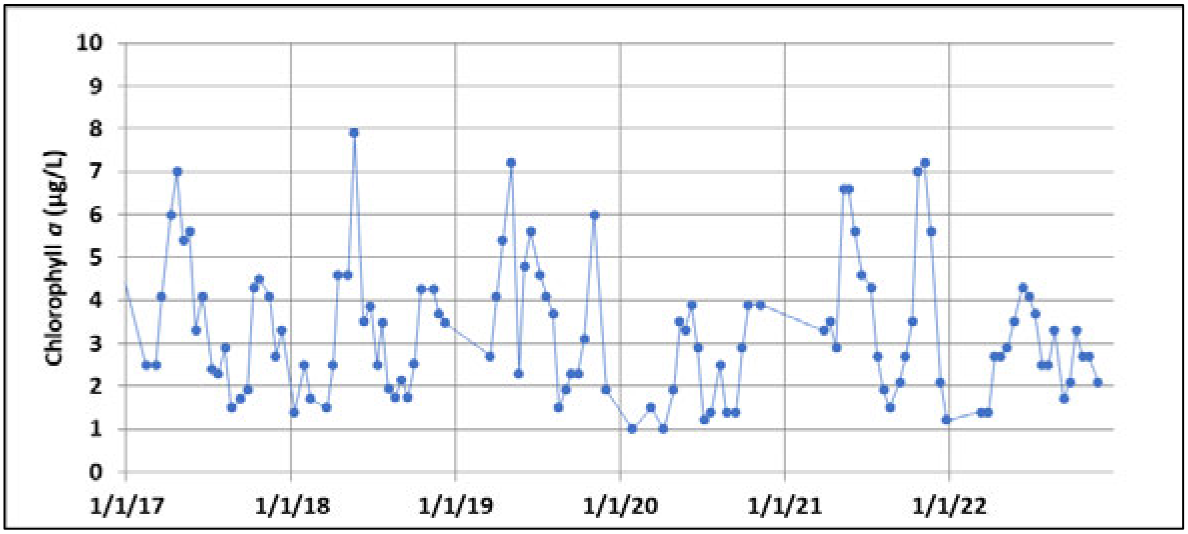

Figure 50. Lab Measured Chlorophyll *a* Concentrations in Standley Lake, 2017-2022

A chlorophyll *a* standard of 4.0 µg/L was established in 2009 for Standley Lake. This standard is evaluated on an annual basis using the average of the nine monthly averages of observed lab measured chlorophyll *a* data for the period from March through November. To account for the natural variability in chlorophyll *a* concentrations, the standard has an assessment threshold of 4.4 µg/L. The 2022 average was 2.76 µg/L (Figure 51). Therefore, Standley Lake once again met the chlorophyll *a* standard in 2022.

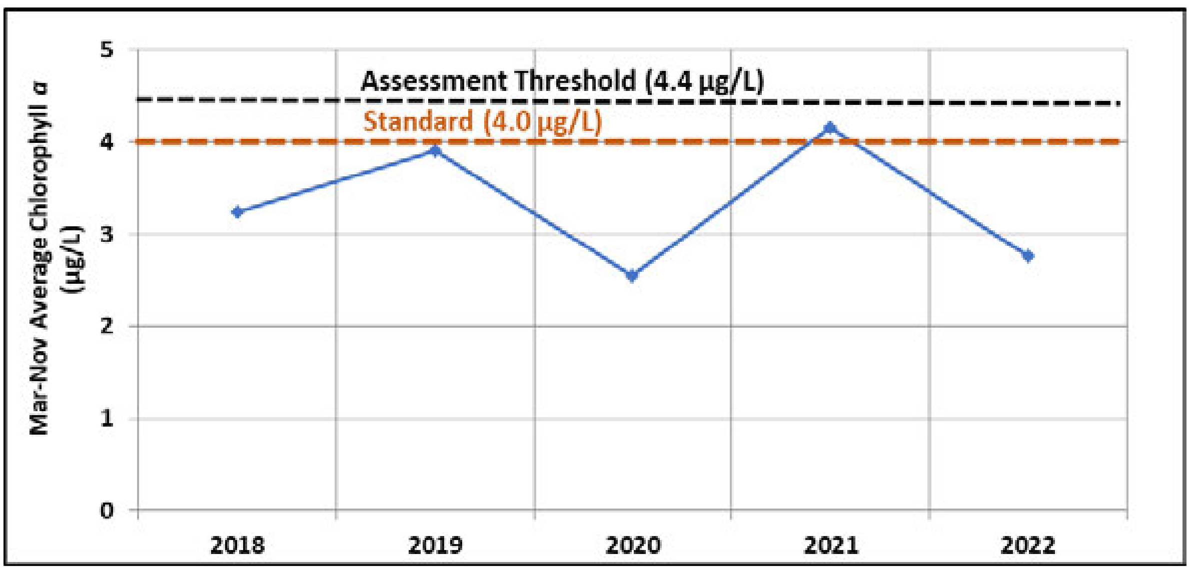

Figure 51. March-November Average Chlorophyll *a* Concentrations, 2018-2022

SECCHI DEPTH

Clarity in Standley Lake is measured using a Secchi disk. When taking this measurement, a black-and-white disk is lowered vertically into the reservoir until the disk is no longer visible. The resulting depth provides a measure of the scattering and absorption of light in the upper portion of the water column. This measurement assesses the effects of algae, non-algal organic particulate matter, inorganic suspended solids, dissolved organic matter, and the water molecules themselves. Secchi-depth measurements in 2022 are shown in Figure 52. The measure of clarity with the greatest depth (7.4 m) occurred on March 14. Throughout the year clarity is variable, reflecting a combination of effects such as inflowing suspended solids, algal growth, particle settling, and stratification.

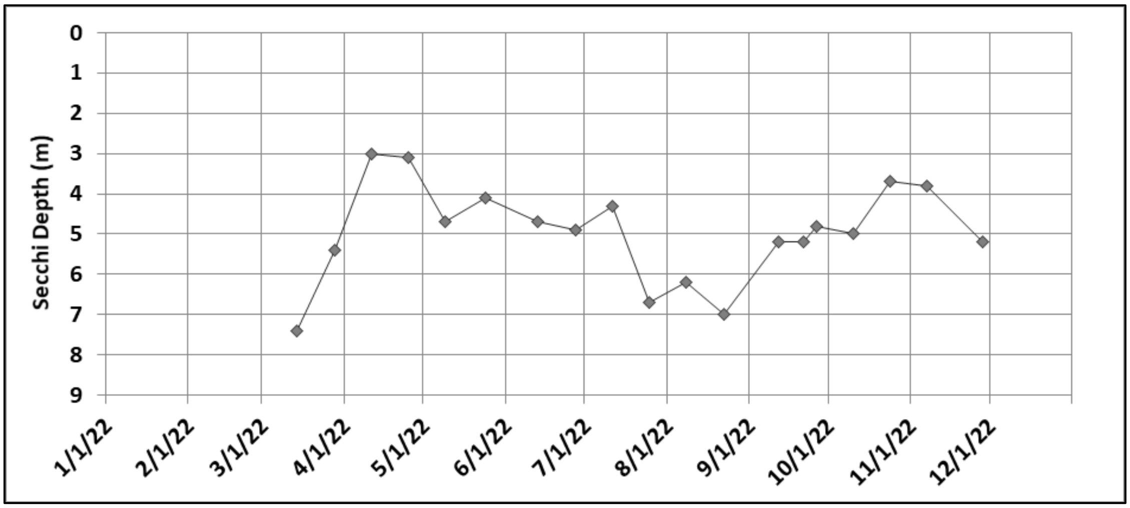

Figure 52. Clarity as Measured by Secchi Depth in Standley Lake, 2022

Individual Secchi-depth measurements for the past six years are shown in Figure 53. Average annual Secchi depths for 2017-2022 can be found in Figure 54. The annual average in 2022 was 5.0 m. Increases in Secchi depth indicate decreases in particulates and lower productivity (algae growth) in the water column.

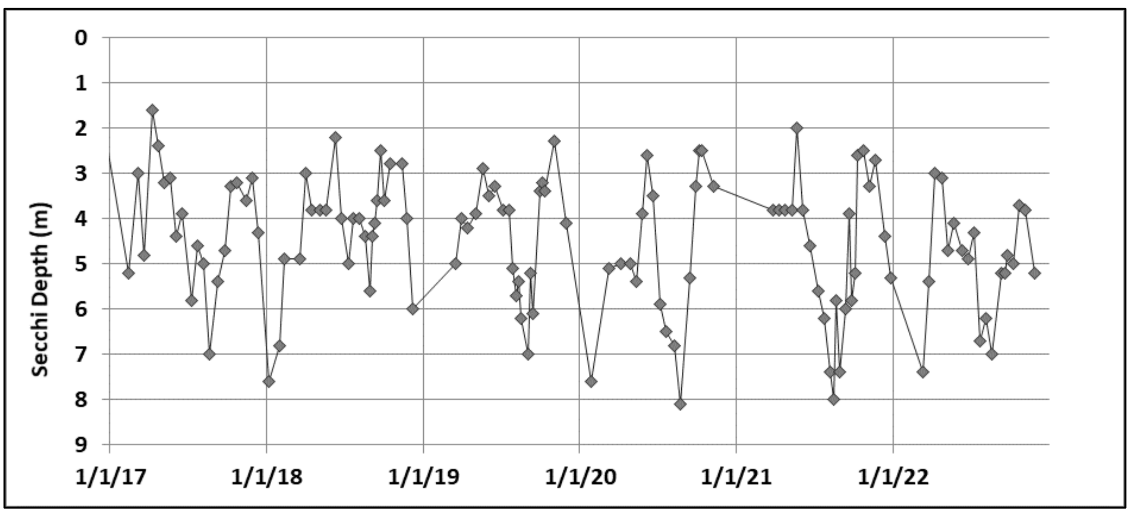

Figure 53. Clarity as Measured by Secchi Depth in Standley Lake, 2017-2022

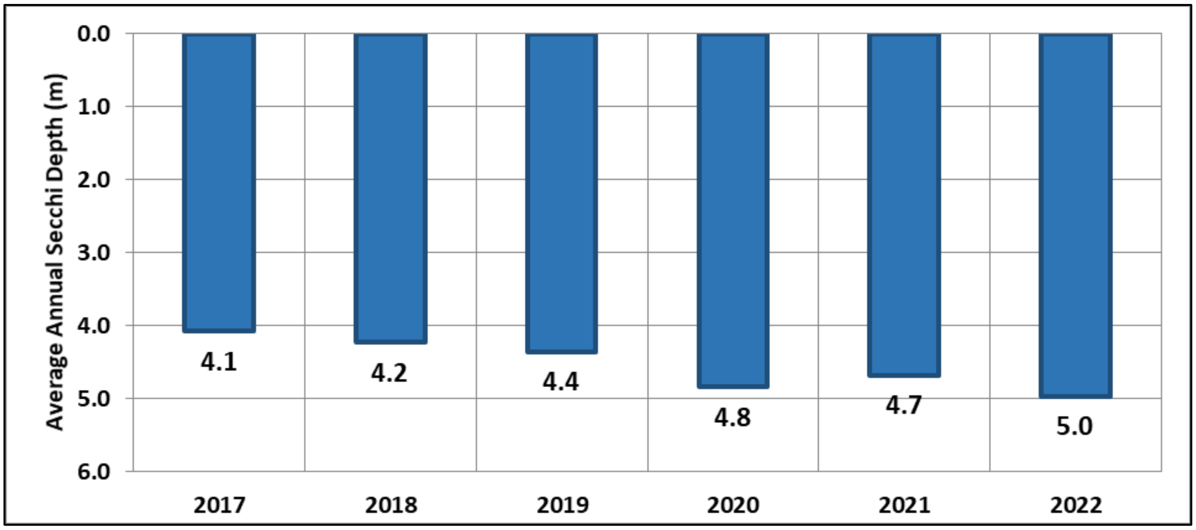

Figure 54. Average Annual Secchi Depth in Standley Lake, 2017-2022

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

REFERENCES

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS). 2022. SNOTEL 602: Loveland Basin, CO. May 9, 2022. https://wcc.sc.egov.usda.gov/nwcc/site?sitenum=602.

ACRONYMS

AF - Acre Feet

CC26 - Clear Creek Sampling Station: Clear Creek at Lawson Gage

CCAS26 - Clear Creek Autosampler Station: Clear Creek at Lawson Gage

CC59 - Clear Creek Autosampler Station: Clear Creek 2 Miles West of Highway 58/US6 in Golden. Stormwater-Only Location Operated by City of Golden

CCAS59 - Clear Creek Autosampler Station: Clear Creek 2 Miles West of Highway 58/US6 in Golden

CC60 - Clear Creek Sampling Station: Clear Creek at Church Ditch Headgate

FHL - Farmers' High Line Canal

Church - Church Ditch

Croke - Croke Canal

DO - Dissolved Oxygen

DP - Dissolved Phosphorus

KDPL - Kinnear Ditch Pipeline

NRCS - Natural Resources Conservation Service

ORP - Oxidation-Reduction Potential

TN - Total Nitrogen

TP - Total Phosphorus

TSS - Total Suspended Solids

USGS - United States Geological Survey

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION - 4

CLEAR CREEK, CANAL, AND STANDLEY LAKE WATER-QUALITY MONITORING DATA - 2022

Clear Creek Grabs

Method				SM2550B	SM4500H+B	SM2510B	SM4500OG	SM2130B	SM5310B	SM2540D	SM4110A	SM4500NH3H	SM4500NO3I	SM4500NO3I	SM4500PE	SM4500PE
DL				1.0	1.0	10	1.0	1	0.5	1	5	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.0025	0.0025
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	2	2	2	4	4
Reporting Units				°C	s.u.	µS/cm	mg/L	NTU	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Temp	pH	Conductivity, Specific	Oxygen, Dissolved	Turbidity	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	Chloride	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)	Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite	Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen	Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)	Phosphorus, Total
02/16/22	10:00	G	CC 26	2.2	8.8	428	10.5	<1	0.8	<1		0.02	0.36	0.42	< 0.005	< 0.005
NS	NS	G	CC 40													
02/16/22	10:30	G	CC 50	3	8.2	1090	10.7	<1	1.4	<1		0.02	0.61	0.72	< 0.005	< 0.005
02/16/22	10:50	G	CC 60	1	8.3	518	11.6	2	0.9	<1		0.01	0.43	0.48	0.0055	0.0118
04/13/22	11:00	G	CC 26	1.8	7.4	500	10.7	<1	0.9	<1	57	0.01	0.36	0.47	< 0.005	0.0056
04/13/22	11:20	G	CC 40	2	7.5	499	11.2	<1	1.2	<1	55	0.01	0.34	0.49	0.0378	0.0501
04/13/22	11:40	G	CC 50	3.6	7.5	760	10.3	1	1.9	<1	118	0.01	0.41	0.59	< 0.005	0.0077
04/13/22	12:10	G	CC 60	3.4	8	533	11.4	1.1	1.6	1	67	0.01	0.02	0.22	< 0.005	0.0131
06/15/22	9:36	G	CC05	4.5	8.78	118	9.7	<1	2.3	3	13	<0.01	0.22	0.36	0.0452	0.0517
06/15/22	9:55	G	CC10	5.6	8.65	84.8	9.3	<1	NT	3	<5	<0.01	0.12	0.26	< 0.005	0.0081
06/15/22	10:26	G	CC25	9.8	8.25	118.2	8.7	1.5	NT	3	12	<0.01	0.16	0.37	< 0.005	0.009
06/15/22	10:33	G	CC26	8.2	8.27	114.5	9.1	1.9	2.3	3	10	<0.01	0.14	0.33	0.0191	0.0301
06/15/22	11:07	G	CC34	9.1	8.2	108.3	9.2	1.88	NT	4	9	<0.01	0.13	0.33	< 0.005	0.0181
06/15/22	10:55	G	CC35	7.6	8.34	59.3	9.2	1	3.4	5	<5	0.01	0.3	0.54	0.0072	0.0167
06/15/22	11:31	G	CC52	13.8	7.71	818	8.2	47	3.9	45	192	0.04	0.81	1.49	0.0137	0.0989
06/15/22	11:38	G	CC53	15.3	7.86	628	7.8	4	3.2	5	129	0.01	0.1	0.32	0.0157	0.0336
06/15/22	10:05	G	CC15	5.8	7.87	105	9	1.2	NT	2	<5	0.02	0.12	0.28	< 0.005	0.0068
06/15/22	10:35	G	CC20	7.1	8.26	106	9.2	7.8	2.3	8	6	<0.01	0.11	0.26	< 0.005	0.0085
06/15/22	9:40	G	CC30	7.1	7.73	45	9.4	3	NT	3	<5	<0.01	0.07	0.25	< 0.005	0.0157
06/15/22	9:20	G	CC40	8.8	7.22	114	9.2	3	2.6	4	9	0.01	0.13	0.36	< 0.005	0.0132
06/15/22	11:10	G	CC44	7.3	8.35	56	9	3	NT	2	5	<0.01	<0.01	0.17	< 0.005	0.0123
NS	NS	NS	CC45													
06/15/22	11:15	G	CC50	10	7.99	150.3	9	3.7	3.3	4	19	<0.01	0.04	0.24	< 0.005	0.0149
06/15/22	11:51	G	CC60	10.8	8.35	119.4	9.3	5.13	2.5	7	29	<0.01	0.12	0.33	< 0.005	0.0166
06/15/22	NA	QC	P061522													0.0181
06/15/22	NA	QC	D061522											0.55		
06/15/22	NA	QC	N061522											NT		
10/05/22	10:05	G	CC05	4	6.98	307	9.3	<1	1.3	7	32	0.01	0.35	0.46	<0.005	0.0057
10/05/22	10:30	G	CC10	7.8	7.77	137	8.7	<1		9	<5	<0.01	0.15	0.29	<0.005	< 0.005
10/05/22	10:55	G	CC25	8.8	7.55	257	8.7	1.5		7	24	<0.01	0.17	0.29	<0.005	0.0062
10/05/22	11:10	G	CC26	8	7.81	295	9.1	1.1	1.2	11	21	<0.01	0.18	0.3	<0.005	0.0052
10/05/22	11:30	G	CC34	5.5	7.81	76	9.5	<1		11	<5	<0.01	0.15	0.3	<0.005	0.0079
10/05/22	11:50	G	CC35	8.8	7.99	240	9.3	1.4	1.3	8	17	<0.01	0.1	0.24	<0.005	0.0087
10/05/22	12:50	G	CC52	10.5	7.9	1406	8.6	3	2.7	7	315	0.01	0.31	0.49	<0.005	0.0082
10/05/22	13:15	G	CC53	11.2	7.94	1486	8.4	1.7	1.8	14	321	0.01	0.14	0.24	<0.005	0.0072
10/05/22	10:52	G	CC15	6.2	7.6	527	9.2	<1		7	5	0.07	0.38	0.53	<0.005	< 0.005
10/05/22	11:07	G	CC20	7.8	7.7	320	9.2	<1	1.2	14	13	0.01	0.2	0.33	<0.005	< 0.005
10/05/22	10:30	G	CC30	7.4	8.03	41.8	9.8	4.51		33	<5	<0.01	0.04	0.2	<0.005	0.0151
10/05/22	12:41	G	CC40	11.1	8.09	232.6	9.4	1.36	1.4	7	18	<0.01	0.09	0.23	<0.005	0.0106
10/05/22	10:00	G	CC44	6.6	7.89	131	9.6	<1		4	15	<0.01	<0.01	0.1	0.0069	0.0069
NS		NS	CC45													
10/05/22	9:37	G	CC50	10	7.57	535	9.3	<1	1.7	10	65	0.01	0.1	0.29	<0.005	0.0074
10/05/22	9:05	G	CC60	10.7	7.61	306	9.6	1.29	1.5	7	46	0.01	0.08	0.25	<0.005	0.0089
10/05/22	NA	QC	P061522													0.0497
10/05/22	NA	QC	D061522											0.26		0.0094
10/05/22	NA	QC	N061522											0.33		
12/14/2022	10:05	G	CC 26	2.5	8.44	370	9.4	<1	0.9	4		0.03	0.33	0.4	< 0.005	< 0.005
NS	NS	G	CC 40													
12/14/2022	10:40	G	CC 50	1.7	8.11	818	10.5	<1	1.8	<1		0.03	0.37	0.51	< 0.005	0.0071
12/14/2022	11:05	G	CC 60	<1	8.06	459	11.2	<1	1.1	3		0.02	0.39	0.48	< 0.005	0.0054

Clear Creek Grabs

Method						
DL						
Max Sig figs						
Max decimals						
Reporting Units						
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Notes**	**Conclusion**	**Field Notes**	**Lab Notes**
02/16/22	10:00	**G**				
NS	NS	**G**	Not sampled		Frozen	
02/16/22	10:30	**G**				
02/16/22	10:50	**G**				
04/13/22	11:00	**G**				
04/13/22	11:20	**G**				
04/13/22	11:40	**G**				
04/13/22	12:10	**G**				
06/15/22	9:36	**G**			Staff gage = 5.2 ft	
06/15/22	9:55	**G**				
06/15/22	10:26	**G**				
06/15/22	10:33	**G**				
06/15/22	11:07	**G**				
06/15/22	10:55	**G**				
06/15/22	11:31	**G**				
06/15/22	11:38	**G**				
06/15/22	10:05	**G**				
06/15/22	10:35	**G**				
06/15/22	9:40	**G**				
06/15/22	9:20	**G**				
06/15/22	11:10	**G**				
NS	NS	**NS**	Not Sampled			
06/15/22	11:15	**G**				
06/15/22	11:51	**G**				
06/15/22	NA	**QC**				
06/15/22	NA	**QC**				
06/15/22	NA	**QC**				
10/05/22	10:05	**G**			Staff gage = 3.40 ft	
10/05/22	10:30	**G**				
10/05/22	10:55	**G**				
10/05/22	11:10	**G**				
10/05/22	11:30	**G**				
10/05/22	11:50	**G**				
10/05/22	12:50	**G**				
10/05/22	13:15	**G**				
10/05/22	10:52	**G**				
10/05/22	11:07	**G**				
10/05/22	10:30	**G**			Staff gage=1.4	
10/05/22	12:41	**G**				
10/05/22	10:00	**G**				
NS		**NS**	Not Sampled			
10/05/22	9:37	**G**				
10/05/22	9:05	**G**				
10/05/22	NA	**QC**				
10/05/22	NA	**QC**				
10/05/22	NA	**QC**				
12/14/2022	10:05	**G**				
NS	NS	**G**	Not sampled			
12/14/2022	10:40	**G**				
12/14/2022	11:05	**G**				

Tribs

Method				**SM2510B**	**SM4500OG**	**SM4500H+B**	**SM2550B**	**SM2130B**	**SM4500PE**	**SM4500PE**	**SM4500NH3H**	**SM4500NO3I**	**SM4500NO3I**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**
Reporting Limit Goal				**10**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1**	**0.0025**	**0.0025**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.02**	**variable**	**variable**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**2**	**2**
Max decimals				**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**4**	**4**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**1**
Reporting Units				**µS/cm**	**mg/L**	**s.u.**	**°C**	**NTU**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Conductivity, Specific**	**Oxygen, Dissolved**	**pH**	**Temp**	**Turbidity**	**Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)**	**Phosphorus, Total**	**Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)**	**Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite**	**Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen**	**Gross Alpha**	**Gross Alpha, Uncertainty**
01/05/22	9:10	**G**	**Trib 01**	492	11.5	7.8	1.7	< 1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.01	0.47	0.58		
01/05/22	9:25	**G**	**Trib 02**	489	11	7.8	4.6	< 1	< 0.005	0.0058	0.02	0.48	0.62		
01/05/22	9:35	**G**	**Trib 03**	504	10.7	7.9	4.5	< 1	< 0.005	0.0102	0.02	0.48	0.62		
01/05/22	10:35	**G**	**Trib 04**	571	10.6	7.9	0.7	5.7	< 0.005	0.0125	0.02	0.45	0.62		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 11**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**												
01/05/22	8:30	**G**	**Trib 24**	361	9.8	7.9	11.2	< 1	< 0.005	0.0074	0.02	0.04	0.25		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**												
02/09/22	9:20	**G**	**Trib 01**	480	11.8	7.8	2.7	< 1	< 0.005	< 0.005	0.02	0.42	0.52		
02/09/22	9:35	**G**	**Trib 02**	487	11	7.8	6.7	< 1	< 0.005	0.0064	0.02	0.45	0.56		
02/09/22	9:55	**G**	**Trib 03**	510	10.6	8	6.9	< 1	< 0.005	0.0075	0.02	0.45	0.57		
02/09/22	10:20	**G**	**Trib 04**	559	10.4	8	5.8	8.9	< 0.005	0.0281	0.03	0.42	0.63		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 11**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**												
02/09/22	8:45	**G**	**Trib 24**	376	10.3	7.9	10.8	< 1	< 0.005	0.0064	0.03	0.05	0.23		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**												
03/02/22	9:15	**G**	**Trib 01**	484	11.7	7.9	2.5	1.2	< 0.005	0.0137	0.01	0.42	0.53	1.5	1.8
03/02/22	9:30	**G**	**Trib 02**	481	10.9	7.8	8.4	< 1	< 0.005	0.012	0.01	0.44	0.59	1.7	1.9
03/02/22	9:45	**G**	**Trib 03**	506	10.6	8	8.5	< 1	< 0.005	0.012	0.01	0.42	0.53	1.9	1.9
03/02/22	10:20	**G**	**Trib 04**	544	10.3	8	10.5	2.9	< 0.005	0.0234	0.01	0.36	0.52	1.6	2
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 11**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**												
03/02/22	8:30	**G**	**Trib 24**	380	10.1	8.1	11.7	< 0.1	0.0051	0.0071	0.01	0.06	0.23	1.9	1.6
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**												
04/06/22	9:05	**G**	**Trib 01**	539	11.6	7.9	3.1	< 1	< 0.005	0.0116	<0.01	0.06	0.23		
04/06/22	9:20	**G**	**Trib 02**	516	10.8	7.8	6.8	< 1	< 0.005	0.0108	<0.01	0.06	0.2		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 03**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**												
04/06/22	10:05	**G**	**Trib 11**	544	10	7.8	6.5	4.7	< 0.005	0.0139	<0.01	0.03	0.22		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**												
04/06/22	8:25	**G**	**Trib 24**	396	9.1	7.8	13.6	< 1	< 0.005	0.0108	<0.01	0.08	0.26		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**												
05/04/22	9:35	**G**	**Trib 01**	493	9.6	7.9	9.3	3.3	< 0.005	0.0334	0.02	0.1	0.36		
05/04/22	10:00	**G**	**Trib 02**	451	9.3	7.7	10.9	12.4	0.0138	0.0521	0.11	0.13	0.6		
05/04/22	10:20	**G**	**Trib 03**	520	8.7	7.7	10.9	8.3	0.01	0.0404	0.08	0.15	0.56		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**												
05/04/22	11:10	**G**	**Trib 11**	499	8.8	7.7	9.8	3.7	< 0.005	0.0214	0.03	0.06	0.29		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**												
05/04/22	8:30	**G**	**Trib 24**	408	7.9	7.8	15.9	3.1	< 0.005	0.0175	<0.01	0.05	0.24		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**												
06/01/22	9:15	**G**	**Trib 01**	244	9.9	7.8	8.8	7.5	< 0.005	0.0249	<0.01	0.14	0.35	2.2	1.7
06/01/22	9:30	**G**	**Trib 02**	235	10.5	7.5	6.8	7.1	< 0.005	0.0311	0.01	0.15	0.37	2	1.5
06/01/22	9:45	**G**	**Trib 03**	252	9.9	7.6	8.7	10.8	0.0124	0.0379	0.03	0.22	0.55	1.4	1.4
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**												
06/01/22	10:50	**G**	**Trib 11**	214	9.4	7.7	9.8	18.1	0.0089	0.0481	0.02	0.14	0.42	3.9	2

Tribs

Method				SM7110B	SM7110B	SM5310B	SM2540D	SM9221D	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA130.2	SM4110A
Reporting Limit Goal				variable	variable	0.5	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.00025	0.00025	0.0025	0.0025	5	5
Max Sig figs				2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	1	0	0	3	3	5	5	4	4	0	0
Reporting Units				pCi/L	pCi/L	mg/L	mg/L	cfu/100mL	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L as CaCO3	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Gross Beta	Gross Beta, Uncertainty	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	E. coli	Iron, Dissolved	Iron, Total	Manganese, Dissolved	Manganese, Total	Zinc, Dissolved	Zinc, Total	Hardness, Total	Chloride
01/05/22	9:10	G	Trib 01			1.2	3	<1	<0.02	0.034	0.018	0.02	0.13	0.13		
01/05/22	9:25	G	Trib 02			1.3	5	11	<0.02	0.037	0.02	0.025	0.12	0.13		
01/05/22	9:35	G	Trib 03			2	6	114	<0.02	0.15	0.023	0.04	0.1	0.12		
01/05/22	10:35	G	Trib 04			1.6	12	53	<0.02	0.33	0.028	0.048	0.065	0.091		
NS	NS	G	Trib 11													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
01/05/22	8:30	G	Trib 24			2.4	3	7	<0.02	0.037	<0.002	0.0062	0.0075	0.0081		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													
02/09/22	9:20	G	Trib 01			0.9	<1	<1	<0.02	0.052	0.022	0.036	0.12	0.14		
02/09/22	9:35	G	Trib 02			1	<1	8	<0.02	0.05	0.024	0.034	0.12	0.13		
02/09/22	9:55	G	Trib 03			1	<1	28	<0.02	0.11	0.022	0.041	0.1	0.12		
02/09/22	10:20	G	Trib 04			1.4	21	47	<0.02	0.88	0.026	0.093	0.058	0.13		
NS	NS	G	Trib 11													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
02/09/22	8:45	G	Trib 24			2	<1	<1	<0.020	0.029	<0.002	0.011	0.0095	0.01		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													
03/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	4.7	2.6	1.4	<1	<1	<0.02	0.078	0.027	0.048	0.11	0.13	218	55
03/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	3.3	2.5	1.2	1	<1	<0.02	0.063	0.03	0.042	0.11	0.13	224	58
03/02/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	<2.7	2.4	1.7	3	6	<0.02	0.092	0.028	0.041	0.093	0.11	204	63
03/02/22	10:20	G	Trib 04	3.2	2.4	1.4	10	16	<0.02	0.37	0.033	0.056	0.061	0.089	240	69
NS	NS	G	Trib 11													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
03/02/22	8:30	G	Trib 24	<2.8	2.5	2.3	1	<1	<0.02	<0.02	<0.002	0.045	0.11	0.12	196	45
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													
04/06/22	9:05	G	Trib 01			1.5	<1	<1	0.0061	0.04	0.01	0.042	0.085	0.1		
04/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 02			1.5	1	1	0.006	0.042	0.011	0.044	0.084	0.095		
NS	NS	G	Trib 03													
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
04/06/22	10:05	G	Trib 11			1.9	11	31	0.0058	0.33	0.00057	0.065	0.05	0.079		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
04/06/22	8:25	G	Trib 24			1.9	<1	<1	0.003	0.059	0.00014	0.026	0.011	0.015		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													
05/04/22	9:35	G	Trib 01			2.7	<1	28	<0.010	0.21	0.039	0.096	0.078	0.12		
05/04/22	10:00	G	Trib 02			3.4	23	238	<0.010	0.89	0.033	0.14	0.063	0.14		
05/04/22	10:20	G	Trib 03			3.9	10	238	<0.010	0.68	0.028	0.14	0.069	0.12		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
05/04/22	11:10	G	Trib 11			2.5	4	19	<0.010	0.19	0.041	0.067	0.047	0.061		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
05/04/22	8:30	G	Trib 24			2.2	1	1	<0.010	0.13	<0.002	0.052	0.0098	0.016		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													
06/01/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	<2.8	2.4	3.2	14	82	0.039	0.69	0.04	0.11	0.073	0.12	84	32
06/01/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	5.5	2.6	3.1	21	115	0.038	0.091	0.037	0.13	0.069	0.13	96	32
06/01/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	3	2.5	4	19	387	0.034	1	0.037	0.12	0.052	0.11	88	35
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
06/01/22	10:50	G	Trib 11	<3.1	2.4	3.7	72	387	0.03	1.8	0.015	0.18	0.033	0.13	104	28

Tribs

Method				SM4110A	SM4110A	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				10	0.1	0.00015	0.00015	0.0001	0.0001	0.001	0.001	0.00010	0.00010	0.00050	0.00050
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				0	1	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Sulfate	Bromide	Arsenic, Dissolved	Arsenic, Total	Barium, Dissolved	Barium, Total	Beryllium, Dissolved	Beryllium, Total	Cadmium, Dissolved	Cadmium, Total	Chromium, Dissolved	Chromium, Total
01/05/22	9:10	G	Trib 01												
01/05/22	9:25	G	Trib 02												
01/05/22	9:35	G	Trib 03												
01/05/22	10:35	G	Trib 04												
NS	NS	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
01/05/22	8:30	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
02/09/22	9:20	G	Trib 01												
02/09/22	9:35	G	Trib 02												
02/09/22	9:55	G	Trib 03												
02/09/22	10:20	G	Trib 04												
NS	NS	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
02/09/22	8:45	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
03/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01			<0.001	<0.001	0.053	0.054	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
03/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02			<0.001	<0.001	0.056	0.057	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
03/02/22	9:45	G	Trib 03			<0.001	<0.001	0.054	0.056	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
03/02/22	10:20	G	Trib 04			<0.001	<0.001	0.059	0.063	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
03/02/22	8:30	G	Trib 24			<0.001	0.001	0.051	0.052	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
04/06/22	9:05	G	Trib 01												
04/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 02												
NS	NS	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
04/06/22	10:05	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
04/06/22	8:25	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
05/04/22	9:35	G	Trib 01												
05/04/22	10:00	G	Trib 02												
05/04/22	10:20	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
05/04/22	11:10	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
05/04/22	8:30	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
06/01/22	9:15	G	Trib 01			<0.001	<0.001	0.031	0.039	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
06/01/22	9:30	G	Trib 02			<0.001	<0.001	0.031	0.041	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	0.00098
06/01/22	9:45	G	Trib 03			<0.001	<0.001	0.03	0.04	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	0.0012
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
06/01/22	10:50	G	Trib 11			<0.001	0.001	0.029	0.046	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.0006	<0.0009	0.0018

Tribs

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				0.00025	0.00025	0.00020	0.00020	0.00050	0.00050	0.005	0.005	0.00050	0.00050	0.0005	0.0005
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Copper, Dissolved	Copper, Total	Lead, Dissolved	Lead, Total	Molybdenum, Dissolved	Molybdenum, Total	Nickel, Dissolved	Nickel, Total	Selenium, Dissolved	Selenium, Total	Silver, Dissolved	Silver, Total
01/05/22	9:10	G	Trib 01												
01/05/22	9:25	G	Trib 02												
01/05/22	9:35	G	Trib 03												
01/05/22	10:35	G	Trib 04												
NS	NS	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
01/05/22	8:30	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
02/09/22	9:20	G	Trib 01												
02/09/22	9:35	G	Trib 02												
02/09/22	9:55	G	Trib 03												
02/09/22	10:20	G	Trib 04												
NS	NS	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
02/09/22	8:45	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
03/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	0.0032	0.0055	<0.0005	0.00059	0.0026	0.0026	0.0011	0.0019	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
03/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	0.0031	0.0073	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.0026	0.0026	0.0012	0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
03/02/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	0.0025	0.0041	<0.0005	0.00056	0.0025	0.0025	0.001	0.0019	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
03/02/22	10:20	G	Trib 04	0.0022	0.0057	<0.0005	0.0037	0.0027	0.0027	0.0012	0.0022	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
03/02/22	8:30	G	Trib 24	0.0035	0.0041	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.0026	0.0026	<0.001	0.0011	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
04/06/22	9:05	G	Trib 01												
04/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 02												
NS	NS	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
04/06/22	10:05	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
04/06/22	8:25	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
05/04/22	9:35	G	Trib 01												
05/04/22	10:00	G	Trib 02												
05/04/22	10:20	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
05/04/22	11:10	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
05/04/22	8:30	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
06/01/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	0.0042	0.0089	<0.0005	0.0038	0.0021	0.0021	0.001	0.0015	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
06/01/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	0.0041	0.0099	<0.0005	0.0044	0.002	0.0022	<0.001	0.0018	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
06/01/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	0.0042	0.0095	<0.0005	0.0043	0.002	0.0021	<0.001	0.022	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
06/01/22	10:50	G	Trib 11	0.0035	0.013	<0.0005	0.0072	0.0021	0.0023	<0.001	0.0026	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005

Tribs

Method				EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8			
Reporting Limit Goal				0.0020	0.0020	0.00003	0.00003	0.040			
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3			
Max decimals				5	5	5	5	3			
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L			
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Strontium, Dissolved ICAP	Strontium, Total	Vanadium, Dissolved ICAP/MS	Vanadium, Total ICAP/MS	Aluminum, Total	Notes	Conclusion	Field Notes
01/05/22	9:10	G	Trib 01								
01/05/22	9:25	G	Trib 02								
01/05/22	9:35	G	Trib 03								
01/05/22	10:35	G	Trib 04								
NS	NS	G	Trib 11						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d						Not sampled		
01/05/22	8:30	G	Trib 24								
NS	NS	G	Trib 25						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)						Not sampled		
02/09/22	9:20	G	Trib 01								
02/09/22	9:35	G	Trib 02								
02/09/22	9:55	G	Trib 03								
02/09/22	10:20	G	Trib 04								
NS	NS	G	Trib 11						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d						Not sampled		
02/09/22	8:45	G	Trib 24								
NS	NS	G	Trib 25						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)						Not sampled		
03/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	0.25	0.25	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
03/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	0.27	0.27	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
03/02/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	0.27	0.28	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
03/02/22	10:20	G	Trib 04	0.3	0.3	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	G	Trib 11						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d						Not sampled		
03/02/22	8:30	G	Trib 24	0.21	0.22	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	G	Trib 25						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)						Not sampled		
04/06/22	9:05	G	Trib 01								
04/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 02								
NS	NS	G	Trib 03						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04						Not sampled		
04/06/22	10:05	G	Trib 11								
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d						Not sampled		
04/06/22	8:25	G	Trib 24								
NS	NS	G	Trib 25						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)						Not sampled		
05/04/22	9:35	G	Trib 01								
05/04/22	10:00	G	Trib 02								
05/04/22	10:20	G	Trib 03								
NS	NS	G	Trib 04						Not sampled		
05/04/22	11:10	G	Trib 11								
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d						Not sampled		
05/04/22	8:30	G	Trib 24								
NS	NS	G	Trib 25						Not sampled		
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)						Not sampled		
06/01/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	0.11	0.12	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
06/01/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	0.11	0.12	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
06/01/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	0.13	0.13	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	G	Trib 04						Not Sampled		
06/01/22	10:50	G	Trib 11	0.11	0.12	<0.002	0.0035	NT			

Tribs

Method				
Reporting Limit Goal				
Max Sig figs				
Max decimals				
Reporting Units				
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Lab Notes
01/05/22	9:10	G	Trib 01	
01/05/22	9:25	G	Trib 02	
01/05/22	9:35	G	Trib 03	
01/05/22	10:35	G	Trib 04	
NS	NS	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
01/05/22	8:30	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
02/09/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	
02/09/22	9:35	G	Trib 02	
02/09/22	9:55	G	Trib 03	
02/09/22	10:20	G	Trib 04	
NS	NS	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
02/09/22	8:45	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
03/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	
03/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	
03/02/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	
03/02/22	10:20	G	Trib 04	
NS	NS	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
03/02/22	8:30	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
04/06/22	9:05	G	Trib 01	
04/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 02	
NS	NS	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
04/06/22	10:05	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
04/06/22	8:25	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
05/04/22	9:35	G	Trib 01	
05/04/22	10:00	G	Trib 02	
05/04/22	10:20	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
05/04/22	11:10	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
05/04/22	8:30	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
06/01/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	
06/01/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	
06/01/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
06/01/22	10:50	G	Trib 11	

Tribs

Method				SM2510B	SM4500OG	SM4500H+B	SM2550B	SM2130B	SM4500PE	SM4500PE	SM4500NH3H	SM4500NO3I	SM4500NO3I	SM7110B	SM7110B
Reporting Limit Goal				10	1.0	1.0	1.0	1	0.0025	0.0025	0.01	0.01	0.02	variable	variable
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2
Max decimals				0	1	1	1	1	4	4	2	2	2	1	1
Reporting Units				µS/cm	mg/L	s.u.	°C	NTU	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	pCi/L	pCi/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Conductivity, Specific	Oxygen, Dissolved	pH	Temp	Turbidity	Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)	Phosphorus, Total	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)	Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite	Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen	Gross Alpha	Gross Alpha, Uncertainty
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
06/01/22	8:35	G	Trib 24	402.4	5.6	7.5	15.9	4.1	< 0.005	0.0153	0.02	0.12	0.31	2.3	2
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
06/01/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	232	9.3	7.5	9.1	7	< 0.005	0.0316	<0.01	0.19	0.51	1.4	1.4
07/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	143	8.5	7.9	15.2	2.5	< 0.005	0.0153	0.02	0.12	0.29		
07/06/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	148	8.6	7.7	15.2	2.1	< 0.005	0.0156	0.01	0.13	0.29		
07/06/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	149	8.4	7.7	16.3	2.4	< 0.005	0.0136	0.02	0.13	0.28		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
07/06/22	10:40	G	Trib 11	168	8.5	8	19.5	3.2	< 0.005	0.0116	0.01	0.04	0.23		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
07/06/22	8:40	G	Trib 24	387	3	7.3	18	5.3	< 0.005	0.0119	0.01	0.19	0.42		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
07/06/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	152	7.7	7.6	18.5	3.6	0.0054	0.0173	0.01	0.08	0.26		
08/03/22	9:05	G	Trib 01	215	7.7	7.8	18.2	1.6	< 0.005	0.012	0.01	0.12	0.31		
08/03/22	9:20	G	Trib 02	211	7.9	7.9	19.4	< 1	< 0.005	0.0111	0.01	0.13	0.31		
08/03/22	9:35	G	Trib 03	223	7.3	7.9	23.3	1	< 0.005	0.0108	0.02	0.11	0.06		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
08/03/22	10:15	G	Trib 11	228	7.5	8.1	22.4	3	< 0.005	0.0164	0.02	0.07	0.31		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
08/03/22	8:20	G	Trib 24	179	2	7.3	17.9	5	< 0.005	0.0176	0.02	0.14	0.37		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
08/03/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	218	7.6	8.3	21.1	2.8	< 0.005	0.0213	<0.01	0.06	0.28		
09/07/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	233	8.4	7.7	18.7	1.1	< 0.005	0.0121	0.02	0.2	0.39	1.3	1.5
09/07/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	232	8	7.6	20.2	1	< 0.005	0.0097	0.02	0.18	0.36	1.8	1.5
09/07/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	240	7.4	7.7	21.9	< 1	< 0.005	0.0116	0.03	0.17	0.36	1.4	1.4
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
09/07/22	10:40	G	Trib 11	242	8.2	8.1	22.1	3.3	< 0.005	0.0187	0.01	0.06	0.26	1.5	1.4
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
09/07/22	8:40	G	Trib 24	337	4.7	7.1	21.4	2.5	0.0124	0.0245	0.01	0.07	0.23	0.7	1.3
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
09/07/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	230	8	7.7	19.9	2.3	< 0.005	0.0207	<0.01	0.07	0.27	0.8	1.3
10/05/22	9:00	G	Trib 01	296	9.1	7.9	11.9	1.2	< 0.005	0.0106	0.02	0.08	0.25		
10/05/22	9:15	G	Trib 02	295	9	7.9	13.6	< 1	< 0.005	0.007	0.02	0.08	0.24		
10/05/22	9:30	G	Trib 03	315	8.3	7.8	14	1	< 0.005	0.0091	0.02	0.45	0.63		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
10/05/22	10:52	G	Trib 11	295	8.2	8.1	14.7	3.7	0.0088	0.0814	0.02	0.21	0.53		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
10/05/22	8:20	G	Trib 24	336	4.5	7.2	17.7	1.4	0.0286	0.0427	0.05	0.09	0.29		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
10/05/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
11/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	355	10.4	7.9	6.3	< 1	< 0.005	0.0064	0.01	0.21	0.27		
11/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	345	9.9	7.9	9.5	< 1	< 0.005	0.0061	0.01	0.21	0.28		
11/02/22	9:40	G	Trib 03	345	9.5	7.9	9.8	2.3	< 0.005	0.0132	0.02	0.19	0.31		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
11/02/22	10:10	G	Trib 11	352	9.4	7.9	9.3	1.5	< 0.005	0.0108	0.01	0.17	0.27		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
11/02/22	8:35	G	Trib 24	328	7.6	7.8	15.1	1.3	0.0051	0.0122	0.01	0.03	0.16		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
11/02/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												

Tribs

Method				SM7110B	SM7110B	SM5310B	SM2540D	SM9221D	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA130.2	SM4110A
Reporting Limit Goal				variable	variable	0.5	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.00025	0.00025	0.0025	0.0025	5	5
Max Sig figs				2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	1	0	0	3	3	5	5	4	4	0	0
Reporting Units				pCi/L	pCi/L	mg/L	mg/L	cfu/100mL	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L as CaCO3	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Gross Beta	Gross Beta, Uncertainty	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	E. coli	Iron, Dissolved	Iron, Total	Manganese, Dissolved	Manganese, Total	Zinc, Dissolved	Zinc, Total	Hardness, Total	Chloride
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
06/01/22	8:35	G	Trib 24	4.3	2.4	2.2	7	1	<0.010	0.2	0.0021	0.067	0.0092	0.016	140	47
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
06/01/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	3.3	2.4	4.7	10	488	0.041	0.35	0.026	0.059	0.051	0.073	94	29
07/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 01			1.9	4	29	0.022	0.24	0.013	0.049	0.043	0.066		
07/06/22	9:30	G	Trib 02			1.8	2	36	0.02	0.23	0.014	0.048	0.042	0.064		
07/06/22	9:45	G	Trib 03			1.8	4	20	0.021	0.22	0.019	0.053	0.041	0.062		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
07/06/22	10:40	G	Trib 11			1.7	9	64	0.014	0.33	0.007	0.047	0.013	0.038		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
07/06/22	8:40	G	Trib 24			1.8	6	<1	0.014	0.27	<0.002	0.088	0.012	0.022		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
07/06/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)			2.1	7	365	0.036	0.36	0.014	0.07	0.023	0.044		
08/03/22	9:05	G	Trib 01			1.7	2	4	0.021	0.13	0.0072	0.031	0.043	0.053		
08/03/22	9:20	G	Trib 02			1.7	<1	11	0.021	0.13	0.011	0.032	0.039	0.049		
08/03/22	9:35	G	Trib 03			1.6	2	36	0.023	0.11	0.033	0.05	0.031	0.04		
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
08/03/22	10:15	G	Trib 11			1.8	4	222	0.021	0.22	0.024	0.048	0.014	0.026		
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
08/03/22	8:20	G	Trib 24			1.9	<1	147	<0.010	0.29	0.0035	0.12	0.0093	0.016		
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
08/03/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)			2	5	10	0.029	0.24	0.013	0.037	0.012	0.022		
09/07/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	<2.6	2	1.7	<1	LE	0.051	0.17	0.015	0.042	0.057	0.075	88	18
09/07/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	3.2	2.2	1.6	<1	LE	0.015	0.14	0.016	0.04	0.053	0.067	88	19
09/07/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	<2.7	2.2	1.7	<1	LE	0.02	0.14	0.057	0.073	0.044	0.056	96	20
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
09/07/22	10:40	G	Trib 11	<2.9	2.1	1.7	6	LE	0.01	0.25	0.015	0.043	0.0095	0.028	96	20
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
09/07/22	8:40	G	Trib 24	3.7	2.4	2.1	<1	LE	<0.010	0.14	0.003	0.086	0.015	0.021	116	38
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
09/07/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	<2.7	2.2	1.8	1	LE	0.23	0.26	0.0068	0.027	0.015	0.028	88	19
10/05/22	9:00	G	Trib 01			1.5	7	3	0.012	0.11	0.016	0.032	0.076	0.08		27
10/05/22	9:15	G	Trib 02			1.6	15	16	0.012	0.11	0.016	0.033	0.068	0.076		27
10/05/22	9:30	G	Trib 03			1.6	12	210	0.013	0.11	0.052	0.065	0.052	0.059		31
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
10/05/22	10:52	G	Trib 11			1.7	173	549	0.11	4.5	0.012	0.15	0.012	0.097		26
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
10/05/22	8:20	G	Trib 24			2.1	7	91	0.01	0.13	0.091	0.14	0.01	0.0075		39
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
10/05/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													
11/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01			1.3	<1	3	<0.01	0.058	0.027	0.036	0.094	0.1		36
11/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02			1.3	<1	44	<0.01	0.064	0.029	0.034	0.089	0.098		34
11/02/22	9:40	G	Trib 03			1.4	1	62	<0.01	0.28	0.043	0.066	0.063	0.094		35
NS	NS	G	Trib 04													
11/02/22	10:10	G	Trib 11			1.5	<1	26	<0.01	0.13	0.028	0.038	0.051	0.061		34
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d													
11/02/22	8:35	G	Trib 24			1.9	<1	40	0.034	0.047	0.0078	0.013	0.0077	0.0069		38
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
11/02/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													

Tribs

Method				SM4110A	SM4110A	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				10	0.1	0.00015	0.00015	0.0001	0.0001	0.001	0.001	0.00010	0.00010	0.00050	0.00050
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				0	1	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Sulfate	Bromide	Arsenic, Dissolved	Arsenic, Total	Barium, Dissolved	Barium, Total	Beryllium, Dissolved	Beryllium, Total	Cadmium, Dissolved	Cadmium, Total	Chromium, Dissolved	Chromium, Total
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
06/01/22	8:35	G	Trib 24			<0.001	<0.001	0.054	0.059	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
06/01/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)			<0.001	<0.001	0.032	0.037	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
07/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 01												
07/06/22	9:30	G	Trib 02												
07/06/22	9:45	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
07/06/22	10:40	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
07/06/22	8:40	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
07/06/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
08/03/22	9:05	G	Trib 01												
08/03/22	9:20	G	Trib 02												
08/03/22	9:35	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
08/03/22	10:15	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
08/03/22	8:20	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
08/03/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
09/07/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	45	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.037	0.039	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
09/07/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	42	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.038	0.039	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
09/07/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	42	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.039	0.04	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
09/07/22	10:40	G	Trib 11	42	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.035	0.038	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
09/07/22	8:40	G	Trib 24	47	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.046	0.048	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
09/07/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	41	<0.1	<0.001	0.001	0.038	0.04	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
10/05/22	9:00	G	Trib 01	57	<0.1										
10/05/22	9:15	G	Trib 02	57	<0.1										
10/05/22	9:30	G	Trib 03	56	<0.1										
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
10/05/22	10:52	G	Trib 11	54	<0.1										
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
10/05/22	8:20	G	Trib 24	47	<0.1										
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
10/05/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
11/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	73	0.11										
11/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	73	0.1										
11/02/22	9:40	G	Trib 03	69	<0.1										
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
11/02/22	10:10	G	Trib 11	73	<0.1										
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
11/02/22	8:35	G	Trib 24	53	<0.1										
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
11/02/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												

Tribs

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				0.00025	0.00025	0.00020	0.00020	0.00050	0.00050	0.005	0.005	0.00050	0.00050	0.0005	0.0005
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Copper, Dissolved	Copper, Total	Lead, Dissolved	Lead, Total	Molybdenum, Dissolved	Molybdenum, Total	Nickel, Dissolved	Nickel, Total	Selenium, Dissolved	Selenium, Total	Silver, Dissolved	Silver, Total
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
06/01/22	8:35	G	Trib 24	0.0025	0.0039	<0.0005	0.00075	0.0026	0.0026	0.0011	0.0013	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
06/01/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	0.0043	0.0063	<0.0005	0.0016	0.0022	0.0024	0.001	0.0013	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
07/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 01												
07/06/22	9:30	G	Trib 02												
07/06/22	9:45	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
07/06/22	10:40	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
07/06/22	8:40	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
07/06/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
08/03/22	9:05	G	Trib 01												
08/03/22	9:20	G	Trib 02												
08/03/22	9:35	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
08/03/22	10:15	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
08/03/22	8:20	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
08/03/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
09/07/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	0.0028	0.0043	<0.0005	0.0018	0.0026	0.0027	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
09/07/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	0.0027	0.0039	<0.0005	0.0015	0.0026	0.0026	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
09/07/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	0.0029	0.0041	<0.0005	0.0013	0.0027	0.0027	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
09/07/22	10:40	G	Trib 11	0.0024	0.0042	<0.0005	0.0024	0.0028	0.0029	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
09/07/22	8:40	G	Trib 24	0.0045	0.0058	<0.0005	0.00071	0.0028	0.0029	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
09/07/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	0.0023	0.0038	<0.0005	0.0023	0.0024	0.0026	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
10/05/22	9:00	G	Trib 01												
10/05/22	9:15	G	Trib 02												
10/05/22	9:30	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
10/05/22	10:52	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
10/05/22	8:20	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
10/05/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												
11/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01												
11/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02												
11/02/22	9:40	G	Trib 03												
NS	NS	G	Trib 04												
11/02/22	10:10	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d												
11/02/22	8:35	G	Trib 24												
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
11/02/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												

Tribs

Method				**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**			
Reporting Limit Goal				**0.0020**	**0.0020**	**0.00003**	**0.00003**	**0.040**			
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**			
Max decimals				**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**3**			
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**			
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Strontium, Dissolved ICAP**	**Strontium, Total**	**Vanadium, Dissolved ICAP/MS**	**Vanadium, Total ICAP/MS**	**Aluminum, Total**	**Notes**	**Conclusion**	**Field Notes**
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**						Not Sampled		
06/01/22	8:35	**G**	**Trib 24**	0.22	0.23	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**						Not Sampled		
06/01/22	10:30	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**	0.12	0.13	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
07/06/22	9:20	**G**	**Trib 01**								
07/06/22	9:30	**G**	**Trib 02**								
07/06/22	9:45	**G**	**Trib 03**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**						Not Sampled		
07/06/22	10:40	**G**	**Trib 11**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**						Not Sampled		
07/06/22	8:40	**G**	**Trib 24**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**						Not Sampled		
07/06/22	10:20	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**								
08/03/22	9:05	**G**	**Trib 01**								
08/03/22	9:20	**G**	**Trib 02**								
08/03/22	9:35	**G**	**Trib 03**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**						Not Sampled		
08/03/22	10:15	**G**	**Trib 11**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**						Not Sampled		
08/03/22	8:20	**G**	**Trib 24**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**						Not Sampled		
08/03/22	10:30	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**								
09/07/22	9:20	**G**	**Trib 01**	0.15	0.15	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
09/07/22	9:30	**G**	**Trib 02**	0.15	0.15	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
09/07/22	9:45	**G**	**Trib 03**	0.15	0.16	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**						Not Sampled		
09/07/22	10:40	**G**	**Trib 11**	0.16	0.16	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**						Not Sampled		
09/07/22	8:40	**G**	**Trib 24**	0.19	0.2	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**						Not Sampled		
09/07/22	10:20	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**	0.15	0.15	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
10/05/22	9:00	**G**	**Trib 01**								
10/05/22	9:15	**G**	**Trib 02**								
10/05/22	9:30	**G**	**Trib 03**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**						Not Sampled		
10/05/22	10:52	**G**	**Trib 11**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**						Not Sampled		
10/05/22	8:20	**G**	**Trib 24**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**						Not Sampled		
10/05/22	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**						Not Sampled		
11/02/22	9:15	**G**	**Trib 01**								
11/02/22	9:30	**G**	**Trib 02**								
11/02/22	9:40	**G**	**Trib 03**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 04**						Not Sampled		
11/02/22	10:10	**G**	**Trib 11**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22d**						Not Sampled		
11/02/22	8:35	**G**	**Trib 24**								
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**						Not Sampled		
11/02/22	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**						Not Sampled		

Tribs

Method				
Reporting Limit Goal				
Max Sig figs				
Max decimals				
Reporting Units				
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Lab Notes**
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
06/01/22	8:35	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
06/01/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
07/06/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	
07/06/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	
07/06/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
07/06/22	10:40	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
07/06/22	8:40	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
07/06/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
08/03/22	9:05	G	Trib 01	
08/03/22	9:20	G	Trib 02	
08/03/22	9:35	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
08/03/22	10:15	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
08/03/22	8:20	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
08/03/22	10:30	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
09/07/22	9:20	G	Trib 01	
09/07/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	
09/07/22	9:45	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
09/07/22	10:40	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
09/07/22	8:40	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
09/07/22	10:20	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
10/05/22	9:00	G	Trib 01	
10/05/22	9:15	G	Trib 02	
10/05/22	9:30	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
10/05/22	10:52	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
10/05/22	8:20	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
10/05/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	
11/02/22	9:15	G	Trib 01	
11/02/22	9:30	G	Trib 02	
11/02/22	9:40	G	Trib 03	
NS	NS	G	Trib 04	
11/02/22	10:10	G	Trib 11	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a	
NS	NS	G	Trib 22d	
11/02/22	8:35	G	Trib 24	
NS	NS	G	Trib 25	
11/02/22	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)	

Tribs

Method				**SM2510B**	**SM4500OG**	**SM4500H+B**	**SM2550B**	**SM2130B**	**SM4500PE**	**SM4500PE**	**SM4500NH3H**	**SM4500NO3I**	**SM4500NO3I**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**
Reporting Limit Goal				**10**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1**	**0.0025**	**0.0025**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.02**	**variable**	**variable**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**2**	**2**
Max decimals				**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**4**	**4**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**1**	**1**
Reporting Units				**µS/cm**	**mg/L**	**s.u.**	**°C**	**NTU**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Conductivity, Specific**	**Oxygen, Dissolved**	**pH**	**Temp**	**Turbidity**	**Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)**	**Phosphorus, Total**	**Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)**	**Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite**	**Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen**	**Gross Alpha**	**Gross Alpha, Uncertainty**
12/07/22	9:10	**G**	**Trib 01**	398	11.5	7.8	2.7	< 1	< 0.005	0.0068	0.02	0.35	0.39	3.8	2.3
12/07/22	9:25	**G**	**Trib 02**	412	11.2	7.8	5.1	1.1	< 0.005	0.0059	0.02	0.36	0.41	1.5	1.8
12/07/22	9:40	**G**	**Trib 03**	424	10.8	7.9	5.3	1	< 0.005	0.0104	0.05	0.36	0.45	2.6	2
12/07/22	10:30	**G**	**Trib 04**	410	10.7	7.7	4.1	2	< 0.005	0.0119	0.01	0.3	0.36	3.2	2.3
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 11**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**												
12/07/22	10:10	**G**	**Trib 22d**	104	11	7.8	5.9	2.1	< 0.005	0.0111	0.03	0.05	0.21	2.8	1.5
12/07/22	8:20	**G**	**Trib 24**	318	9.2	7.6	11.6	< 1	< 0.005	0.008	0.02	0.03	0.15	2.6	2
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**												

Tribs

Method				SM7110B	SM7110B	SM5310B	SM2540D	SM9221D	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA130.2	SM4110A
Reporting Limit Goal				variable	variable	0.5	1	1	0.01	0.01	0.00025	0.00025	0.0025	0.0025	5	5
Max Sig figs				2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	1	0	0	3	3	5	5	4	4	0	0
Reporting Units				pCi/L	pCi/L	mg/L	mg/L	cfu/100mL	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L as CaCO3	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Gross Beta	Gross Beta, Uncertainty	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	E. coli	Iron, Dissolved	Iron, Total	Manganese, Dissolved	Manganese, Total	Zinc, Dissolved	Zinc, Total	Hardness, Total	Chloride
12/07/22	9:10	G	Trib 01	4	2.4	1.2	4	2	<0.01	0.054	0.03	0.043	0.12	0.13	136	41
12/07/22	9:25	G	Trib 02	4.9	2.5	1	5	12	0.27	0.055	0.031	0.042	0.12	0.13	148	41
12/07/22	9:40	G	Trib 03	4	2.5	1.2	4	30	<0.01	0.11	0.03	0.047	0.11	0.13	140	44
12/07/22	10:30	G	Trib 04	<2.7	2.4	1.3	8	36	0.17	0.13	0.012	0.022	0.096	0.11	152	43
NS	NS	G	Trib 11													
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a													
12/07/22	10:10	G	Trib 22d	<2.9	2.4	2.5	4	4	0.024	0.12	<0.002	0.015	<0.005	<0.005	40	8
12/07/22	8:20	G	Trib 24	<2.8	2.4	2	1	11	<0.01	0.024	0.0024	0.005	0.015	0.016	128	36
NS	NS	G	Trib 25													
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)													

Tribs

Method				**SM4110A**	**SM4110A**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**
Reporting Limit Goal				**10**	**0.1**	**0.00015**	**0.00015**	**0.0001**	**0.0001**	**0.001**	**0.001**	**0.00010**	**0.00010**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**0**	**1**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Sulfate**	**Bromide**	**Arsenic, Dissolved**	**Arsenic, Total**	**Barium, Dissolved**	**Barium, Total**	**Beryllium, Dissolved**	**Beryllium, Total**	**Cadmium, Dissolved**	**Cadmium, Total**	**Chromium, Dissolved**	**Chromium, Total**
12/07/22	9:10	**G**	**Trib 01**	77	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.048	0.05	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
12/07/22	9:25	**G**	**Trib 02**	85	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.052	0.053	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
12/07/22	9:40	**G**	**Trib 03**	85	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.052	0.054	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
12/07/22	10:30	**G**	**Trib 04**	82	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.052	0.056	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 11**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**												
12/07/22	10:10	**G**	**Trib 22d**	13	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.019	0.021	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
12/07/22	8:20	**G**	**Trib 24**	49	<0.1	<0.001	<0.001	0.048	0.048	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**												
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**												

Tribs

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				0.00025	0.00025	0.00020	0.00020	0.00050	0.00050	0.005	0.005	0.00050	0.00050	0.0005	0.0005
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				5	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	5	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Copper, Dissolved	Copper, Total	Lead, Dissolved	Lead, Total	Molybdenum, Dissolved	Molybdenum, Total	Nickel, Dissolved	Nickel, Total	Selenium, Dissolved	Selenium, Total	Silver, Dissolved	Silver, Total
12/07/22	9:10	G	Trib 01	0.003	0.0042	<0.0005	0.001	0.003	0.0031	0.0017	0.0017	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
12/07/22	9:25	G	Trib 02	0.0026	0.0037	<0.0005	0.001	0.0029	0.0031	0.0017	0.0017	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
12/07/22	9:40	G	Trib 03	0.0023	0.0039	<0.0005	0.0015	0.0029	0.0031	0.0016	0.0017	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
12/07/22	10:30	G	Trib 04	0.0017	0.0033	<0.0005	0.0021	0.0028	0.0029	0.0015	0.0017	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 11												
NS	NS	G	Trib 22a												
12/07/22	10:10	G	Trib 22d	<0.001	<0.001	<0.0005	0.00072	<0.002	<0.002	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
12/07/22	8:20	G	Trib 24	0.0032	0.004	<0.0005	0.00072	0.0028	0.0031	0.0012	0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005
NS	NS	G	Trib 25												
NS	NS	G	Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)												

Tribs

Method				EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8			
Reporting Limit Goal				**0.0020**	**0.0020**	**0.00003**	**0.00003**	**0.040**			
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**			
Max decimals				**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**3**			
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**			
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Strontium, Dissolved ICAP**	**Strontium, Total**	**Vanadium, Dissolved ICAP/MS**	**Vanadium, Total ICAP/MS**	**Aluminum, Total**	**Notes**	**Conclusion**	**Field Notes**
12/07/22	9:10	**G**	**Trib 01**	0.22	0.23	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
12/07/22	9:25	**G**	**Trib 02**	0.24	0.24	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
12/07/22	9:40	**G**	**Trib 03**	0.25	0.25	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
12/07/22	10:30	**G**	**Trib 04**	0.25	0.26	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 11**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**						Not Sampled		
12/07/22	10:10	**G**	**Trib 22d**	0.063	0.065	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
12/07/22	8:20	**G**	**Trib 24**	0.19	0.2	<0.002	<0.002	NT			
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**						Not Sampled		
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**						Not Sampled		

Tribs

Method				
Reporting Limit Goal				
Max Sig figs				
Max decimals				
Reporting Units				
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Lab Notes**
12/07/22	9:10	**G**	**Trib 01**	
12/07/22	9:25	**G**	**Trib 02**	
12/07/22	9:40	**G**	**Trib 03**	
12/07/22	10:30	**G**	**Trib 04**	
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 11**	
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 22a**	
12/07/22	10:10	**G**	**Trib 22d**	
12/07/22	8:20	**G**	**Trib 24**	
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 25**	
NS	NS	**G**	**Trib 27 (New Church Ditch Inlet)**	

Ambient Autosamplers

Method				SM2550B	SM4500H+B	SM2510B	SM2130B	SM4500NH3H	SM4500NO3I	SM4500NO3I	SM4500PE	SM4500PE	SM5310B	SM2540D	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				1.0	1.0	10	1.0	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.0025	0.0025	0.5	1	0.00015	0.00015	0.00010
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	0	1	2	2	2	4	4	1	0	5	5	5
Reporting Units				°C	s.u.	µS/cm	NTU	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Temp	pH	Conductivity, Specific	Turbidity	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)	Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite	Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen	Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)	Phosphorus, Total	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	Arsenic, Dissolved	Arsenic, Total	Barium, Dissolved
04/17/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 26	5.9	7.96	496.6	1.84	0.02	0.34	0.5	< 0.005	0.0065	1.2	3	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	12:10	G	CC AS 49	7.2	8.12	475.3	1.58	<0.01	0.21	0.39	0.0071	0.0189	1.2	2	NT	NT	NT
04/17/22	23:45	24C	CC AS 50	7.2	7.89	804	1.2	0.02	0.64	0.97	< 0.005	0.007	2.3	2	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	13:25	G	CC AS 59	9.8	8.35	508	2.4	0.01	0.01	0.25	< 0.005	0.01	1.8	3	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	21:00	24C	CC AS T2	14.8	7.94	531.1	1.5	<0.01	0.01	0.24	< 0.005	0.0214	13.2	3	NT	NT	NT
04/19/22	8:30	24C	CC AS T11	12.2	7.96	544.1	3.3	<0.01	<0.01	0.22	< 0.005	0.0124	2.1	2	NT	NT	NT
05/16/22	5:00	24C	CC AS 26	14.7	7.91	266.7	4.4	<0.01	0.16	0.37	< 0.005	0.01	3.3	8	NT	NT	NT
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 49	16.6	7.76	247	8.81	<0.01	0.13	0.43	< 0.005	0.0141	3.6	25	NT	NT	NT
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 50	16.6	7.67	276.5	4.2	0.02	0.2	0.42	< 0.005	0.0077	2.7	9	NT	NT	NT
05/16/22	21:00	24C	CC AS 59	22.2	7.71	254.2	11.3	0.01	0.12	0.59	< 0.005	0.025	3.9	36	NT	NT	NT
05/16/22	22:45	24C	CC AS T2	23.5	7.58	262.5	12.5	<0.01	0.04	0.55	< 0.005	0.0301	15.3	39	NT	NT	NT
05/17/22	8:15	24C	CC AS T11	18.6	7.57	271	15.9	0.02	0.1	0.43	< 0.005	0.0266	3.2	39	NT	NT	NT
06/20/22	6:00	24C	CC AS 26	14.9	7.62	121.4	8.46	<0.01	0.16	0.27	< 0.005	0.0108	2.1	6	<0.001	<0.001	0.023
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 49	18.5	7.28	190.9	3.93	<0.01	0.14	0.28	< 0.005	0.0123	2.5	5	<0.001	<0.001	0.022
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 50	18.7	7.48	119.5	5.8	<0.01	0.27	0.44	< 0.005	0.0131	3.2	8	<0.001	<0.001	0.02
06/20/22	19:44	24C	CC AS 59	22.4	7.54	128.2	3.26	<0.01	0.13	0.31	< 0.005	0.0134	3	6	<0.001	<0.001	0.022
06/20/22	21:15	24C	CC AS T2	24.1	7.54	135.1	2.48	<0.01	0.12	0.29	< 0.005	0.0094	3.9	1	<0.001	<0.001	0.022
06/21/22	4:53	24C	CC AS T11	19.5	7.54	137.3	16.8	<0.01	0.12	0.33	< 0.005	0.0154	2.3	13	<0.001	<0.001	0.021
07/18/22	12:50	G	CC AS 26	19.3	7.65	184.3	1.66	<0.01	0.15	0.32	< 0.005	0.0064	1.4	4	<0.0006	<0.0006	0.032

Ambient Autosamplers

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				0.00010	0.00005	0.00005	0.00010	0.00010	0.00050	0.00050	0.00025	0.00025	0.01	0.01	0.00020	0.00020	0.00025
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Barium, Total	Beryllium dissolved	Beryllium Total	Cadmium, Dissolved	Cadmium, Total	Chromium, Dissolved	Chromium, Total	Copper, Dissolved	Copper, Total	Iron, Dissolved	Iron, Total	Lead, Dissolved	Lead, Total	Manganese, Dissolved
04/17/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 26	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	12:10	G	CC AS 49	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/17/22	23:45	24C	CC AS 50	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	13:25	G	CC AS 59	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	21:00	24C	CC AS T2	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/19/22	8:30	24C	CC AS T11	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/16/22	5:00	24C	CC AS 26	NT	NT	NT	<0.0005	<0.0005	NT	NT	0.0028	0.0045	0.065	0.45	0.0008	0.0044	0.037
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 49	NT	NT	NT	<0.0005	0.00069	NT	NT	0.0037	0.012	0.049	1	0.0005	0.0083	0.019
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 50	NT	NT	NT	<0.0005	<0.0005	NT	NT	0.067	0.014	0.024	0.44	<0.0005	0.0028	0.034
05/16/22	21:00	24C	CC AS 59	NT	NT	NT	<0.0005	0.001	NT	NT	0.004	0.018	0.29	0.0014	0.0013	0.011	0.011
05/16/22	22:45	24C	CC AS T2	NT	NT	NT	<0.0005	0.0011	NT	NT	0.0043	0.018	0.033	0.0014	<0.0005	0.011	0.02
05/17/22	8:15	24C	CC AS T11	NT	NT	NT	<0.0005	0.00062	NT	NT	0.0035	0.012	0.024	1.3	<0.0005	0.0072	0.0041
06/20/22	6:00	24C	CC AS 26	0.025	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0014	0.0021	0.029	0.22	<0.0005	0.0029	0.017
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 49	0.023	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0025	0.0034	0.026	0.19	<0.0005	0.0018	0.021
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 50	0.021	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.007	0.0097	0.031	0.25	<0.0005	0.0015	0.051
06/20/22	19:44	24C	CC AS 59	0.025	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0026	0.005	0.022	0.34	<0.0005	0.0026	0.012
06/20/22	21:15	24C	CC AS T2	0.024	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0025	0.0036	0.02	0.14	<0.0005	0.0012	0.018
06/21/22	4:53	24C	CC AS T11	0.026	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	0.00094	0.0027	0.0059	0.02	0.51	<0.0005	0.003	0.007
07/18/22	12:50	G	CC AS 26	0.035	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	<0.0015	<0.0015	0.0011	0.0025	0.06	0.15	0.0006	0.0017	0.034

Ambient Autosamplers

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				0.00025	0.00050	0.00050	0.00032	0.00032	0.00050	0.00050	0.00001	0.00001	0.00200	0.00200	0.00003	0.00003	0.0025
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Manganese, Total	Molybdenum, Dissolved	Molybdenum, Total	Nickel, Dissolved	Nickel, Total	Selenium, Dissolved	Selenium, Total	Silver, Dissolved	Silver Total	Strontium, Dissolved ICAP	Strontium, Total ICAP	Vanadium, Dissolved	Vanadium, Total	Zinc, Dissolved
04/17/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 26	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	12:10	G	CC AS 49	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/17/22	23:45	24C	CC AS 50	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	13:25	G	CC AS 59	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/18/22	21:00	24C	CC AS T2	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/19/22	8:30	24C	CC AS T11	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/16/22	5:00	24C	CC AS 26	0.12	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.054
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 49	0.3	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.048
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 50	0.11	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.094
05/16/22	21:00	24C	CC AS 59	0.38	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.045
05/16/22	22:45	24C	CC AS T2	0.38	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.074
05/17/22	8:15	24C	CC AS T11	0.2	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.027
06/20/22	6:00	24C	CC AS 26	0.087	0.0025	0.0025	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	0.00076	0.08	0.081	<0.002	<0.002	0.042
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 49	0.065	0.0021	0.0021	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.078	0.079	<0.002	<0.002	0.042
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 50	0.085	<0.002	<0.002	0.0013	0.0014	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	0.00067	0.094	0.094	<0.002	<0.002	0.071
06/20/22	19:44	24C	CC AS 59	0.072	0.0021	0.0021	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.08	0.079	<0.002	<0.002	0.033
06/20/22	21:15	24C	CC AS T2	0.046	0.0021	0.0022	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.083	0.085	<0.002	<0.002	0.039
06/21/22	4:53	24C	CC AS T11	0.074	0.0021	0.0022	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.085	0.087	<0.002	<0.002	0.019
07/18/22	12:50	G	CC AS 26	0.055	0.0032	0.0034	<0.001	<0.0009	<0.002	<0.0008	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.13	0.138	<0.002	0.002	0.042

Ambient Autosamplers

Method				EPA200.8	EPA 300.0	SM7110B	SM7110B	SM7110B	SM7110B				
Reporting Limit Goal				0.0025	10	variable	variable	variable	variable				
Max Sig figs				3	3	2	2	2	2				
Max decimals				4	0	1	1	1	1				
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	pCi/L	pCi/L	pCi/L	pCi/L				
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Zinc, Total	Chloride	Gross Alpha	Gross Alpha, Uncertainty	Gross Beta	Gross Beta, Uncertainty	Notes	Conclusion	Field Notes	Lab Notes
04/17/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 26	NT	55					Start time 1100 on 4/16/22; end time 1000 on 4/17/22			
04/18/22	12:10	G	CC AS 49	NT	49					Autosampler failure, grab taken			
04/17/22	23:45	24C	CC AS 50	NT	132					Start time 045 on 4/17/22; end time 2345 on 4/17/22			
04/18/22	13:25	G	CC AS 59	NT	64					Autosampler tube not far enough in water yet. Grab sample taken.			
04/18/22	21:00	24C	CC AS T2	NT	67					Start time 2200 on 4/17/22; end time 2100 on 4/18/22			
04/19/22	8:30	24C	CC AS T11	NT	72					Start time 0930 on 4/18/22; end time 0830 on 4/19/22			
05/16/22	5:00	24C	CC AS 26	0.094	33					Start time 0600 on 5/15/22; end time 0500 on 5/16/22			
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 49	0.19	30					Start time 1100 on 5/15/22; end time 1000 on 5/16/22			
05/16/22	10:00	24C	CC AS 50	0.14	35					Start time 1100 on 5/15/22; end time 1000 on 5/16/22			
05/16/22	21:00	24C	CC AS 59	0.25	32					Start time 2200 on 5/15/22; end time 2100 on 5/16/22			
05/16/22	22:45	24C	CC AS T2	0.28	34					Start time 2345 on 5/15/22; end time 2245 on 5/16/22			
05/17/22	8:15	24C	CC AS T11	0.13	33					Start time 0915 on 5/16/22; end time 0815 on 5/17/22			
06/20/22	6:00	24C	CC AS 26	0.068	10					Start time 0700 on 6/19/22; end time 0600 6/20/22			
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 49	0.058	10					Start time 11:20 on 6/19/22; end time 1020 6/20/22			
06/20/22	10:20	24C	CC AS 50	0.086	22					Start time 11:20 on 6/19/22; end time 1020 6/20/22			
06/20/22	19:44	24C	CC AS 59	0.066	12					Start time 20:44 on 6/19/22; end time 19:44 6/20/22			
06/20/22	21:15	24C	CC AS T2	0.056	12					Start time 22:15 on 6/19/22; end time 21:15 6/20/22			
06/21/22	4:53	24C	CC AS T11	0.055	13					Start time 5:53 on 6/20/22; end time 4:53 on 6/21/22			
07/18/22	12:50	G	CC AS 26	0.059	15					Datalogger restarted and wiped settings. Grab Sample taken 12:50 7/18/22			

Ambient Autosamplers

Method				SM2550B	SM4500H+B	SM2510B	SM2130B	SM4500NH3H	SM4500NO3I	SM4500NO3I	SM4500PE	SM4500PE	SM5310B	SM2540D	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				1.0	1.0	10	1.0	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.0025	0.0025	0.5	1	0.00015	0.00015	0.00010
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	0	1	2	2	2	4	4	1	0	5	5	5
Reporting Units				°C	s.u.	µS/cm	NTU	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Temp	pH	Conductivity, Specific	Turbidity	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)	Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite	Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen	Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)	Phosphorus, Total	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	Arsenic, Dissolved	Arsenic, Total	Barium, Dissolved
07/18/22	9:20	24C	CC AS 49	24.1	7.54	172.5	4.97	<0.01	0.14	0.32	< 0.005	0.0137	2.1	10	<0.0006	<0.0006	0.029
07/18/22	9:20	24C	CC AS 50	25.5	7.57	382.8	5.14	0.01	0.62	0.89	< 0.005	0.0083	2.5	2	<0.0006	<0.0006	0.026
07/18/22	23:15	24C	CC AS 59	28.5	7.59	190.6	2.9	<0.01	0.17	0.39	< 0.005	0.0132	2.9	4	<0.0006	<0.0006	0.029
07/19/22	1:30	24C	CC AS T2	30.9	7.52	196.2	2.53	<0.01	0.16	0.33	< 0.005	0.0127	3.7	6	<0.0006	<0.0006	0.031
07/19/22	10:20	24C	CC AS T11	28.5	7.55	201.1	5.98	0.02	0.1	0.4	< 0.005	0.0171	2	11	<0.0006	<0.0006	0.03
08/15/22	0:00	24C	CC AS 26	16.3	7.71	236.3	2.1	0.01	0.18	0.33	< 0.005	0.007		6	<0.001	<0.001	0.039
08/15/22	8:30	24C	CC AS 49	18.8	7.67	198	134	<0.01	0.2	0.5	0.0064	0.0088		137	<0.001	0.019	0.029
08/15/22	8:30	24C	CC AS 50	20.1	7.46	515	394	<0.01	0.64	2.13	0.0109	0.118		678	<0.001	0.018	0.056
08/15/22	19:30	24C	CC AS 59	18.77	7.53	222.8	130	<0.01	0.24	0.68	0.0073	0.1021		171	<0.001	0.017	0.031
08/15/22	22:30	24C	CC AS T2	21.5	7.56	225	61	<0.01	0.17	0.53	0.0124	0.0656		72	<0.001	0.013	0.032
08/16/22	8:55	24C	CC AS T11	19.7	7.7	234	54.1	0.01	0.2	0.48	0.0051	0.0456		34	<0.001	0.0061	0.036
09/19/22	0:30	24C	CC AS 26	14.5	7.85	242.1	1.2	<0.01	0.2	0.35	< 0.005	0.0065	1.5	<1	<0.001	<0.001	0.088
09/19/22	10:15	24C	CC AS 49	19.4	7.8	217.3	2.1	<0.01	0.15	0.36	< 0.005	0.0132	1.8	1	<0.001	<0.001	0.087
09/19/22	10:15	24C	CC AS 50	17.9	7.8	514.6	1.1	0.02	0.42	0.64	< 0.005	0.008	2.1	1	<0.001	<0.001	0.07
09/19/22	20:35	24C	CC AS 59	23.48	7.66	240.1	6.28	<0.01	0.12	0.31	< 0.005	0.0125	2.1	6	<0.001	<0.001	0.038
09/19/22	23:40	24C	CC AS T2	26.6	7.67	246.9	6.42	<0.01	0.11	0.27	< 0.005	0.0127	4.4	<1	<0.001	<0.001	0.04
09/20/22	11:10	G	CC AS T11	19.9	7.6	257.4	16.2	<0.01	0.09	0.29	< 0.005	0.0203	1.6	6	<0.001	<0.001	0.039
10/17/22	20:00	24C	CC AS 26	6.71	7.44	308	3.41	0.03	0.18	0.34	< 0.005	0.0061	1.4	3	<0.001	<0.001	0.051

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Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Barium, Total	Beryllium dissolved	Beryllium Total	Cadmium, Dissolved	Cadmium, Total	Chromium, Dissolved	Chromium, Total	Copper, Dissolved	Copper, Total	Iron, Dissolved	Iron, Total	Lead, Dissolved	Lead, Total	Manganese, Dissolved
Method				**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**
Reporting Limit Goal				**0.00010**	**0.00005**	**0.00005**	**0.00010**	**0.00010**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.00025**	**0.00025**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.00020**	**0.00020**	**0.00025**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**3**	**3**	**5**	**5**	**5**
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
07/18/22	9:20	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.033	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	<0.0015	<0.0015	0.0024	0.0053	0.039	0.28	0.0003	0.0022	0.015
07/18/22	9:20	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.028	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.0003	0.0005	<0.0015	<0.0015	0.0058	0.0093	0.023	0.129	0.0001	0.0009	0.029
07/18/22	23:15	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.034	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.0001	0.0002	<0.0015	<0.0015	0.0023	0.0048	0.025	0.183	0.0002	0.0015	0.006
07/19/22	1:30	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.033	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.0001	0.0003	<0.0015	<0.0015	0.0024	0.0047	0.02	0.167	0.0002	0.0013	0.021
07/19/22	10:20	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.033	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	0.0002	<0.0015	<0.0015	0.0025	0.0063	0.025	0.344	0.0002	0.0024	0.0048
08/15/22	0:00	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.04	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.001	0.0013	0.018	0.2	<0.0005	0.0016	<0.002
08/15/22	8:30	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.089	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.00074	<0.0009	0.0088	0.003	0.05	0.012	9.6	<0.0005	0.27	<0.002
08/15/22	8:30	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.27	<0.0003	0.00077	<0.0005	0.0041	<0.0009	0.026	0.0067	0.19	<0.01	30	<0.0005	0.34	0.0021
08/15/22	19:30	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.1	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.0012	<0.0009	0.0092	0.0038	0.072	<0.01	11	<0.0005	0.26	<0.002
08/15/22	22:30	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.074	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.00076	<0.0009	0.0055	0.0039	0.047	<0.01	7.1	<0.0005	0.19	<0.002
08/16/22	8:55	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.058	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	0.0016	0.0032	0.021	<0.01	3.1	<0.0005	0.096	<0.002
09/19/22	0:30	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.046	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0011	0.0013	0.053	0.14	0.00053	0.0015	0.017
09/19/22	10:15	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.038	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0027	0.004	0.036	0.22	<0.0005	0.0021	0.025
09/19/22	10:15	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.031	<0.0003	<0.0003	0.0014	0.0014	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.01	0.013	0.024	0.12	0.00055	0.0013	0.13
09/19/22	20:35	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.039	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0026	0.0044	<0.01	0.26	<0.0005	0.0028	0.0066
09/19/22	23:40	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.038	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0028	0.0037	0.11	0.11	<0.0005	0.0013	0.018
09/20/22	11:10	**G**	**CC AS T11**	0.043	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0023	0.0049	0.011	0.31	<0.0005	0.0026	0.015
10/17/22	20:00	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.05	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0012	0.0015	0.1	0.18	0.0011	0.0019	0.046

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Method				**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**
Reporting Limit Goal				**0.00025**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.00032**	**0.00032**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.00001**	**0.00001**	**0.00200**	**0.00200**	**0.00003**	**0.00003**	**0.0025**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**4**
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Manganese, Total**	**Molybdenum, Dissolved**	**Molybdenum, Total**	**Nickel, Dissolved**	**Nickel, Total**	**Selenium, Dissolved**	**Selenium, Total**	**Silver, Dissolved**	**Silver Total**	**Strontium, Dissolved ICAP**	**Strontium, Total ICAP**	**Vanadium, Dissolved**	**Vanadium, Total**	**Zinc, Dissolved**
07/18/22	9:20	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.088	0.0025	0.0026	<0.0009	0.0009	<0.0008	<0.0008	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.12	0.128	<0.001	0.002	0.038
07/18/22	9:20	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.068	0.0014	0.0015	0.0015	0.0018	<0.0008	<0.0008	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.196	0.2	<0.001	0.002	0.08
07/18/22	23:15	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.056	0.0025	0.0027	0.0009	<0.0009	0.0008	<0.0008	0.0005	<0.0005	0.125	0.134	<0.001	0.002	0.028
07/19/22	1:30	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.057	0.0025	0.0025	<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0008	<0.0008	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.128	0.131	<0.001	0.002	0.033
07/19/22	10:20	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.069	0.0026	0.0027	<0.0009	<0.0009	<0.0008	<0.0008	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.133	0.139	<0.001	0.003	0.013
08/15/22	0:00	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.055	0.0042	0.004	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.16	0.16	<0.002	<0.002	0.028
08/15/22	8:30	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.28	0.0026	0.0034	<0.001	0.0069	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	0.0026	0.12	0.13	<0.002	0.01	0.02
08/15/22	8:30	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	1.3	<0.002	0.0025	0.0017	0.029	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	0.0031	0.26	0.27	<0.002	0.036	0.083
08/15/22	19:30	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.42	0.0024	0.0032	<0.001	0.0085	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	0.0026	0.13	0.14	<0.002	0.012	0.027
08/15/22	22:30	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.24	0.0024	0.003	<0.001	0.0058	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	0.0019	0.13	0.14	<0.002	0.0072	0.038
08/16/22	8:55	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.14	0.0026	0.0027	<0.001	0.0022	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	0.00085	0.15	0.15	<0.002	0.0037	0.015
09/19/22	0:30	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.045	0.004	0.0038	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.17	0.16	<0.002	<0.002	0.049
09/19/22	10:15	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.065	0.0025	0.0024	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.14	0.14	<0.002	<0.002	0.057
09/19/22	10:15	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.13	<0.002	<0.002	0.0032	0.0032	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.26	0.26	<0.002	<0.002	0.24
09/19/22	20:35	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.045	0.0025	0.0024	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.15	0.14	<0.002	<0.002	0.038
09/19/22	23:40	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.037	0.0025	0.0024	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.15	0.15	<0.002	<0.002	0.037
09/20/22	11:10	**G**	**CC AS T11**	0.045	0.0025	0.0026	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.16	0.17	<0.002	<0.002	0.016
10/17/22	20:00	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.073	0.0041	0.0042	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.19	0.19	<0.002	<0.002	0.064

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Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Zinc, Total	Chloride	Gross Alpha	Gross Alpha, Uncertainty	Gross Beta	Gross Beta, Uncertainty	Notes	Conclusion	Field Notes	Lab Notes
Method				**EPA200.8**	**EPA 300.0**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**				
Reporting Limit Goal				**0.0025**	**10**	**variable**	**variable**	**variable**	**variable**				
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**				
Max decimals				**4**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**				
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**				
07/18/22	9:20	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.077	14					Start time 10:20 on 7/17/22; end time 9:20 on 7/18/22			
07/18/22	9:20	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.107	45					Start time 10:20 on 7/17/22; end time 9:20 on 7/18/22			
07/18/22	23:15	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.059	17					Start time 00:15 on 7/18/22; end time 23:15 on 7/18/22			
07/19/22	1:30	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.059	17					Start time 02:30 on 7/18/22; end time 1:30 on 7/19/22			
07/19/22	10:20	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.049	20					Start time 11:20 on 7/18/22; end time 10:20 on 7/19/22			
08/15/22	0:00	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.05	19					Start time 1:00am on 8/14/22; end time Midnight on 8/15/22			COCs have incorrect sample end time (01:00)
08/15/22	8:30	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.21	15					Start time 09:30 on 8/14/22; end time 08:30 on 8/15/22		Storm during sampling period. Bottles 3+4 very turbid.	COCs have incorrect sample end time (09:30)
08/15/22	8:30	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.73	67					Start time 09:30 on 8/14/22; end time 08:30 on 8/15/22		Storm during sampling period. Bottles 5+6 very turbid.	COCs have incorrect sample end time (09:30)
08/15/22	19:30	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.3	22					Start time 20:30 on 8/14/22; end time 19:30 on 8/15/22		Storm during sampling period. High turbidities.	
08/15/22	22:30	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.19	20					Start time 23:30 on 8/14/22; end time 22:30 on 8/15/22		Storm during sampling period. High turbidities.	
08/16/22	8:55	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.1	21					Start time 09:55 on 8/15/22; end time 08:55 on 8/16/22		Storm during sampling period. High turbidities.	
09/19/22	0:30	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.05	22					Start time 1:30am on9/18/22; end time 0:30am on 9/19/22			
09/19/22	10:15	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.067	19					Start time 11:15 on 9/18/22; end time 10:15 on 9/19/22			
09/19/22	10:15	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.25	71					Start time 11:15 on 9/18/22; end time 10:15 on 9/19/22			
09/19/22	20:35	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.061	25					Start time 21:35 on 9/18/22; end time 20:35 on 9/19/22			
09/19/22	23:40	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.051	24					Start time 00:40 on 9/19/22; end time 23:40 on 9/19/22			
09/20/22	11:10	**G**	**CC AS T11**	0.04	25					Sampler was full from a storm event that was not retrieved. Took grab sample at 11:10 9/20/22.			
10/17/22	20:00	**24C**	**CC AS 26**	0.069	25					Start time 21:00 on 10/15/22; end time 20:00 on 10/17/22			

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Method				SM2550B	SM4500H+B	SM2510B	SM2130B	SM4500NH3H	SM4500NO3I	SM4500NO3I	SM4500PE	SM4500PE	SM5310B	SM2540D	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				1.0	1.0	10	1.0	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.0025	0.0025	0.5	1	0.00015	0.00015	0.00010
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	0	1	2	2	2	4	4	1	0	5	5	5
Reporting Units				°C	s.u.	µS/cm	NTU	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Temp	pH	Conductivity, Specific	Turbidity	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)	Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite	Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen	Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)	Phosphorus, Total	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	Arsenic, Dissolved	Arsenic, Total	Barium, Dissolved
10/17/22	7:03	24C	CC AS 49	9.58	7.8	250	4.1	<0.01	0.09	0.24	< 0.005	0.0083	1.6	<1	<0.001	<0.001	0.039
10/17/22	7:03	24C	CC AS 50	7.75	7.71	574.9	2.05	0.01	0.91	1.1	< 0.005	0.0071	2	1	<0.001	<0.001	0.033
10/17/22	20:07	24C	CC AS 59	10.1	7.74	282.5	2.1	0.01	0.09	0.25	< 0.005	0.0088	1.8	1	<0.001	<0.001	0.041
10/18/22	0:01	24C	CC AS T2	15	7.72	286.5	2.2	<0.01	0.08	0.26	< 0.005	0.0105	4.9	5	<0.001	<0.001	0.041
10/18/22	9:37	24C	CC AS T11	13.1	7.76	292.6	3.6	<0.01	0.06	0.23	< 0.005	0.0135	1.8	5	<0.001	<0.001	0.044

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Method				**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**
Reporting Limit Goal				**0.00010**	**0.00005**	**0.00005**	**0.00010**	**0.00010**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.00025**	**0.00025**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.00020**	**0.00020**	**0.00025**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**3**	**3**	**5**	**5**	**5**
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Barium, Total**	**Beryllium dissolved**	**Beryllium Total**	**Cadmium, Dissolved**	**Cadmium, Total**	**Chromium, Dissolved**	**Chromium, Total**	**Copper, Dissolved**	**Copper, Total**	**Iron, Dissolved**	**Iron, Total**	**Lead, Dissolved**	**Lead, Total**	**Manganese, Dissolved**
10/17/22	7:03	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.039	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0024	0.004	0.011	0.12	<0.0005	0.00097	0.05
10/17/22	7:03	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.032	<0.0003	<0.0003	0.001	0.001	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0092	0.01	0.051	0.097	0.00054	0.00091	0.076
10/17/22	20:07	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.041	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0005	0.0031	0.004	0.079	0.17	0.00066	0.0014	0.03
10/18/22	0:01	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.042	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0024	0.0037	<0.01	0.12	<0.0005	0.0011	0.018
10/18/22	9:37	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.045	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009	0.0033	0.0042	0.11	0.25	0.0013	0.0018	0.031

Ambient Autosamplers

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
Reporting Limit Goal				0.00025	0.00050	0.00050	0.00032	0.00032	0.00050	0.00050	0.00001	0.00001	0.00200	0.00200	0.00003	0.00003	0.0025
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Manganese, Total	Molybdenum, Dissolved	Molybdenum, Total	Nickel, Dissolved	Nickel, Total	Selenium, Dissolved	Selenium, Total	Silver, Dissolved	Silver Total	Strontium, Dissolved ICAP	Strontium, Total ICAP	Vanadium, Dissolved	Vanadium, Total	Zinc, Dissolved
10/17/22	7:03	24C	CC AS 49	0.069	0.0027	0.0026	0.0012	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.17	0.16	<0.002	<0.002	0.071
10/17/22	7:03	24C	CC AS 50	0.078	<0.002	<0.002	0.0033	0.003	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.32	0.31	<0.002	<0.002	0.24
10/17/22	20:07	24C	CC AS 59	0.042	0.0024	0.0025	0.0012	0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.18	0.17	<0.002	<0.002	0.075
10/18/22	0:01	24C	CC AS T2	0.034	0.0025	0.0026	0.0011	0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.18	0.18	<0.002	<0.002	0.063
10/18/22	9:37	24C	CC AS T11	0.039	0.0025	0.0025	0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.19	0.18	<0.002	<0.002	0.042

Ambient Autosamplers

Method				**EPA200.8**	**EPA 300.0**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**				
Reporting Limit Goal				**0.0025**	**10**	**variable**	**variable**	**variable**	**variable**				
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**				
Max decimals				**4**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**				
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**				
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Zinc, Total**	**Chloride**	**Gross Alpha**	**Gross Alpha, Uncertainty**	**Gross Beta**	**Gross Beta, Uncertainty**	**Notes**	**Conclusion**	**Field Notes**	**Lab Notes**
10/17/22	7:03	**24C**	**CC AS 49**	0.084	21					Start time 8:03 on 10/16/22; end time 7:03 on 10/17/22			
10/17/22	7:03	**24C**	**CC AS 50**	0.24	75					Start time 8:03 on 10/16/22; end time 7:03 on 10/17/22			
10/17/22	20:07	**24C**	**CC AS 59**	0.08	28					Start time 21:07 on 10/16/2022; end time 20:07 on 10/17/2022			
10/18/22	0:01	**24C**	**CC AS T2**	0.073	28					Start time 1:01on 10/17/22; end time 0:01 on 10/18/22			
10/18/22	9:37	**24C**	**CC AS T11**	0.049	28					Start time 10:37 on 10/17/22; end time 9:37 on 10/18/22			

Event Autosamplers

Method				SM2550B	SM4500H+B	SM2510B	SM2130B	SM4500NH3H	SM4500NO3I	SM4500NO3I	SM4500PE	SM4500PE	SM4500NH3H	EPA 300.0	SM4500NorgB	Calc
DL				1.0	1.0	10	1.0	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.0025	0.0025	0.05	0.02	0.01	0.10
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				1	1	0	1	2	2	2	4	4	2	2	2	2
Reporting Units				°C	s.u.	µS/cm	NTU	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Temp	pH	Conductivity, Specific	Turbidity	Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)	Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite	Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen	Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)	Phosphorus, Total	Nitrogen, Ammonia	Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite	Nitrogen, Total Kjeldahl	Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen
04/04/22	6:15	**CE**	**CC AS T2**	10.6	7.8	556	7.9	<0.01	0.06	0.28	< 0.005	0.031				
04/04/22	8:45	**CE**	**CC AS T11**	12	7.9	517	2.9	<0.01	0.04	0.34	< 0.005	0.0155				
05/12/22	10:00	**G**	**T-27**	15.1	7.54	425.4	20.4	<0.01	0.08	0.43	< 0.005	0.0687				
05/21/22	2:34	**CE**	**CC AS T11**	13	7.7	224	124	0.02	0.21	1.08	0.0066	0.135				
06/02/22	8:45	**G**	**T-4**	11.87	7.78	719.51	5.76	0.01	0.01	0.48	0.0111	0.0524				
06/08/22	10:45	**CE**	**T-4**	19.18	6.67	231.8	30.54	0.01	0.11	0.48	0.0064	0.0413				
06/08/22	11:15	**G**	**T-11**	14.09	7.03	221.4	26.76	0.01	0.1	0.46	0.0052	0.0363				
08/15/22	6:30	**CE**	**T-2**	19.85	7.68	245.1	231.9	<0.01	0.14	0.78	0.0051	0.171				
08/16/22	4:31	**CE**	**T-11**	19.6	7.56	251.2	129	0.01	0.25	0.61	0.0176	0.147				
08/16/22	23:46	**CE**	**T-11**	19.92	7.6	200.1	147.6	<0.01	0.2	0.86	0.0136	0.193				
10/5/2022	10:03	**CE**	**T-11**	19	7.89	286	162	0.02	0.18	0.61		0.082				
11/3/2022	20:00	**CE**	**T-3**	5.55	7.23	349.3	3.17	0.01	0.24	0.36	< 0.005	0.0168				
11/4/2022	9:00	**CE**	**T-4**	4.52	7.5	443.9	7.11	<0.01	0.06	0.24	0.0106	0.0361				
11/4/2022	11:29	**G**	**T-22D**	7.53	7.49	127.1	2.36	<0.01	0.08	0.21	NT	NT				

Event Autosamplers

Method				SM4500PE	SM4500PE	SM5310B	SM2540D	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
DL				0.01	0.01	0.5	1	0.00015	0.00015	0.00010	0.00010	0.00010	0.00010	0.00010	0.00010	0.00050	0.00050
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				2	2	1	0	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Phosphorous, Dissolved (SRP)	Phosphorous, Total	Carbon, Total Organic	Solids, Total Suspended	Arsenic, Dissolved	Arsenic, Total	Barium, Dissolved	Barium, Total	Beryllium, Dissolved	Beryllium, Total	Cadmium, Dissolved	Cadmium, Total	Chromium, Dissolved	Chromium, Total
04/04/22	6:15	CE	CC AS T2			11.8	7	<0.001	<0.001	0.066	0.069	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
04/04/22	8:45	CE	CC AS T11			2.7	17	<0.001	<0.001	0.059	0.068	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.00056	<0.0009	<0.0009
05/12/22	10:00	G	T-27			4.5	43	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/21/22	2:34	CE	CC AS T11			4.2	386	NT	0.0028	NT	0.089	NT	0.00034	NT	0.0024	NT	0.0045
06/02/22	8:45	G	T-4			6.7	14										
06/08/22	10:45	CE	T-4			4.2	42										
06/08/22	11:15	G	T-11			4.3	67										
08/15/22	6:30	CE	T-2				88										
08/16/22	4:31	CE	T-11				63	<0.001	0.017	0.039	0.09	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	0.00063	<0.0009	0.0057
08/16/22	23:46	CE	T-11				101	<0.001	0.0065	0.033	0.12	<0.0003	0.00044	<0.0005	0.0022	<0.0009	0.011
10/5/2022	10:03	CE	T-11			1.8	146	<0.001	0.0031	0.047	0.14	<0.0003	0.0005	<0.0005	0.00072	<0.0009	0.0082
11/3/2022	20:00	CE	T-3			1.5	11	<0.001	<0.001	0.048	0.053	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
11/4/2022	9:00	CE	T-4			2.8	17	<0.001	0.0014	0.048	0.054	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009
11/4/2022	11:29	G	T-22D			3.1	4	<0.001	<0.001	0.018	0.02	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0005	<0.0005	<0.0009	<0.0009

Event Autosamplers

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
DL				0.00025	0.00025	0.01	0.01	0.00020	0.00020	0.00025	0.00025	0.00050	0.00050	0.00050	0.00050	0.00050	0.00050
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				5	5	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Copper, Dissolved	Copper, Total	Iron, Dissolved	Iron, Total	Lead, Dissolved	Lead, Total	Manganese, Dissolved	Manganese, Total	Molybdenum, Dissolved	Molybdenum, Total	Nickel, Dissolved	Nickel, Total	Selenium, Dissolved	Selenium, Total
04/04/22	6:15	CE	CC AS T2	0.0038	0.0059	<0.02	0.16	<0.0005	0.00089	0.021	0.057	0.0032	0.0028	0.0012	0.0014	<0.002	<0.002
04/04/22	8:45	CE	CC AS T11	0.0036	0.0073	<0.02	0.67	<0.0005	0.0026	<0.002	0.14	0.0036	0.0034	0.0017	0.0028	<0.002	<0.002
05/12/22	10:00	G	T-27	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/21/22	2:34	CE	CC AS T11	NT	0.039	NT	0.0058	NT	0.028	NT	0.69	NT	0.0031	NT	0.0072	NT	<0.002
06/02/22	8:45	G	T-4	[redacted]													
06/08/22	10:45	CE	T-4	[redacted]													
06/08/22	11:15	G	T-11	[redacted]													
08/15/22	6:30	CE	T-2	[redacted]													
08/16/22	4:31	CE	T-11	0.0035	0.049	<0.01	7.7	<0.0005	0.29	0.01	0.23	0.0022	0.0029	0.0012	0.005	<0.002	<0.002
08/16/22	23:46	CE	T-11	0.0037	0.06	0.014	11	<0.0005	0.098	<0.002	0.74	0.0025	0.0031	<0.001	0.01	<0.002	<0.002
10/5/2022	10:03	CE	T-11	0.0031	0.021	0.026	9	<0.0005	0.019	0.015	0.23	0.0028	0.0024	<0.001	0.0071	<0.002	<0.002
11/3/2022	20:00	CE	T-3	0.0023	0.0078	<0.01	0.5	<0.0005	0.0051	0.097	0.16	0.003	0.0031	0.0012	0.0018	<0.002	<0.002
11/4/2022	9:00	CE	T-4	0.0024	0.0059	0.019	0.42	<0.0005	0.004	0.03	0.062	0.0031	0.0033	0.0012	0.0015	<0.002	<0.002
11/4/2022	11:29	G	T-22D	<0.001	<0.001	0.047	0.16	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.021	0.031	<0.002	<0.002	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002

Event Autosamplers

Method				EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	SM9221D	SM7110B	SM7110B	SM7110B	SM7110B	EPA 300.0
DL										0.0025	0.0025	1	variable	variable	variable	variable	10
Max Sig figs										3	3	3	2	2	2	2	3
Max decimals										4	4	0	1	1	1	1	0
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	cfu/100mL	pCi/L	pCi/L	pCi/L	pCi/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	Silver, Dissolved	Silver, Total	Strontium, Dissolved	Strontium, Total	Vanadium, Dissolved	Vanadium, Total	Zinc, Dissolved	Zinc, Total	E. coli	Gross Alpha	Gross Alpha, Uncertainty	Gross Beta	Gross Beta, Uncertainty	Chloride
04/04/22	6:15	CE	CC AS T2	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.28	0.28	<0.002	<0.002	0.064	0.079		3.1	2.3	3.1	2.4	66
04/04/22	8:45	CE	CC AS T11	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.31	0.32	<0.002	<0.002	0.059	0.11		3.8	2.6	6.2	2.6	72
05/12/22	10:00	G	T-27	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		0.7	1.6	4.4	2.5	60
05/21/22	2:34	CE	CC AS T11	NT	<0.0005	NT	0.13	NT	0.01	NT	0.42		11.8	4.8	13.3	3.4	25
06/02/22	8:45	G	T-4														
06/08/22	10:45	CE	T-4														
06/08/22	11:15	G	T-11														
08/15/22	6:30	CE	T-2														
08/16/22	4:31	CE	T-11	<0.0005	0.0027	0.15	0.16	<0.002	0.0075	0.021	0.2		6.9	2.8	8.3	2.7	22
08/16/22	23:46	CE	T-11	<0.0005	0.001	0.12	0.14	<0.002	0.015	0.026	0.45		10.3	3.9	9.7	2.9	17
10/5/2022	10:03	CE	T-11	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.19	0.22	<0.002	0.018	0.0066	0.14		9.9	4	7.8	2.8	24
11/3/2022	20:00	CE	T-3	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.21	0.22	<0.002	<0.002	0.067	0.13		1.9	1.8	3.7	2.4	35
11/4/2022	9:00	CE	T-4	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.28	0.28	<0.002	<0.002	0.031	0.059		1.7	1.8	5.5	2.5	39
11/4/2022	11:29	G	T-22D	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.068	0.07	<0.002	<0.002	<0.005	<0.005		1	1.1	<2.8	2	8

Event Autosamplers

Method							
DL							
Max Sig figs							
Max decimals							
Reporting Units							
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Notes**	**Conclusion**	**Field Notes**	**Lab Notes**
04/04/22	6:15	**CE**	**CC AS T2**	FHL First Flush. Bottles 1-12. Start time 0715 on 04/03/22; end time 0615 on 04/04/22.		Time of travel not reflected in samples collected. Foam and organic odor noted in bottles 1-12. Further investigation contamination likely carryover from 2021 in sample line.	
04/04/22	8:45	**CE**	**CC AS T11**	FHL First Flush. Bottles 1-12. Start time 0945 on 04/03/22; end time 0845 on 04/04/22.		Time of travel not reflected in samples collected.	
05/12/22	10:00	**G**	**T-27**	Church First Flush. Grab Sample			
05/21/22	2:34	**CE**	**CC AS T11**	Bottles 1-24. Start time 2049 on 05/20/22; end time 0234 on 05/21/22.		Full event 05/20/22 2049 to 5/21/22 0905 (autosampler was full by 5/21/22 0234)	
06/02/22	8:45	**G**	**T-4**	Croke First Flush. Grab Sample			
06/08/22	10:45	**CE**	**T-4**	Croke First Flush - Free River. Bottles 1-12. Start time 11:45 on 06/06/22; end time 10:45 on 06/08/22. Ditch Running 180-200 CFS.			
06/08/22	11:15	**G**	**T-11**	Free River - Grab Sample - Ditch running 180-200 CFS.			
08/15/22	6:30	**CE**	**T-2**	Bottles 1-4 from 24-hour Ambient. Composite of hourly grabs from 23:30 8/14/22 to 06:30 8/15/22. Not enough sample volume for all parameters. Metals and Rads not collected. Field measurements are averaged sonde data over the collection period.			
08/16/22	4:31	**CE**	**T-11**	Event During Ambient. Program took full storm samples during the ambient period. Bottles 10-19 were storm samples.			
08/16/22	23:46	**CE**	**T-11**	Storm Event.			
10/5/2022	10:03	**CE**	**T-11**	Storm Event. Bottles 1-6 Start time: 8:48; end time 10:03			
11/3/2022	20:00	**CE**	**T-3**	First Flush. Bottles 1-12 Start time:11/2 21:00, End time 11/3 20:00			
11/4/2022	9:00	**CE**	**T-4**	First Flush. Bottles 1-12 Start time:11/3 10:00, End time 11/4 09:00			
11/4/2022	11:29	**G**	**T-22D**	First Flush Grab @ 11:29			

STANDLEY LAKE																
Method				**electrode**	**SM2510B**	**electrode**	**SM4500OG**	**SM4500H+B**	**SM2550B**	**SM2130B**	**Secchi Disk**	**SM4500NH3H**	**SM4500NO3I**	**SM4500NO3I**	**FlowCAM**	**SM10200H**
DL				**1.0**	**10**	**1**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**0.1**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.02**	**1**	**1.0**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**4**	**3**
Max decimals				**1**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**0**	**1**
Reporting Units				**µg/L**	**µS/cm**	**mv**	**mg/L**	**s.u.**	**°C**	**NTU**	**m**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**ct/mL**	**µg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Chlorophyll a, Field**	**Conductivity, Specific**	**ORP Oxidation Reduction Potential**	**Oxygen, Dissolved**	**pH**	**Temp**	**Turbidity**	**Secchi Depth**	**Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)**	**Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite**	**Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen**	**Algae**	**Chlorophyll a, Lab (Methanol)**
03/14/22		G	SL 10-00	1.2	383	361	11.1	7.9	3.4	1.2	7.4					
03/14/22	12:10	C	SL 10-PZ									0.03	0.03	0.24	48	1.4
03/14/22	12:25	G	SL 10-70	2.2	383	351	10.9	7.9	3.3	1.2		0.03	0.03	0.25		
03/28/22		G	SL 10-00	0.4	386	321	10.9	7.8	6.1	1.3	5.4					
03/28/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03	0.3	386	323	10.9	7.8	5.9	1.5		0.02	0.03	0.23		
03/28/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ									0.03	0.03	0.34	47	1.4
03/28/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	2.2	385	336	10.8	7.8	5.2	1.9		0.03	0.03	0.25		
04/11/22		G	SL 10-00	0.2	391	337	10	7.9	8	1.7	3					
04/11/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03	0.6	391	338	10	7.9	7.9	1.8		0.02	0.02	0.24		
04/11/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ									0.02	0.02	0.24	54	2.7
04/11/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70	1.8	392	351	9.9	7.8	7.6	3.4		0.02	0.02	0.25		
04/25/22		G	SL 10-00	1.1	396	275	9.4	8	10	1.9	3.1					
04/25/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03	0.9	396	279	9.4	8	10	2		0.02	0.05	0.25		
04/25/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ									0.02	0.02	0.27	63	2.7
04/25/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	2.8	397	316	8.9	7.8	9.2	8.2		0.02	0.03	0.24		
05/09/22		G	SL 10-00	0.2	400	286	9	8.1	12.7	0.8	4.7					
05/09/22	11:00	G	SL 10-03	0.3	400	289	9	8.1	12.7	0.9		0.02	0.01	0.21		
05/09/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ									0.02	<0.01	0.25	91	2.9
05/09/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	1.6	400	347	7.4	7.4	10.3	4.4		0.07	0.01	0.3		
05/24/22		G	SL 10-00	1.6	396	269	8.6	8.2	14.5	1.2	4.1					
05/24/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03	1.6	396	271	8.6	8.2	14.5	1.3		<0.01	<0.01	0.19		
05/24/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ									0.01	<0.01	0.22	103	3.5
05/24/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	1.1	403	330	5.8	7.4	10.6	6.2		0.13	0.03	0.36		
06/13/22		G	SL 10-00	0.7	353	287	7.9	8.2	20.8	0.7	4.7					
06/13/22	11:30	G	SL 10-03	1	353	285	7.9	8.2	20.8	0.8		<0.01	<0.01	0.19		
06/13/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ									0.01	<0.01	0.23	100	4.3
06/13/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	1	398	393	3.1	6.6	11.2	3.4		0.01	0.17	0.39		
06/27/22		G	SL 10-00	1.8	329	304	8.2	8.4	20	0.8	4.9					
06/27/22	10:45	G	SL 10-03	1.8	328	302	8.3	8.4	19.8	0.9		<0.01	<0.01	0.18		
06/27/22	10:30	C	SL 10-PZ									0.01	<0.01	0.25	93	4.1
06/27/22	10:50	G	SL 10-70	0.4	388	386	2.9	7	12	5.1		0.02	0.21	0.38		
07/11/22		G	SL 10-00	1.5	320	297	8.1	8.7	22.2	1	4.3					
07/11/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03	1.4	321	297	8.1	8.7	22.2	0.9		0.01	<0.01	0.29		
07/11/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ									0.01	<0.01	0.3	114	3.7
07/11/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.8	381	362	2.2	6.9	12.8	7.3		0.02	0.15	0.4		
07/25/22		G	SL 10-00	1.7	315	227	7.4	8.6	23.2	0.5	6.7					
07/25/22	11:45	G	SL 10-03	1.6	315	228	7.4	8.6	23.1	0.5		0.02	<0.01	0.27		
07/25/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ									0.02	<0.01	0.26	99	2.5
07/25/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	1.2	384	313	0.9	6.9	13	7.9		0.03	0.16	0.42		
08/03/22		G	SL 10-00	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT					
08/03/22		G	SL 10-03	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT		
08/03/22		C	SL 10-PZ									NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/03/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.5	383	359	0.8	6.9	13.2	8.4		0.08	0.13	0.4		
08/08/22		G	SL 10-00	0.6	316	287	7.2	8.5	24	0.1	6.2					
08/08/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03	0.9	316	285	7.3	8.5	23.8	0.2		0.01	<0.01	0.18		
08/08/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ									0.02	<0.01	0.19	65	2.5
08/08/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	0.1	384	394	0.4	6.7	13.2	3.9		0.09	0.11	0.37		
08/17/22		G	SL 10-00													
08/17/22		G	SL 10-03									NT	NT	NT		
08/17/22		C	SL 10-PZ									NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/17/22	10:40	G	SL 10-70	0.3	382	324	0.4	6.8	13.5	2.6		0.1	0.08	0.32		
08/22/22		G	SL 10-00		312	237	7.1	8.4	22.9	0.9	7					
08/22/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03	NT	312	240	7.1	8.4	22.8	0.7		0.01	<0.01	0.17		
08/22/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ									0.01	0.01	0.19	33	3.3
08/22/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	NT	386	29	0.8	6.9	13.3	2.4		0.2	0.03	0.41		

STANDLEY LAKE																		
Method				SM5910B	SM7110B	SM7110B	SM7110B	SM7110B	SM4500PE	SM4500PE	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA524.2	EPA524.2
DL				0.001	variable	variable	variable	variable	0.0025	0.0025	0.00015	0.00015	0.00010	0.00010	0.00015	0.00015	0.0005	0.0005
Max Sig figs				3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				3	1	1	1	1	4	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4
Reporting Units				10 cm^{-1}	pCi/L	pCi/L	pCi/L	pCi/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	UV 254	Gross Alpha	Gross Alpha, Uncertainty	Gross Beta	Gross Beta, Uncertainty	Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)	Phosphorus, Total	Arsenic, Dissolved	Arsenic, Total	Barium, Dissolved	Barium, Total	Beryllium, Dissolved	Beryllium, Total	BTEX, Benzene	BTEX, Ethylbenzene
03/14/22		G	SL 10-00		1.7	1.8	<2.7	2.2										
03/14/22	12:10	C	SL 10-PZ	0.313	1.9	1.7	<2.7	2.3	< 0.005	0.0113	<0.001	<0.001	0.052	0.052	<0.0003	<0.0003		
03/14/22	12:25	G	SL 10-70	0.31	1.5	1.5	<2.9	2.2	< 0.005	0.0062	<0.001	<0.001	0.052	0.054	<0.0003	<0.0003		
03/28/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
03/28/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0061								
03/28/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	0.31	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.05	0.0115	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
03/28/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	0.303	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0074	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
04/11/22		G	SL 10-00															
04/11/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0092								
04/11/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	0.307					< 0.005	0.0108								
04/11/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70	0.297					< 0.005	0.0129								
04/25/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
04/25/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.01								
04/25/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	0.298	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0103	<0.001	<0.001	NT	NT	NT	NT		
04/25/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	0.295	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0123	<0.001	<0.001	NT	NT	NT	NT		
05/09/22		G	SL 10-00															
05/09/22	11:00	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0072								
05/09/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	0.297					< 0.005	0.0102								
05/09/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	0.293					< 0.005	0.0154								
05/24/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
05/24/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0095								
05/24/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	0.329	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0115	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
05/24/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	0.295	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.015	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
06/13/22		G	SL 10-00		1.9	1.7	3.9	2.3										
06/13/22	11:30	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0105								
06/13/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	0.47	2	1.7	2.9	2.3	< 0.005	0.0118	<0.001	<0.001	0.043	0.047	<0.0003	<0.0003		
06/13/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	0.326	1.4	1.6	<2.9	2.3	< 0.005	0.0112	<0.001	<0.001	0.055	0.054	<0.0003	<0.0003		
06/27/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
06/27/22	10:45	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0074								
06/27/22	10:30	C	SL 10-PZ	0.472	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0111	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
06/27/22	10:50	G	SL 10-70	0.33	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0148	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
07/11/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
07/11/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0071								
07/11/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	0.456	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0129	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
07/11/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.334	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0143	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
07/25/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
07/25/22	11:45	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0062								
07/25/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	0.419	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0186	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
07/25/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	0.338	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0139	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/03/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
08/03/22		G	SL 10-03						NT	NT								
08/03/22		C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/03/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.343	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0164	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/08/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
08/08/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0062								
08/08/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ	0.4	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0071	<0.001	0.001	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/08/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	0.346	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0107	<0.001	<0.001	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/17/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
08/17/22		G	SL 10-03						NT	NT								
08/17/22		C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/17/22	10:40	G	SL 10-70	0.36	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.025	0.0199	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/22/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
08/22/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.007								
08/22/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ	0.392	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.009	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
08/22/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	0.341	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.0413	0.0629	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		

STANDLEY LAKE																		
Method				EPA524.2	EPA524.2	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	SM5310B	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	SM9221D	EPA200.8	EPA200.8	EPA130.2	EPA200.7	EPA200.7	EPA200.8	EPA200.8
DL				0.0005	0.0005	0.00010	0.00010	0.5	0.00050	0.00050	1	0.00025	0.00025	5	0.01	0.01	0.00020	0.00020
Max Sig figs				3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Max decimals				4	4	5	5	1	5	5	0	5	5	0	3	3	5	5
Reporting Units				mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	cfu/100mL	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L as CaCO3	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L	mg/L
Sample Date	Sample Time	Sample Type	Location ID	BTEX, Toluene	BTEX, Xylenes	Cadmium, Dissolved	Cadmium, Total	Carbon, Total Organic	Chromium, Dissolved	Chromium, Total	E. coli	Copper, Dissolved	Copper, Total	Hardness, Total	Iron, Dissolved	Iron, Total	Lead, Dissolved	Lead, Total
03/14/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
03/14/22	12:10	C	SL 10-PZ			<0.0005	<0.0005	2.2	<0.0009	<0.0009		0.0012	0.0015	132	<0.02	0.035	<0.0005	<0.0005
03/14/22	12:25	G	SL 10-70			<0.0005	<0.0005	2.1	<0.0009	<0.0009	NT	0.0014	0.0015	128	<0.02	0.035	<0.0005	<0.0005
03/28/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
03/28/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03															
03/28/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
03/28/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/11/22		G	SL 10-00															
04/11/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03					2										
04/11/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ					2										
04/11/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70					2			NT							
04/25/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
04/25/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03															
04/25/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/25/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/09/22		G	SL 10-00															
05/09/22	11:00	G	SL 10-03					2										
05/09/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ					2.1										
05/09/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70					2.1			NT							
05/24/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
05/24/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03															
05/24/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/24/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
06/13/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
06/13/22	11:30	G	SL 10-03															
06/13/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ			<0.0005	<0.0005	2.4	<0.0009	<0.0009		0.017	0.0017	120	<0.01	0.051	<0.0005	<0.0005
06/13/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70			<0.0005	<0.0005	1.9	<0.0009	<0.0009	NT	0.0012	0.0012	128	<0.01	0.14	<0.0005	<0.0005
06/27/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
06/27/22	10:45	G	SL 10-03															
06/27/22	10:30	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
06/27/22	10:50	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/11/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
07/11/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03															
07/11/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	2.5	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/11/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	1.8	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/25/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
07/25/22	11:45	G	SL 10-03															
07/25/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/25/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/03/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
08/03/22		G	SL 10-03															
08/03/22		C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	2.1	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/03/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	1.8	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/08/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
08/08/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03															
08/08/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	2.1	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/08/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	1.8	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/17/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
08/17/22		G	SL 10-03															
08/17/22		C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/17/22	10:40	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/22/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
08/22/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03															
08/22/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/22/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT

STANDLEY LAKE																	
Method				**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA245.1**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**
DL				**0.00025**	**0.00025**	**0.0002**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.005**	**0.005**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**4**	**4**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Manganese, Dissolved**	**Manganese, Total**	**Mercury, Total**	**Molybdenum, Dissolved**	**Molybdenum, Total**	**Nickel, Dissolved**	**Nickel, Total**	**Selenium, Dissolved**	**Selenium, Total**	**Silver, Dissolved**	**Silver, Total**	**Strontium, Dissolved**	**Strontium, Total**	**Vanadium, Dissolved**
03/14/22		G	SL 10-00														
03/14/22	12:10	C	SL 10-PZ	0.02	0.023	<0.0001	0.0025	0.0025	0.0011	0.0013	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.22	0.21	<0.002
03/14/22	12:25	G	SL 10-70	0.02	0.024	<0.0001	0.0025	0.0027	0.001	0.0013	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.21	0.22	<0.002
03/28/22		G	SL 10-00														
03/28/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03														
03/28/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
03/28/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/11/22		G	SL 10-00														
04/11/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03														
04/11/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ														
04/11/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70														
04/25/22		G	SL 10-00														
04/25/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03														
04/25/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
04/25/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/09/22		G	SL 10-00														
05/09/22	11:00	G	SL 10-03														
05/09/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ														
05/09/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70														
05/24/22		G	SL 10-00														
05/24/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03														
05/24/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
05/24/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
06/13/22		G	SL 10-00														
06/13/22	11:30	G	SL 10-03														
06/13/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	0.0079	0.0089	<0.0001	0.002	0.0027	0.0011	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.16	0.19	<0.002
06/13/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	<0.002	0.11	<0.0001	0.0026	0.0026	0.0013	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.22	0.21	<0.002
06/27/22		G	SL 10-00														
06/27/22	10:45	G	SL 10-03														
06/27/22	10:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
06/27/22	10:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/11/22		G	SL 10-00														
07/11/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03														
07/11/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/11/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/25/22		G	SL 10-00														
07/25/22	11:45	G	SL 10-03														
07/25/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
07/25/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/03/22		G	SL 10-00														
08/03/22		G	SL 10-03														
08/03/22		C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/03/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.28	0.42	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/08/22		G	SL 10-00														
08/08/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03														
08/08/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/08/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/17/22		G	SL 10-00														
08/17/22		G	SL 10-03														
08/17/22		C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/17/22	10:40	G	SL 10-70	0.32	0.71	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/22/22		G	SL 10-00														
08/22/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03														
08/22/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
08/22/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT

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Method				**EPA200.8**	**SM2540D**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA 300.0**	**EPA200.8**				
DL				**0.0005**	**1**	**0.0025**	**0.0025**	**0.050**	**0.5**	**0.0**				
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**				
Max decimals				**5**	**0**	**4**	**4**	**2**	**1**	**3**				
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**				
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Vanadium, Total**	**Solids, Total Suspended**	**Zinc, Dissolved**	**Zinc, Total**	**Silicon, Dissolved**	**Chloride**	**Aluminum, Total**	**Notes**	**Conclusion**	**Field Notes**	**Lab Notes**
03/14/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
03/14/22	12:10	C	SL 10-PZ	<0.002	<1	0.012	0.014	1.1		NT				
03/14/22	12:25	G	SL 10-70	<0.002	5	0.013	0.015	1.1	NT	NT				Chloride analyzed by EEA
03/28/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
03/28/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03		4					NT				
03/28/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT				
03/28/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT				Chloride analyzed by EEA
04/11/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
04/11/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03		2					NT				
04/11/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ		2			1.1	45	NT				
04/11/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70		4			1.1	44	NT				Chloride analyzed by EEA
04/25/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
04/25/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03		4					NT				
04/25/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	4	NT	NT	0.77		NT				
04/25/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	5	NT	NT	0.78	50	NT				
05/09/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
05/09/22	11:00	G	SL 10-03		<1					NT				
05/09/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ		<1				51	NT				
05/09/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70		3				50	NT				
05/24/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
05/24/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03		2					NT				
05/24/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.27		NT				
05/24/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	1.4	48	NT				Chloride result from site 10-03
06/13/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
06/13/22	11:30	G	SL 10-03		2					NT				
06/13/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	<0.002	5	<0.005	0.01	1.5		NT				
06/13/22	11:50	G	SL 10-70	<0.002	3	0.0067	0.014	2.7	49	NT				
06/27/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
06/27/22	10:45	G	SL 10-03		5					NT				
06/27/22	10:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT				
06/27/22	10:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	41	NT				Chloride result from site 10-03
07/11/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
07/11/22	11:40	G	SL 10-03		3					NT				
07/11/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	4	NT	NT	0.96		NT				
07/11/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	NT	5	NT	NT	2.7	47	NT				
07/25/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
07/25/22	11:45	G	SL 10-03		2					NT				
07/25/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	1.2		NT				
07/25/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	3.3	37	NT				Chloride result from site 10-03
08/03/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
08/03/22		G	SL 10-03		<1					NT				
08/03/22		C	SL 10-PZ	NT	3	NT	NT	NT		NT				
08/03/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	NT	5	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.23				
08/08/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
08/08/22	11:20	G	SL 10-03		<1					NT				
08/08/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	3	NT	NT	1.3		NT				
08/08/22	11:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	5	NT	NT	3.8	46	NT				
08/17/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
08/17/22		G	SL 10-03		NT					NT				
08/17/22		C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT				
08/17/22	10:40	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.1				
08/22/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
08/22/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03		11					NT				
08/22/22	11:00	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	1.4		NT				
08/22/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	4.4	37	NT				

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Method				**electrode**	**SM2510B**	**electrode**	**SM4500OG**	**SM4500H+B**	**SM2550B**	**SM2130B**	**Secchi Disk**	**SM4500NH3H**	**SM4500NO3I**	**SM4500NO3I**	**FlowCAM**	**SM10200H**
DL				**1.0**	**10**	**1**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**1.0**	**0.1**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.02**	**1**	**1.0**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**4**	**3**
Max decimals				**1**	**0**	**0**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**0**	**1**
Reporting Units				**µg/L**	**µS/cm**	**mv**	**mg/L**	**s.u.**	**°C**	**NTU**	**m**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**ct/mL**	**µg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Chlorophyll a, Field**	**Conductivity, Specific**	**ORP Oxidation Reduction Potential**	**Oxygen, Dissolved**	**pH**	**Temp**	**Turbidity**	**Secchi Depth**	**Nitrogen, Ammonia (Salicylate)**	**Nitrogen, Nitrate+Nitrite**	**Nitrogen, Total Nitrogen**	**Algae**	**Chlorophyll a, Lab (Methanol)**
08/31/22		G	SL 10-00								NT					
08/31/22		G	SL 10-03													
08/31/22		C	SL 10-PZ													
08/31/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	0.9	383	240	0.8	7	13.4	4		NT	NT	NT		
09/12/22		G	SL 10-00	0.7	309	213	6.7	8	21.3	0.8	5.2					
09/12/22	11:05	G	SL 10-03	0.8	309	213	6.7	8	21.3	0.8		0.02	<0.01	0.26		
09/12/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ									0.03	<0.01	0.3	26	1.7
09/12/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	0.4	389	9	0.8	7	13.1	2.4		0.37	<0.01	0.54		
09/21/22		G	SL 10-00								5.2					
09/21/22		G	SL 10-03													
09/21/22		C	SL 10-PZ													
09/21/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	1	388	-75	0.8	7.1	13.2	3.4		0.56	<0.01	0.62		
09/26/22		G	SL 10-00	1.3	312	316	7.2	7.8	19.1	1.3	4.8					
09/26/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03	1.4	312	319	7.2	7.8	19	1.3		0.01	<0.01	0.16		
09/26/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ									0.02	<0.01	0.18	41	2.1
09/26/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70	0.3	385	32	0.5	6.9	13.3	3.5		0.5	<0.01	0.58		
10/04/22	10:00	G	SL 10-70	1	390	-84	0.5	7	13	5.2		0.52	<0.01	0.65		
10/10/22		G	SL 10-00	0.8	316	440	7.1	7.7	17.9	1	5					
10/10/22	11:15	G	SL 10-03	0.9	316	439	7.1	7.7	17.8	1		0.01	<0.01	0.18		
10/10/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ									0.01	<0.01	0.2	45	3.3
10/10/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.8	388	198	0.9	6.8	13.3	2.5		0.5	<0.01	0.6		
10/18/22	9:00	G	SL 10-70	1	387	215	0.9	7	13.4	3.1		0.7	<0.01	0.82		
10/24/22		G	SL 10-00	1.9	320	301	7.6	7.7	14.5	1.9	3.7					
10/24/22	11:35	G	SL 10-03	2.3	320	303	7.7	7.7	14.5	1.9		0.05	0.02	0.48		
10/24/22	11:25	C	SL 10-PZ									0.11	0.02	0.91	88	2.7
10/24/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	3.9	320	313	7.3	7.7	14.3	3.4		0.03	<0.01	0.26		
11/07/22		G	SL 10-00	0.5	322	246	8.5	7.7	11.5	1.5	3.8					
11/07/22	13:40	G	SL 10-03	1.3	322	246	8.5	7.7	11.3	1.7		0.02	<0.01	0.17		
11/07/22	13:30	C	SL 10-PZ									0.02	<0.01	0.24	62	2.7
11/07/22	13:50	G	SL 10-70	1.9	339	257	8.2	7.5	10.6	4.6		0.03	0.02	0.19		
11/28/22		G	SL 10-00	0.8	329	287	9.8	7.9	6.5	1.6	5.2					
11/28/22	11:25	G	SL 10-03	0.8	329	290	9.7	7.9	6.5	1.7		0.02	0.02	0.17		
11/28/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ									0.03	0.02	0.25	37	2.1
11/28/22	11:35	G	SL 10-70	1.9	329	323	9.7	7.9	6.3	1.8		0.03	0.02	0.3		

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Method				**SM5910B**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**	**SM7110B**	**SM4500PE**	**SM4500PE**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA524.2**	**EPA524.2**
DL				**0.001**	**variable**	**variable**	**variable**	**variable**	**0.0025**	**0.0025**	**0.00015**	**0.00015**	**0.00010**	**0.00010**	**0.00015**	**0.00015**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**2**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**3**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**1**	**4**	**4**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**4**	**4**	**4**	**4**
Reporting Units				**$10\ cm^{-1}$**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**	**pCi/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**UV 254**	**Gross Alpha**	**Gross Alpha, Uncertainty**	**Gross Beta**	**Gross Beta, Uncertainty**	**Phosphorus, Dissolved (DRP)**	**Phosphorus, Total**	**Arsenic, Dissolved**	**Arsenic, Total**	**Barium, Dissolved**	**Barium, Total**	**Beryllium, Dissolved**	**Beryllium, Total**	**BTEX, Benzene**	**BTEX, Ethylbenzene**
08/31/22		G	SL 10-00															
08/31/22		G	SL 10-03															
08/31/22		C	SL 10-PZ															
08/31/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	0.423	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.0305	0.231	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
09/12/22		G	SL 10-00		1.4	1.5	<2.7	2.2										
09/12/22	11:05	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0077								
09/12/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	0.371	1	1.3	<2.8	2.3	< 0.005	0.0063	<0.001	<0.001	0.051	0.047	<0.0003	<0.0003		
09/12/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	0.495	0.6	1.2	<2.8	2.3	0.0283	0.231	0.0018	0.0019	0.053	0.057	<0.0003	<0.0003		
09/21/22		G	SL 10-00															
09/21/22		G	SL 10-03															
09/21/22		C	SL 10-PZ															
09/21/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	0.488	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.192	0.228	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
09/26/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
09/26/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0073								
09/26/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	0.358	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0087	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
09/26/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70	0.655	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.134	0.225	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
10/04/22	10:00	G	SL 10-70	0.468	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.0995	0.2	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
10/10/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
10/10/22	11:15	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0071								
10/10/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	0.3	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0084	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
10/10/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.513	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.0547	0.112	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
10/18/22	9:00	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.0886	0.262	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
10/24/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
10/24/22	11:35	G	SL 10-03						<0.005	0.0156								
10/24/22	11:25	C	SL 10-PZ	0.383	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0125	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
10/24/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	0.3	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0142	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
11/07/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
11/07/22	13:40	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0078								
11/07/22	13:30	C	SL 10-PZ	0.3	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0087	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
11/07/22	13:50	G	SL 10-70	0.294	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0142	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		
11/28/22		G	SL 10-00		NT	NT	NT	NT										
11/28/22	11:25	G	SL 10-03						< 0.005	0.0082								
11/28/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	0.278	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0087	<0.001	<0.001	0.048	0.049	<0.0003	<0.0003		
11/28/22	11:35	G	SL 10-70	0.28	NT	NT	NT	NT	< 0.005	0.0068	<0.001	<0.001	0.048	0.05	<0.0003	<0.0003		

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Method				**EPA524.2**	**EPA524.2**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**SM5310B**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**SM9221D**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA130.2**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**
DL				**0.0005**	**0.0005**	**0.00010**	**0.00010**	**0.5**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**1**	**0.00025**	**0.00025**	**5**	**0.01**	**0.01**	**0.00020**	**0.00020**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**4**	**4**	**5**	**5**	**1**	**5**	**5**	**0**	**5**	**5**	**0**	**3**	**3**	**5**	**5**
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**cfu/100mL**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L as CaCO3**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**BTEX, Toluene**	**BTEX, Xylenes**	**Cadmium, Dissolved**	**Cadmium, Total**	**Carbon, Total Organic**	**Chromium, Dissolved**	**Chromium, Total**	**E. coli**	**Copper, Dissolved**	**Copper, Total**	**Hardness, Total**	**Iron, Dissolved**	**Iron, Total**	**Lead, Dissolved**	**Lead, Total**
08/31/22		G	SL 10-00															
08/31/22		G	SL 10-03															
08/31/22		C	SL 10-PZ															
08/31/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
09/12/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
09/12/22	11:05	G	SL 10-03															
09/12/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ			<0.0005	<0.0005	2.1	<0.0009	<0.0009		0.0016	0.0016	100	<0.01	0.049	<0.0005	<0.0005
09/12/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70			<0.0005	<0.0005	2.1	<0.0009	<0.0009	NT	<0.001	0.001	128	0.57	0.85	<0.0005	<0.0005
09/21/22		G	SL 10-00															
09/21/22		G	SL 10-03															
09/21/22		C	SL 10-PZ															
09/21/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
09/26/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
09/26/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03															
09/26/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
09/26/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/04/22	10:00	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/10/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
10/10/22	11:15	G	SL 10-03															
10/10/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	2.2	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/10/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	2.4	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/18/22	9:00	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/24/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
10/24/22	11:35	G	SL 10-03															
10/24/22	11:25	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/24/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
11/07/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
11/07/22	13:40	G	SL 10-03															
11/07/22	13:30	C	SL 10-PZ			NT	NT	2.2	NT	NT		NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
11/07/22	13:50	G	SL 10-70			NT	NT	2.2	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
11/28/22		G	SL 10-00								NT							
11/28/22	11:25	G	SL 10-03															
11/28/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ			<0.0005	<0.0005	NT	<0.0009	<0.0009		0.0011	0.0011	NT	<0.01	0.052	<0.0005	<0.0005
11/28/22	11:35	G	SL 10-70			<0.0005	<0.0005	NT	<0.0009	<0.0009	NT	<0.001	0.0011	NT	<0.01	0.057	<0.0005	<0.0005

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Method				**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA245.1**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**
DL				**0.00025**	**0.00025**	**0.0002**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.005**	**0.005**	**0.00050**	**0.00050**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**	**0.0005**
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**
Max decimals				**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**4**	**4**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**	**5**
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Manganese, Dissolved**	**Manganese, Total**	**Mercury, Total**	**Molybdenum, Dissolved**	**Molybdenum, Total**	**Nickel, Dissolved**	**Nickel, Total**	**Selenium, Dissolved**	**Selenium, Total**	**Silver, Dissolved**	**Silver, Total**	**Strontium, Dissolved**	**Strontium, Total**	**Vanadium, Dissolved**
08/31/22		G	SL 10-00														
08/31/22		G	SL 10-03														
08/31/22		C	SL 10-PZ														
08/31/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	1	0.96	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
09/12/22		G	SL 10-00														
09/12/22	11:05	G	SL 10-03														
09/12/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	<0.002	0.012	<0.0001	0.003	0.0029	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.2	0.18	<0.002
09/12/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	1.3	1.3	<0.0001	0.004	0.004	<0.001	0.0013	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.22	0.22	<0.002
09/21/22		G	SL 10-00														
09/21/22		G	SL 10-03														
09/21/22		C	SL 10-PZ														
09/21/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	1.3	1.4	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
09/26/22		G	SL 10-00														
09/26/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03														
09/26/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
09/26/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/04/22	10:00	G	SL 10-70	1.2	1.2	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/10/22		G	SL 10-00														
10/10/22	11:15	G	SL 10-03														
10/10/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/10/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/18/22	9:00	G	SL 10-70	1.8	1.7	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/24/22		G	SL 10-00														
10/24/22	11:35	G	SL 10-03														
10/24/22	11:25	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
10/24/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
11/07/22		G	SL 10-00														
11/07/22	13:40	G	SL 10-03														
11/07/22	13:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
11/07/22	13:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT
11/28/22		G	SL 10-00														
11/28/22	11:25	G	SL 10-03														
11/28/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	0.012	0.019	NT	0.003	0.0031	<0.001	0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.19	0.2	<0.002
11/28/22	11:35	G	SL 10-70	0.0085	0.018	NT	0.0029	0.0031	<0.001	<0.001	<0.002	<0.002	<0.0005	<0.0005	0.19	0.2	<0.002

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Method				**EPA200.8**	**SM2540D**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.8**	**EPA200.7**	**EPA 300.0**	**EPA200.8**				
DL				**0.0005**	**1**	**0.0025**	**0.0025**	**0.050**	**0.5**	**0.0**				
Max Sig figs				**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**	**3**				
Max decimals				**5**	**0**	**4**	**4**	**2**	**1**	**3**				
Reporting Units				**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**	**mg/L**				
Sample Date	**Sample Time**	**Sample Type**	**Location ID**	**Vanadium, Total**	**Solids, Total Suspended**	**Zinc, Dissolved**	**Zinc, Total**	**Silicon, Dissolved**	**Chloride**	**Aluminum, Total**	**Notes**	**Conclusion**	**Field Notes**	**Lab Notes**
08/31/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
08/31/22		G	SL 10-03							NT				
08/31/22		C	SL 10-PZ							NT				
08/31/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.042				
09/12/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
09/12/22	11:05	G	SL 10-03		<1					NT				
09/12/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	<0.002	<1	<0.005	<0.005	1.5		NT				
09/12/22	11:15	G	SL 10-70	<0.002	<1	<0.005	0.0068	5.2	45	NT				
09/21/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
09/21/22		G	SL 10-03							NT				
09/21/22		C	SL 10-PZ							NT				
09/21/22	9:30	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.058				
09/26/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
09/26/22	11:10	G	SL 10-03		NT					NT				
09/26/22	10:45	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	NT	NT	NT	1.7		NT				
09/26/22	11:00	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	5.8	NT	NT				
10/04/22	10:00	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.064	Lake lite			
10/10/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
10/10/22	11:15	G	SL 10-03		9					NT				
10/10/22	11:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	11	NT	NT	2		NT				
10/10/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	NT	15	NT	NT	5.8	46	NT				
10/18/22	9:00	G	SL 10-70	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	NT	0.1	Lake lite			
10/24/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
10/24/22	11:35	G	SL 10-03		8					NT				
10/24/22	11:25	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	6	NT	NT	2.1		NT				
10/24/22	11:45	G	SL 10-70	NT	7	NT	NT	2.1	39	NT				
11/07/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
11/07/22	13:40	G	SL 10-03		<1					NT				
11/07/22	13:30	C	SL 10-PZ	NT	6	NT	NT	1.9		NT				
11/07/22	13:50	G	SL 10-70	NT	<1	NT	NT	2.5	39	NT				
11/28/22		G	SL 10-00							NT				
11/28/22	11:25	G	SL 10-03		6					NT				
11/28/22	11:15	C	SL 10-PZ	<0.002	NT	0.0066	0.007	2.1		NT				
11/28/22	11:35	G	SL 10-70	<0.002	NT	0.0056	0.0077	2.1	NT	NT				